FOR CYCLES
CONSULT
WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR Co.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOR CYCLES
CONSULT
WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR Co.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

FOUNDED BY SIR F. M. MEHTA IN 1913.

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The Bombay Chronicle

Business Notice.

ALL COMMUNICATIONS intended for publication in the "Bombay Chronicle" must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. In preparing MSS. for the Press, correspondents are requested to write on one side of the paper only, and to address their communications to the EDITOR, and not to any member of the staff by name. Attention to this rule will save much inconvenience and delay.

In the absence of express agreement to the contrary the copyright of all literary or other contributions published in the "Bombay Chronicle" vests in the Proprietors of the journal.

The Editor cannot undertake to return rejected communications unless a stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed for the purpose.

BUSINESS communications of every kind (advertisements, changes of address, etc.,) should be addressed to the MANAGER. Advertisements intended for insertion in the next day's paper must reach the Office not later than 2 p.m.

ALL REMITTANCES should be made payable to the "Bombay Chronicle" and cheques crossed.

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DAILY EDITION.

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Yearly	Rs. 30	Rs. 36
Half-Yearly ...	„ 16	„ 18
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Single Copy Two Annas.

SUNDAY EDITION.

Yearly	Rs. 5	Rs. 6

PAYMENT STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

WONDER OF THE WORLD.

If your hair is white or grey why feel shy or feel depressed.
I have prepared an oil Mufferi Kulph which will turn your white hair dark natural black at once.
MANY HAVE USED IT.
Try once sample box, Re. 1-2-0, Big bottle Rs. 2-8-0.
Write:—
HAZRAT MAWLANA HAJI PIR SYED NURSHA HAMDANI.
NURSHAH HAMDANI BUILDING,
Memonwada Road, P. N. 2.
BOMBAY.

KATOL
STICKS.
Destroys Mosquitoes. Rs. 1-4-0 per box.
A. H. NASER & CO.,
Princess Street, BOMBAY.
Can be had from all Chemists and Druggists.

KATOL
THE BEST INSECTICIDE POWDER.
Annas 12 per tin.
A. H. NASER & CO.,
Princess Street, Bombay.
Can be had from all Chemists and Druggists.

Cure Your Eye.
Diseases any kind, Cataract, Glaucoma, Iritis Sore Eye, Watery Eye, Corneal Ulcer, Redness, etc., by our LOTUS HONEY, SAFE remedy of nature 1 dram Re. 2-8, 2 drams Rs. 4. Postage extra. Ask for free particulars to—
NEW FORMULA CO.,
Kandi, Bengal, India (Dep. 5.).

SHIPPING

P. & O.
AND
BRITISH INDIA.
(Companies Incorporated in England).
MAIL AND PASSENGER SERVICE.
P. & O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.
All Passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

Date.	Steamers.	Tons.
1922		
9th December ..	NARKUNDA†	16,227
16th „ ..	CALEDONIA	7,622
23rd „ ..	KARMALA*	9,098
30th „ ..	CHINA	7,952
1923		
6th January ..	MOLDAVIA†	15,800
13th „ ..	KASHGAR*	8,840
20th „ ..	MANTUA	10,902
27th „ ..	NALDERA†	15,825
3rd February ..	MALWA	10,941
10th „ ..	KAISAR-I-HIND	11,430
17th „ ..	KHYBER ..	9,014
24th „ ..	MACEDONIA†	11,089
3rd March ..	CALEDONIA ..	7,622
10th „ ..	DEVANHA ..	8,092
17th „ ..	CHINA ..	7,952
24th „ ..	MOREA* ..	10,911
31st „ ..	MANTUA ..	10,902
7th April ..	MALWA ..	10,941
14th „ ..	KAISAR-I-HIND	11,430
21st „ ..	NARKUNDA† ..	16,227
28th „ ..	MACEDONIA ..	11,089

* Through steamers from China.
† Through steamers from Australia. Have limited accommodation for passengers from India.
P AND O. MARSEILLES SPECIAL TRAIN.—A special train leaves Marseilles for London via Boulogne shortly after the mail steamer's arrival.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
Bombay to Port Said and Plymouth.

Date about	Steamers	Tons.
1922.		
22nd December ..	MULBERA	9,100
1923		
5th January ..	MASHOBRA	8,324
19th „ ..	GAZANA*	5,284
2nd February ..	GAMARIA*	5,255
16th „ ..	MASULA*	7,261
1st March ..	MUNDRA	7,275
15th March ..	DOMALA	8,441
30th „ ..	MATIANA	8,500
13th April ..	MULBERA	9,100
27th „ ..	MANTOLA	8,963

* Cargo vessels only, will not convey passengers.

P. & O. SAILINGS BOMBAY TO AUSTRALIA and CHINA.

1922.		
15th December	MACEDONIA	Connects at Colombo with s. s. "Mellore."
28th „	SOUDAN	
30th „	KHIVA	
1923		
12th January	MOREA	
22nd „	SICILIA	
9th February	NARKUNDA	Connects at Colombo with s. s. "Dongola"
23th February	SOUDAN ..	
9th March ..	MOLDAVIA	Connects at Colombo with s. s. "Karmala"
6th April ..	NALDERA	Connects at Colombo with s. s. "Nyanza."

P. & O. BOMBAY TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

Date	Steamers.	Tons.
5th December ..	MACEDONIA	11,089
9th February ..	NARKUNDA	16,227
6th March ..	MOLDAVIA	15,800
3th April ..	NALDERA	15,825

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF

Date about	Steamers	Destination
7th Dec. ..	BAMORA ..	Basra via Karachi Coasting.
8th „ ..	VARELA	Basra via Cutch Mandvi & Coasting
9th „ ..	LINGA	Karachi direct.
11th „ ..	VITA	Karachi via K'war.
13th „ ..	KAKAPARA	East & S Africa

Terms and Rates of Freight and Passage for P. and O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE and Co,
Neol Road, Fort, Bombay.
P. O. Box 123.

NOTICE.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT MERCHANTS MARINE, LIMITED.
AND
B. I. S. N. CO'S JOINT SERVICE.
CALCUTTA TO HALIFAX DIRECT TAKING CARGO FOR TRANSHIPMENT.
Terms Rate of Freight and Passages may be arranged with:—
MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
18, Strand Road, CALCUTTA.
P. O. Box 182.
Telephone No. 1226.

SHIPPING

N.Y.K. LINE.
Regular Semi-Monthly Service to Japan via Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamer.	Commander.	Tons.	Arrival.	Dep.
Moji Maru. ..	Y. Tomioka	3757	30 Nov.	11 Dec.
Tsushima Maru.	T. Takeda	6746	7 Dec.	14 Dec.
Wakasa Maru.	M. Goto	6074	14 Dec.	26 Dec.
Nagato Maru..	S. Takeda	5901	29 Dec.	11 Jan.
Takaoka Maru.	Y. Kawashima	2247	3 Jan.	12 Jan.
KamakuraMaru	J. Fujisawa	5829	13 Jan.	27 Jan.

All steamers, equipped with every comfort, and fitted with electric lights & fans in every cabin free of charge and wireless telegraphy. A qualified Surgeon and specially trained Chefs carried.
For particulars, apply to—
Y. YOSHIDA, Manager.
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA
Alice Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.
Phone Nos. 279, 4882. Telegrams "YUSEN."

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.
Fortnightly sailings between Bombay, Karachi and Calcutta, Burma, calling at Galle, Tuticorin Colombo and other coast ports according to demand.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Sailing about.
s. s. Jalaputra ..	8,310	12th Dec.
s. s. Jalatarang ..	4,300	15th Dec.
s. s. Vittoria ..	4,300	5th Jan.

For freight and other particulars apply to
NAROTTAM MORARJEE & Co., Agents.
SUDAMA HOUSE,
31, Sprott Road, Ballard Estate.

BANKING

THE BANCO NACIONAL ULTRAMARINO,
(NATIONAL OVERSEAS BANK.)
ESTABLISHED 1864.
Authorised Cap. Esc. 40,000,000 $00—£10,958,000
Paid-up Capital Esc. 24,000,000 $00—£ 6,328,000
Reserved Fund Esc. 27,200,000 $00—£ 6,988,400
(At Par Exchange.)
HEAD OFFICE: LISBON.
STATE BANK OF PORTUGUESE COLONIES.
BOMBAY OFFICE: Bombay Club Building. Esplanade Road.
BRANCHES.
LONDON:
9, Bishopgate, London, E. C. 2.
NEW YORK:
61, Liberty Street.
PARIS:
9, Rue de Helder.
BRAZIL:—Rio de Janeiro, Campos, S. Paulo, Pernambuco, do Norte Para, Manaos.
PORTUGAL:—Aveiro, Beja Braganca, Castelo Branco, Coimbra, Covilha, Evora, Faro, Figueira, da Foz, Guarda, Guimaraes, Leiria, Olhao, Portalegre, Potimao, Porto, Santarem, os Montes Mizeu.
ADJACENT ISLANDS:—Funchal (Madeira). Ponta Delgada, (S. Miguel Acores), Angra do Heroismo (Acores).
WEST AFRICA:—S. Vincente and S. Tiago (Cape Vert) Bissau and Bolama (Guinea). Kinshassa (Belgian Congo), S. Thomo, Principe, Cabinda, Loanda, Malango, Novo Redondo, Lobito, Benguela, Belmonte (Biha), Mossamedes, Lubango.
EAST AFRICA:—Lourenco Marques Inhambane, Beira Chinde, Tete, Quelimane, Mocambique Ibo.
INDIA:—Mormugao and Nova-Goa.
CHINA:—Macau, TIMOR:—Dili.
Over 5,000 Correspondents in all Important Commercial Centres of the World.
Every description of EXCHANGE and BANKING business transacted.
C. de SEABRA,
Acting Manager.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.
ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
(Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1882.)
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED .. Rs. 2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... „ 1,00,00,000
RESERVE FUND ..... „ 72,50,000
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 AT THE RATE OF 2½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM THROUGHOUT THE YEAR. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 8 per half year.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at the rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened on favourable terms. Rules on application.
A. G. GRAY,
Manager.

BANKING

BANK OF BARODA, LD.
Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. the Maharaja Gaekwar.
(Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897.)
Capital Subscribed ..... Rs. 60,00,000
Capital Called-up ..... Rs. 29,90,390
Reserve Fund ..... Rs. 18,00,000
HEAD OFFICE: Mandvi, Baroda.
BRANCHES:
Ahmedabad, Bhavnagar, Navsari, Meshana, Surat, Bombay, Dabhoi, Patlad Patan and Amreli.
DIRECTORS:
The Hon'ble Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas, C.I.E., (Chairman).
Gunajirao R. Nimbalkar Esq., B.A., (Sar Suba, Baroda State).
Raj Ratna Sheth Maganbhai P. Haribhakti (Nagar Sheth, Baroda).
Sheth Durgaprasad Shambhuprasad Laskari (Mill Agent, Ahmedabad).
Bhaskarrao V. Mehta Esq., M.A., LL.B., (Bhavnagar).
Maganlal H. Kantavala Esq., M.A., (Agent, The Maharaja Mills Co., Ltd., Baroda).
Rooji Raghunath Shirgaokar Esq., B.A., LL.B. (Suba, Baroda State)
Anant Narayan Datar Esq., (Accountant General, Baroda State).
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed on daily balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of Rs. 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 3 per half year will be allowed.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.
The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.
The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon. It also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stock at moderate charges, particulars of which may be learnt on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.
Deposits received and interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum. Rates on application.
C. E. RANDLE,
General Manager.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 1895.

	Rs.
Capital Authorised	100,00,000
Capital Issued	50,00,000
Capital Subscribed	50,00,000
Capital Paid-up	25,00,125
Reserved Fund	15,00,000

HEAD OFFICE LAHORE.

Amritsar	Hapur	Ludhiana
Ambalia City	Hoshiarpur	Multan City
Ambalia Cant	Hyderabad (Sindh)	Montgomery
Bombay		Peshawar City
Cawnpore	Jullundur	Patiala
Calcutta	Jammu	Quetta
Delhi	Jhelum City	Rawalpindi
D. I. Khan	Karachi	Sargodha
Ferozepore	Kasur	Sialkot
Gujranwalla	Lahore City	Srinagar
Gojra	Lyallpur	

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. from January to June and 2½ per cent. from July to December at Bombay on a minimum daily balance of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.—Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation of terms to be arranged against approved security.
CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought collected and discounted.
For other particulars and rules of business apply to—
DEB RAJ MEHRA,
Manager

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED
(REGISTERED IN JAPAN.)
(ESTABLISHED 1880.)
Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 100,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 100,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 65,000,000
HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.
BRANCHES:

Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	London	San Francisco
Buenos Aires	Los Angelos	Seattle
Calcutta	Lyons	Shanghai
Changchun	Manila	Singapore
Darien	Nagasaki	Shimonoseki
Frenchien	Newchwang	Soerabaya
Hamburg	New York	Sydney
Hankow	Nagoya	Tientsin
Harbin	Osaka	Tokyo
Hongkong	Peking	Tsinan
Honolulu	Rangoon	Tsingtau
Kai Yuan	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 10,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
H. YAMAZAKI,
Manager.
Hornby Road, Bombay.
Post Box No. 197.

BANKING

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.
(Incorporated in England.)
HEAD OFFICE:
4, Crosby Square, London, E. C. 1.
BRANCHES:

Amara	Calcutta
Baghdad	Colombo
Bahrein	Hillah
Basrah	Madras
Bombay	Mosul

Authorised Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund £300,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £1,000,000
BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
J. S. Haskell, Esq., Chairman.
Sir J. Leigh-wood. K. B. E., C.B., C. M. G, Deputy Chairman.
Sir Percy Wilson Newson, Brt.
J. H. Batty, Esq.
G. Bromley-Martin, Esq.
Emile Francqui, Esq.
Meyer Sassoon, Esq.
BOMBAY COMMITTEE:
A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarji, Esq.
BOMBAY BRANCH:
Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.
INTEREST allowed on deposits fixed for one or two years at the rate of 5½ per cent per annum.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and Fixed Deposits received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
INTEREST allowed on Savings Deposit Accounts at 4 per cent per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on applicaion.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased. Loans and Credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange Business undertaken. Purchases and sales of British and Foreign securities effected on usual terms.
L. F. TUCKER.
Manager.

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.
AUTHORISED CAPITAL ... 5,00,00,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL 2,97,61,500
PAID-UP CAPITAL ON 31-5-22 ... 59,52,112/8
HEAD OFFICE.
62-68, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
SUB-BRANCHES.
Zaveri Bazar, 889, Shaik Memon Street.
LONDON AGENTS.
THE LONDON COUNTRY WESTMINSTER AND PARR'S BANK, LIMITED.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS:—Interest allowed at 2½ per cent. per annum on DAILY BALANCES upto Rs. 1,00,000. From 1st. January to 30th June interest at 3 per cent. per annum is allowed on sums over Rs. 50,000 provided the balance does not fall below that figure. No interest is allowed unless the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 3 half-yearly.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for one year and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANKS.—Interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum. Rules on application.
LOAN AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved securities at favourable rates.
SHARES AND SECURITIES purchased and sold.
General Banking and exchange business of every description transacted.
T. C. ANDERSON,
General Manager.

THE BANK OF MORVI, LTD.
(REGISTERED IN BOMBAY.)
HEAD OFFICE: Fort, Bombay.
BRANCHES—Shroff Bazar (Bombay) and Surat.
LONDON AGENTS—The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
Subscribed Capital ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
Paid-up Capital ..... „ 55,00,000
Reserve Liability for Calls „ 45,00,000
Reserve and Contingency Funds ..... „ 39,000
CURRENT ACCOUNTS.—Interest at 2 per cent. all round the year on sums of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.
FIXED DEPOSITS.—Received for 12 months and shorter periods.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.—Received at 4 per cent.
STERLING DRAFTS and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS on London bought and sold.
GOLD AND SILVER IMPORTED.
STOCK and SHARES sold and purchased in India and England and Dividends collected.
All kinds of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.
P. M. PATEL,
Manager.

INSURANCE

According to the Government of India Insurance Blue Book.
The Oldest Life Office of Bengal.
THE HINDU MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE, LD.
Established 1891.
Funds and Assets over—Rs. 2,00,000.
Claims Paid Exceed—Rs. 3,00,000.
Government of Bengal (Official Trustee) the Trustee of the Reserve Fund.
Policies from Rs. 500 to Rs. 4,000.
LOWEST RATE OF PREMIUM.
This is the only policy-holders' office and the oldest purely Hindu Life Office in India. We ask every Hindu to compare our rates with any other Indian or Foreign Office before insuring elsewhere.
For particulars apply to—
J. C. BOSE.
The Secretary or The Chief Agents,
309, Bowbazar Street,
Calcutta.
309, Bowbazar Street,
Calcutta.
Agency Applications Invited.

LIFE INSURANCE IS A NECESSITY.
DO INSURE YOUR LIFE WITH
THE
INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO. LD.
(Head Office:—113, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.)
A PURELY INDIAN CONCERN MANAGED BY INDIANS.
Apply for particulars to:—
Messrs. JIVANLAL DASTUR & Co.,
Secretaries and Managers.

NATIONAL INDIAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
(Incorporated in India 1907)
MARTIN & CO. Managing Agents
Insure under an Endowment Policy
The Company pays all incidental expenses—you pay the premiums —The Company pays you on maturity or your heirs if death occurs earlier.
NO VEXATIOUS CONDITIONS A SIMPLE CONTRACT.—PROMPT PAYMENT
For all particulars and forms apply to—
W. ST. JOHN CHURCH, Resident Manager,
CALCUTTA.
HEAD OFFICE 8/7 Clive St., CALCUTTA.
OR, BRANCH SECRETARY, EXAMINER PRESS BUILDING, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

NATIONAL INSURANCE CO. LD.
HEAD OFFICE:
7, Church Lane, CALCUTTA.
A PROGRESSIVE INDIAN LIFE OFFICE.

	Rs.
Total Invested Funds Exceed	54,00,000
Total Claims Paid over	14,00,000
New Business—1921	55,00,000
New Business—Jan. to Aug., 1922 ...	38,00,000

A "National" Policy combines all that is best and latest for Life Assurance Protection. A specimen Policy form is enclosed with every Prospectus which will amply repay perusal.
For forms, Agencies, etc., apply to:
J. A. KIMBER, General Manager. S. N. BANERJEE, Secretary.
or
Messrs. DHURANDHAR BROTHERS,
Chief Agents,
Bombay Presidency, C. P. and B. I.
Esufally Buildings,
Opposite W. & A. Graham & Company,
Parel Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.

HIGH CLASS WATCHES
ACCURATE DURABLE
Silver Wrist Watch, Lever Jewelled, Rs. 16 Each.
Silver Wrist Screw Case, Radium, Rs. 18 Each.
TWO YEARS' GUARANTEE
SHREE MAHARAJA WATCH Co.
THAKORDWAR, BOMBAY No. 2.

AUCTION SALE

J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.
29 Apollo Street.
Telephone No. 3409.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY (KNOWN AS DADY BATLIBOY TERRACE) SITUATE AT GOWALIA TANK ROAD AND CUMBALLA HILL ROAD WITHOUT THE FORT OF BOMBAY.

Messrs. J. S MODY AND CO., Auctioneers, will on FRIDAY, the 15th day of December, 192., at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell on the premises by Public Auction the undermentioned property by order and under the instructions of the Leaving Executrix and Executors of Khan Bahadur H. M. Bhiwandiwalla the mortgagee and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Mr. Dady Limji Batliboy in exercise of the power of sale reserved to the said mortgagee under an Indenture of mortgage dated the 8th day of September, 1917, and further charge dated 2nd December 1918 and expressed to be made between the said mortgagor, Mr. Dady Limji Batlibhoy of the one part and the said mortgagee Khan Bahadur H. M. Bhiwandiwalla, deceased of the other part.

PARTICULARS.

All that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax (now redeemed) land or ground situate lying and being at Gowalia Tank Road without the Fort and in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement (453) four hundred and fifty-three square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 466 New No. 2291 Old Survey No. 58 and new Survey No. 2/7936 together with the messuage tenements and bungalow standing thereon assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward No. 3395 (3) and Street No. 61B and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East and North by the property of Adamjee Peerbhoy, on or towards the South by the property of Muncherjee Rustomji Behliihomjee and on or towards the West by the property of Maneckji Dorabjee Butcher and which said premises are in the occupation of the Mortgagor and his tenants.

For further particulars and conditions of sale. Apply to Messrs. Forbes and Co., Attorneys for the said Executrix and Executors of the said deceased mortgagee at their office at No. 4 Motilal Mansion, 14, Hamman Street, Fort, Bombay or to the undersigned.

J. S. MODY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 6th December 1922.

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.
No. 30, Hummum Street, Fort,
Telephone No. 3853.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
SURPLUS GOVERNMENT STORES.

AUCTION SALE OF ENGINEERING and Miscellaneous Stores such as Bolts and Nuts, Firebars, C. I. Scraps, W. I. Scrap Marine Boilers, Sledge Hammers, Dodspikes, Fishplates, Horse Shoes and Nails, Cart-Wheels, Crab Winches, Jacks, Cast Steel Bars, Shackless, Lift and Force Pumps, Rubber Hose-pipes, Coir and Manilla Rope, Miscellaneous Leather Stores, Mess Tins, Cleats, Wall Plugs, and Switches and miscellaneous hand tools, etc., etc.

Under instructions from the Controller (Sales) Surplus Government Stores, Messrs. Menesse and Co., will sell by Public Auction on Wednesday, the 6th December, 1922, and following days at 2 p.m. (S. T.) at the Government Stores, Hajee Bunder, Sewree, the above mentioned goods.

A deposit of 50 per cent. in cash will be required on the lots being knocked down.

The Sale is subject to conditions which will be posted and can be seen at the office of the Controller (Sales) Surplus Government Stores, Amrut Building, Ballard Pier, at the Surplus Government Stores Depot, Haji Bunder, Sewree, and which will be read out at the commencement of the Auction Sale.

AUCTION SALE of Electrical goods such as:—Large stoves, Electroliers, Fans, Globes, Motors, Vacuum cleaners, shades, Lamps of sorts, Regulators Hot point Kettles; Jugs, Shaving set, Tea pots, Heaters, Ranges, Irons, etc. wires of sorts, show cases, cupboard, desks safe lathes and other electrical articles.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 11th December, 1922, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at 18, Military Square Lane in the office show rooms and godowns of the Electrical Engineering Co. by order of the mortgagee in possession and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Mr. John William Petterson, carrying on business under the name of the Electrical Engineering Co., the abovementioned stock in trade furniture, fittings, etc.

The above goods are on view.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required on the lots being knocked down.

AUCTION SALE OF UNSERVICEABLE MATERIALS AND STORES, AT THE G. I. P. RAILWAY STORES, DEPOT; PAREL.

On THUPSDAY, the 14th December, 1922, at 1-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. MENESSE and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the G I. P. Railway Company's Stores Depot, Parel:—

A quantity of old and unsearviceable materials and stores consisting of empty Casks, Lamps of Sorts, Chunam Pans Drums, Paint Kegs; Varnish tins, G. I. Buckets, Forge Bellows, Hoop Iron, Stoves of Cask, Trolley Wheels, Manilla Rope Leather and Cloth Cuttings, Canvas and Leather Pipes, I. R. Cuttings Vacuum pipes, Clocks and Watches, Beaters, Hammers, Augers, Locks; Glass Scrap; Ink Bottles Tin Lining, Kerosene Oil tins and cases, lead lined Battery boxes I. R. Rolling Rings, Steel Filte Aluminium Scrap, large quantity of Cast Iron and W. I. Scrap, Empty Packing Cases, Wooden Crates, and Sundry other stores.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required when the lots are knocked down, and the balance must be paid and the materials removed within 14 days excluding Holidays from the day of sale failing which ground rent will be charged by the Railway Company.

MENESSE AND CO.,
Auctioneers.

PROPHYLACTIC OINTMENT

Preventive and Precautionary.

A scientific preparation according to the only formula known to Science—that of the great Dr. Metchnikoff who proved complete immunity from Contagion which his preparation produces by applying his discovery to his skin after having introduced into his own blood the germ of the "terrible scourge."

What salvarson is as a cure this prophylactic Ointment is as a preventive obtainable in collapsible tubes at Rs. 3 per tube.

ROWE & CO.,
68, Dharamtolah Street, Calcutta.

THE PREMIER FIRM
for Dyeing and Cleaning Trade
THE DIAMOND JUBILEE WASHING Co.

AUCTION SALE.

MEHTA & CO.

AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT AND G. I. P. RAILWAY
25 Medows Street Fort, Bomaby.

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 85 TONS PIG LEAD, 35 TONS CAST IRON PIPES AND 4 TOSS CAST IRON BESDS.

On THURSDAY, the 7th December at 3 p.m. Messrs MEHTA & CO., will sell by Public Auction at Surplus, Government Stores Depot, Hajee Bunder, Sewree by order of the Exchange Prospecting Co., and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser Khoja Bachoo Ravji.

About 85 tons Pig Lead guaranteed 97 per cent.

About 35 tons Cast Iron Pipes about 4 tons cast iron bends.

Sample of Lead can be seen at the Auctioneer's Rooms.

AUCTION SALE OF 29 PACKAGES DISCHARGED PRINTS AND WHITE AND GREY FLANNELS.

On TUESDAY, the 12th December, at 3 p.m., Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms No. 25, Medows Street, Fort, by order of the Bank concerned and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Gopalji Champsey and Co.:—

B B 1200 and B 1608/22—15 cases each 50 pieces Discharged Prints
Also by order of P. Rai, Esq.:—
12 bales White Flannels.
2 Bales Grey Flannels.

AUCTION SALE OF 9 BALES NAKSI SADIES OF THE NEW SHOROTH MILLS.

On WEDNESDAY, the 13th instant at 4 p.m., Messrs. MEHTA & CO., will sell by Public Auction at the open ground opposite the gate of the Dharamraj Gully at Champagully, Mulji Jetha Market by order of Messrs. Mafatlal Gagalbhai and Co., and on account and at the risk of Marwadi Jitmal Goridutt.

9 Bales Naksi Sadies of the New Shorok Mills.

MEHTA & CO.,
Auctioneers.

AMUSEMENTS.

TO-NIGHT
AND
THIS WEEK ONLY.
STAR FILMS, LTD.
PRESENTS THEIR NEW PRODUCTION
THE DOOM OF THE YADAVAS
IN FIVE MAGNIFICENT PARTS.

"Thou O! Govind! Shalt thyself become the destroyer of thine own kinsmen, because thou was indifferent to the Kurus and the Pandavas when they killed each other." See the fulfilment of this curse. See the mad revelry of the Yadavas—see their annihilation and see how Krishna left this world to BE BORN Again for the vindication of truth and justice.

Showing to-day and this week
AT
CINEMA MAJESTIC
Girgaum.
POPULAR PRICES.
Time 5-15, 7, 8-45, 10-30. Extra Shows on Holidays at 3-30.

AMRUTANJAN
is the last word in the cure for aches and pains. 25 years of increasing sales prove this fact.
AMRUTANJAN
is the only Indian pain balm used in millions of homes. It certainly
CURES ALL
aches, pain, swelling, sprain, stiff joints, cold, cough, cuts, bruises, chilblains, rheumatism, backache and a host of other pain troubles. Costs 10 Annas.
Sold Everywhere.
It kills and cures all
ACHES and PAIN.
GANDHI CALENDAR 4 As.

"H. & B." ENGLISH MOTOR BULB HORNS.

Single Twist Bugle Horn. Has 4 ins. Round bell. Length overall 20 ins. Well made. Horn Marked cheap.
No. 1081-A, Brass Rs. 14-0 each.
No. 1081-B. Nickel Rs. 16-8 each.
The Advance Motor Co.,
Accessory Specialists,
Lamington Road, BOMBAY.

OVER 20 YEARS' REPUTATION.
SOVEREIGN RINGWORM OINTMENTS.
Will give miraculous cure in 24 hours for chronic ringworm, Dhoby's itches and other skin diseases. Guaranteed. If not money back.
PRICE PER BOTTLE AS. 12.
Can be had from all chemists and stores.
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SPECIALISTS IN SKIN DISEASES
BOMBAY 12.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR.
Direction: MADAN THEATRES, LD.
DAILY AT 6 & 9-30.
MADAN THEATRES, LTD.,
The Pioneers and originators of the MAMMOTH FILM ATTRACTION
present
D. W. GRIFFITH'S
Great Screen Triumph.
"WAY DOWN EAST"
"WAY DOWN EAST"
"WAY DOWN EAST"
A Simple Story of Plain People.
TIME AND PLACE.
In the Story World of Make-believe
CHARACTERS—Nowhere—Yet Anywhere
INCIDENTS—Never Occurred—Yet often Happening.
"WAY DOWN EAST"
A SONG OF THE SOUL,
featuring
RICHARD BARTLEMISS
AND
LILIAN GISH
"WAY DOWN EAST"
is unquestionably the costliest film yet produced,
total cost being over
800,000 DOLLARS.
This is perhaps the most Expensive Entertainment since Caeser plated the arena with silver for the Citizens of ancient Rome.
While on the subject of money please note despite the pictures enormous cost and the fact that it played all over the world at first class theatre prices the
BOMBAY PRICES WILL BE
Rs. 3, 2, 1 and 8 annas.
SEATS for 6 p.m. and 9-30 Shows.
BOOKABLE AT ROSE & Co, Ltd.

THE EMPIRE.
TO-DAY AT
6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.
Breath-Catching Action, Spectacular Thrills and Sympathetic Heart Appeal.
J. P. McGOWAN
IN
THE RUSE OF
"THE RATTLER"
See it! It will thrill you!
AND OTHER FILMS.

Proclamation!
To the Great Madan Theatres public of Bombay
IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT!
On December 9th and 16th, 1922
Madan Theatres Ltd.
will release two new Super Famous Player. Lasky Productions at the
EMPIRE THEATRE
Madan Theatres, Ld. have just concluded a tremendous Contract with Famous Players Lasky and Paramount Productions. Watch for the Famous Players Lasky Pictures because they are the most carefully made productions, fashioned by the finest producing genius of the screen, the most popular plays, stories and original pictures. Every man and every woman, every boy and every girl will be interested because the name of the Famous Players Lasky Pictures is a guarantee of unusual excellence.
Look for these productions: Saturday, December 9th, 1922
"THE GILDED LILY"
in five reels with Mae Murray, and Saturday, December 16th, 1922
"What's Your Husband Doing?"

THE EMPRESS
TO-DAY at 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.
THE MILE-A-MINUTE SERIAL
"GO GET 'EM HUTCH"
BY THE THRILL-A-MINUTE STUNT KING
CHARLES HUTCHISON.
Life means nothing to Hutch. The greater the risks the better he likes them.
FINAL INCIDENTS IN THE LIFE OF
"GO GET 'EM HUTCH"
"GO GET 'EM HUTCH"
"GO GET 'EM HUTCH"
See The terrific Closing Episodes.

UNDER THE KIND PATRONAGE OF H. H. THE
Maharaja Sayajirao Gaekwad
OF BARODA
Gandharwa Natak Mandali
will stage at the
New Elphinstone Theatre, Grant Road,
Wednesday the 6th December 1922
EKACHA-PYALA
(at 8 p.m.)
Saturday the 9th December 1922
MUKNAYAK.
(at 8 p.m.)
Sunday the 10th December 1922
SWAYAMVAR.
(at 2-30 p.m.)

AMUSEMENTS.

TO-NIGHT!
A TWO-WEEK PICTURE!
"THE DISCIPLE OF NAPOLEON"
12 Reels—12000 feet—all told!
THIS SECOND AND THE LAST WEEK—FINAL 7 CHAPTERS.
It is an Eclair glorious Picture that narrates to you in a delightful romantic manner the amourous escapades of the gallant and handsome Lieutenant of Napoleon, the Court intrigues of a great Emperor, the splendour, pomp and pageantry of that mighty kingmaker, the military grandeur of the great warrior's entourage and his keen participation in the love matters of his Court favorities.
"THE DISCIPLE OF NAPOLEON"
is a magnificent spectacle, stupendously staged, gorgeously set up and admirably enacted.
You see some of the dazzling costumes of the aristocracy of France, the soul-pas dances of the medieval times, thousands of beautiful damsels, fine gallant fighting men, the elite of French Society, wonderful scenes of those Mighty Days—the dear old France of those memorable times.
Come—the Picture is a supreme offer to your cultured taste!
A roarsome Comedy in the programme.—"Henpecked Husbands"
TO-NIGHT 5-30; 7; 8-45 & 10-30 P. M. (S. T.)
NOVELTY CINEMA
(Grant Road, Tram Terminus.)

3 MORE DAYS 3—!
WEDNESDAY—THURSDAY—FRIDAY.
West-End Cinema
TELL ALL YOUR FRIENDS—ABOUT
"Foolish Wives"
The Mightiest Spectacle Ever Conceived by the Mind of Man."
"Foolish Wives"
Written and directed by
ERICH VON STROHEIM
who plays the leading part—so consummate an artist that he is willing to be known as
"A MAN YOU WILL LOVE TO HATE"

The Universal Super-Jewel, the stupendous Picture reproduction of the Monte Carlo where even saints are sinners.
"Foolish Wives"
Which cost more then a million-dollars.
A TWO-WEEK PICTURE
Final Chapters this week. Von Stroheim knows women. He is the most fascinating villain you ever saw on the screen.
No Advance in Prices—as we feel confident you will have to see this picture three times over and over again.
To-night: 5-30; 7; 8-45; & 10-30 p.m. (S.T.)
WEST-END CINEMA
(New Churney Road.)

GLOBE CINEMA
SANDHURST ROAD.
TO-DAY
at 5-15; 7; 8-45 and 10-15 p.m.
The Popular Goldwyn Masterpiece
"REVENGE OF TARZAN"
Starring
GENE POLLARD
Also SNUB POLLARD COMEDY

IMPERIAL
PRESENTS
Super production
"SURYA-KUMARI"
IN 7 ACTS
PRODUCED BY
KOHINOOR FILMS Co:-
Featuring Famous Star
Mr. DADU & RAJA SANDOW
DAILY FOUR SHOWS
5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.
EXTRA SHOWS ON SAT. AND SUN. at 3-30 p.m.

MUSIC WEEK.
THE FIFTH MUSIC CONFERENCE
OF THE
GANDHARVA MAHA VIDYALAYA
will be held from the 6th December to 12th December
IN SHRI RAM CHOWK
of the Vidyalaya, Sandhurst Road.
Well-known Musicians from the different parts of India will attend the Conference. All Music lovers should not lose this opportunity.
Tickets for Musical Concerts can be had daily from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. at the Office of the Conference.
Further particulars at the Office of the Conference or by correspondence.

Under Public Patronage.
LALITKALA DARSHA SANGIT NATAK MANDALI
Founded by
Late Mr. KESHAVRAO BHONSLE
will stage at the
GRANT ROAD, BOMBAY THEATRE.
BENEFIT PERFORMANCE!
on
Wed. 6th Dec. 1922 at 8-30 p.m. (S. T.)
SHAHA SHIVAJI.
No Complimentary Tickets will be allowed.
Saturday 9th Dec. 1922 at 8-30 p.m. (S. T.)
VIDYA-HARAN.
Sunday 10th Dec. 1922 at 3 p.m. (S. T.)
SATTECHE-GULAM.
Proprietors.

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Doctor Sam. Williams, Specialist incurable diseases, Lucknow.
Foreign telegram 2326/3A, Manchester 21-10-22:—
Send more powders doing good.—Reece Rhosonsea.
Numerous testimonials open to inspection and sent on application. No operation. No injection. Our medicines are non-poisonous.
DR. SAM WILLIAMS
Graduated Biochemist,
No. 1, Cantonment Road, LUCKNOW, U.P.

It goes without saying that
Balliwalla & Homi
who have their Show-rooms at Horaby Road, opposite Whiteaway and Kalbadevi Road are the
LEADING OPTICIANS OF BOMBAY.
Enterprise and progress are their watchwords and if you are in need of anything the newest, the latest in the Spectacle Line, you cannot do better than have a peep in one of their Show-rooms.
They possess unrivalled testimonials from such high personages as H. H. the Maharaja of Rajpipla, H. H. the Raja of Jawhar, H. H. the Thakore Saheb of Gondal, the Hon. Sir D. D. Daver, Justice of the High Court the Hon. Sir Jamsetji Jeejeebhoy, Bart, Sir D. J. Tata and a host of others, come to the effect that their compliciated Lenses which could not be got anywhere else in India, were supplied on demand by BALIWALLA and HOMI, the workmanship of which is as good as any in Europe or America.
They have the unique distination of having won more than one gold medal, for superb craftsmanship.

WONDERFUL WORK!!!
Works wonder in the earthly pleasure.
MARAD MITRA LAPE
will make you a man in one day.
1 Bottle Rs. 10
½ Bottle Rs. 5
MARAD MITRA YAKUTI
Renews all your lost vigour and enables you to enjoy the pleasure with increased delights. Try once.
1 Bottle Rs. 10
½ Bottle Rs. 5
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Head Office—Thakurdwar, opp. the Royal Stable.
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Smallest New Arc Lamp.

Burns ordinary Kerosine Oil Light & Handy Pattern . . .
Low Consumption Simple, Reliable
Prices . . . .
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Lohar Chawl, Prince's Street,
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LESSONS ON TUBERCULOSIS
and Consumtion (Illustrated)
BY CHARLES E. ATKINSON, M.D.
A NEW VOLUME—and a treasure-trove of health-restoring, health-guarding professional advice. Written in plain, non-technical language, it carries a cheering message to those who seek toward off or recover from tuberculosis or consumption.
Price. Rs. 11-2.
Sole Agent—
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Health Culture Depot
7A, Fort St., Opposite G. P. O.

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Readers' Private Short advertisements are inserted in these columns at the following rates:—

FIRST 20 WORDS—ONE RUPEE.
Every additional word—One Anna.

CASH MUST ACCOMPANY ORDER.

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words "apply Box No..... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" to be paid for.

Replies to advertisements cannot be forwarded, but can be obtained at the office on production of the voucher.

Answers to advertisements should be addressed as follows:—Box Number..... Advertisement Department. "The Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month.

SITUATIONS VACANT

WANTED—Young men, about to start in life to apply for our FREE ADVICE FORM. INDIAN ACADEMY OF COMMERCE, SURAT. R.5682. A

WANTED—A CANVASSER for Blanket and Asans. Pay Rs. 20 extra commission. Apply to MOHINI MOHAN KANJILAL, Benares City. R5716 A

WANTED—A GRADUATE, knowing Gujrathi. Preference will be given to those who live in Mandvi. Apply SECRETARY, Mandvi District Congress Committee, Bombay. R.5700. A

WANTED IMMEDIATEIL.—A FAST TYPIST and GENERAL CLARK for a local office. Apply Box No. 8784, Adv. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." R5707 A

WANTED—A DENTAL MECHANIC experienced and hard working man need only apply. Good pay to a really competent man. Apply Box No. 8778, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." R5688 A

WANTED.—A qualified quick and neat DRAFTSMAN for Architects' office in Bombay on Rs. 90 or more according to qualifications. Apply with copies of testimonials to Box No. 8785, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." R5709 A

WANTED—Energetic English knowing youths to work as Managers for the various branches of our firm in and out side India. Pay according to qualification. Apply sharp to:—ATANK NIGRAH PHARMACY, Jamnagar (Kathiawar). R5659 A

WANTED for elderly Mahomedan Gentleman, a middle aged NURSE, HOUSEKEEPER, capable of doing some Secretarial work and Reading aloud. Pay according to qualifications. References required. Apply Box No. 8779, Advt, Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." R5689 A

WANTED for 2 months 8/10 capable persons for January's Municipal elections work. See soon HONORARY SECRETARY, 'C' Ward Nationalist Municipal Party, Mr. Ranchhoddas Harjiwandas Gandhy, Ramchandra Building, 1st Floor, No. 20/21, Princess Street. R.5698. A.

WANTED—A SUB-OVERSEER for archaeological works in Sindh pay Rs. 60-5-150 plus Rs. 10 archaeological allowance. Passed sub-overseers from recognised Engineering Colleges or schools need apply. The selected candidate will be on probation for one year. Apply to the SUPERINTENDENT, Archaeological Survey of India, Western Circle, Poona. A.15040.

WANTED—A fully qualified and experienced ACCOUNTANT, competent to take charge of and manage the Accounts Department of a large office. Practical experience absolutely necessary. Apply stating age, qualifications and salary expected to Box No. 8780, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 15052 A

WANTED—Unemployed and others getting meagre pay to see Manager, STANDARD TYPEWRITER CO., 259/261, Hornby Road, opposite Messrs. COX & Co., to better their future prospects by learning in leisure hours, Pitman's Phonetic Shorthand and Typewriting by Touch System. Hundreds have been successfully coached up and are filling good posts as Stenographers and Typists. Why not you. Success Guaranteed. Join to-day. A

SITUATIONS WANTED

GRADUATE, TEACHER, strong in Mathematics wants two more Matric or Cambridge Senior tuitions. Apply Box No. 8772, Advt Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." R5650 B

DAIRYING, AGRICULTURE: Estate Management, Cox—Govt. Farm's Manager (Englishman) requires situation, Many years' Indian experience. First class references. Full particulars from Box No. 8789, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." R5714 B

YOUNG energetic Parsee experienced in silk piece-goods and various other lines, stayed China, Japan and other countries, is open for any responsible post, commercial traveller or working partner. Apply Box No. 8786, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." R5710 B

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TO LET—In Elphinstone Circle, Lift available. Apply to DEVKARAN NANJEE & SONS, 17, Elphinstone Circle. R5490 C

TO BE LET—Fort, Cowasjee Patel Street and Barber Lane corner New Building for shops and offices R5666 C

TO BE LET—FOURTH FLOOR, two blocks airy rooms, rent Rs. 145 each at Chagla Mansion, Sussex Road, Byculla. Apply ALLIBHAI CHAGLA & CO., Khadk Bazar, Mandvi. R.5695. C

TO BE LET in Sheriff mansion at Dongri Street, spacious godowns and rooms. Apply to JOOMABHOY SHERIFF & SONS, 203, Nishanpada Road, Bombay 9. Tel. No. 2239. R5628 C

TO BE LET—Whole second floor, open on all sides, consists 10 (ten) big rooms opposite West End Cinema for high class families of any community. See GORDHANDAS T. MANGALDAS, Sir Mangaldas House next to Imperial Cinema. R.5692. C

HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

TO BE LET—An extensive GODOWN for storing goods or any industry admeasuring 400' length 38' breadth near Byculla Club Road. Apply sharp M. K. Palia, Apollo St. Bombay. R.5701. C.

TO LET on long lease a very big piece of LAND 5 minutes walk from Kalyan station on Main Road with a Building 90ft.x31ft. with varandah of 15 ft and spacious compound suitable for a workshop factory or any other Industrial work. Apply LIMAYE BROS LTD, 45, Apollo Street Fort. C.15065.

TO BE LET at Borivli—Two new BUNGALOWS, 10 minutes' walk from station, garden on all sides, best accommodation with full furniture. See DHARAMDAS DWARKADAS, Boti Mansion, Sandhurst Road, 8 a.m., to 10 a.m. R5708 C

TO BE LET at "Special Reduced Rent" a BUNGALOW, airy and well ventilated, Plot No. 8, ground-first and second floor at Dadar Vincent Cross Road. Apply to Mr. NAGINAWALA near the premises or to ZAVERI MANEKCHAND JAGASI Zaveri Bazaar, Telephone No. 5366. R.5694. C.

TO LET.—A BUNGALOW near Kalaehowki quarries, situated on the Parel Tank Road. The bungalow is spacious and useful for godown and other purposes. Please inquire c/o. The TATA CONSTRUCTION COMPANY BUILDING DEPARTMENT, Love Lane, Mazgaon. R15001 C

TO BE LET.—FOR HINDOOS ONLY:—A BUNGLOW open on all sides, airy well ventilated with a spacious garden, nearly twenty minutes' walk from Andheri Railway station. Apply or see personally Messrs. DHANIRAM JESRAJ, 899, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. R5479 C

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WANTED FURNITURES in small lots or large quantity. Good opportunity for those breaking their houses. Apply Post Box 3090, Bombay.

FOR SALE AND HIRE—Household office room, drawing room furnitures at reasonable terms. Apply ADAM SAJAN & CO., 844, Nagdevi Street, next to Mandvi Post, Bombay.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTED

WANTED—Histories of Jagirdars, historic dynasties by Publisher Ashaque's Directory of Native States & Zamindars, c/o E. P. PESTONJI CO., Princess Street. R5699 N

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AN UPRIGHT GRAND COTTAGE PIANO (German) FOR SALE in perfect condition, also Gramophone with Records (moderate price). Apply to Mr. R. D. PUNVELIWALLA, Contractor's Building, near Police Station, Lamington Road. R5582 N

TWENTY SHARES of THE INDIAN NEWSPAPER CO., LTD., ("Bombay Chronicle") of the face-value of Rs. 50 each, offered at Rs. 30 each. Apply Box No. 100, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."

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FOR SALE.—A 4 Cylinder 3 seater Scripps Booth Car, in excellent condition. Owner wishes to dispose it off owing to transfer of service. Rs. 3,500 or near offer. Please write to: Box No. 8781, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 15055 JA

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ELECTRIC MOTORS available from stock in sizes of 3 to 75 B.H.P. for 230 or 400 Volts A. C. Supply and 1 to 20 B.H.P. for 230 or 460 Volts D. C. Supply, at lowest prices from THE INVICTA-ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT CO., 80, Homjee St., Circle, Fort, Bombay. Telephone 3825. 1 K

POWERS LOOMS AND COLOUR.—Power looms of 36" Reed space Brand, New English make, colours of genuine make to be sold at a very low price to clear the lots enquire immediately at THE BOMBAY WEAVING AND DYEING WORKS, 132, Parsi Bazar Street, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay. 4696. K.

FOR SALE.—New 16' long Gap Bed Screw cutting Loudon Bros., Lathe, second-hand 18' long Gap Bed Screw cutting Lathe, new hand power Screw cutting machines, new 11½ B. H. P., National Oil Engine, second-hand 9 B. H. P. Crossley, 10 B. H. P National, 11 B. H. P. National Oil Engines, 3' Radial Drilling Machine, new 34 B. H. P. Blackstone Special Crude Oil Engine, new 35 B. H. P. Blackstone refined Oil Engine, Prices low to clear B. D. BERY & CO., 58, Old Custom House Road, Fort, Bombay Telegrams: "BLUEMOON". BOMBAY.

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THE KALBADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTIONS, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best Testimonials from Members of Parliament and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subject—"Book-keeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes." Special arrangements for ladies. Managing Proprietor, GOPALDAS LALDAS, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

A GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY FOR TEACHERS—Two scholarships for persons wishing to study Montessori method, English knowing or Senior or trained teachers should apply. Females will be preferred. Apply for details to NIYAMAK, Shree Daxina Murti Bhavan, Bhavnagar. R5715 M

SPORTS.

BOMBAY RACES

1ST EXTRA, 9TH DECEMBER, 1922.

RACING EXPERT will be glad to furnish SPORTSMEN with reliable information and advice how best to place their investments.

RACING EXPERT'S

RESULTS during the Poona Season were—64 WINS at Rs. 10 each, paid Rs. 4,591-8. 122 PLACES at Rs. 10 each, paid Rs. 3,489. 16 selected horses paid dividends varying from Rs. 100 to Rs. 470 each.
Address: Post Box 599, G. P. O., Bombay.

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FINANCIAL.

WANTED—PARTNER with capital Rs. 60,000 for a sound business giving 80 per cent profit. Apply to Box No. 8782, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." R5705 R

WANTED—A CAPITALIST to extend the business of an Export Import Firm having excellent connections and several sole Agencies. Address Box No. 8787, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." R5712 R

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FOR SALE.—CRUDE OIL (Liquid fuel) Lubricating oils, and Petrol. Apply A. B. VAZIR, Khaduck, Post No. 3, Bombay, Telephone No. 4523. R5685 T

"LAXMI BATTIES"—"LAXMI" Oodubattis per packed tin of 200 Sticks Rs. 3 post free. THE ANGLO-INDIAN TRADING CO., Bangalore City. R5681 T

GAIN YOUR OBJECT by presenting a suit length of our Best Kashmir Donegal Tweeds of natural wool. Very respectable yet fashionable. Satisfaction sure. Suit length (7½ yds. x 24") Rs. 12; Coat length (5 yds) Rs. 9. Makes charming coats. Black, brown or khaki Puttees (leg bandages) Rs. 2-12-0 per pair. KASHMIR SUPPLIES SYNDICATE, Srinagar (Kashmir). R5665 T

GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY to buyers of fancy Ladies and Gents boots and shoes machinery up to date and latest type of machinery and parts to be sold at the lowest price immediately. Machinery and parts open for inspection at the STANDARD BOOT AND SHOES MANUFACTURING CO's GODOWN near Phoenix Motor Co., Lamington Road. R.5680.

TYPEWRITERS: Fox Portable Typewriters, improved models, complete with carrying case, all up-to-date devices, self-folding, visible, compact, durable, weight 7 lbs, List price Rs. 220. Now offered at a bargain price of Rs. 175 only. Buy early, few left. Also Standard Model (Office Fox) Typewriters, lowest prices. Investigate. Corona Folding Typewriters, latest model, Rs. 267, complete with case. Rebuilt and second-hand Typewriters from Rs. 100 upwards. Best Typewriter supplies. Repairs to all makes of Typewriters. THE GLOBE TYPEWRITING CO., Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay. W T

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE:—

	Rs.
Remington Portable with Case, New, ...	275
Blick 7, Rs. 75, Remington 7, 80, ...	90
Sun, Visible, Portable, Back Spacer, ...	110
National Portable, Rs. 115, Fox Portable,	125
Oliver 3, Rs. 110, 5, B. S., 140, Brief, ...	140
Noiseless, Rs. 125, Multiplex Hammond, ...	150
Mercedes, Century Possible, new, Rs. 175,	200
Underwood 5, latest, Rs. 200, Brief, 185,	200
Yost 20, Brief, Rs. 200 Des. Tabulators	225
L. C. Smith and Bros. 3, Brief, Silent,	225
Oliver 9, latest, Rs. 190, Policy Size, ...	250
Remington 10, Visible, Rs. 175, 200, 220, ...	275
Remington 11, Brief, Rs. 200, 10, Brief,	260
Remington 10, Factory Rebuilt, as new, ...	...
Gujerati Remington 9, Brief, little used,	200

Nicolls and Company, Typewriter Experts, Opp. Petit Institute, Hornby Road, Bombay.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

WANTED—A LADY DOCTOR for Lakhmidas Tekchand Dispensary. Pay according to qualifications. Apply with testimonials to the undersigned before 20th December, 1922.
HARCHANDRAI TAHILRAM,
President, Tatta Municipality. C14937

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY

(Incorporated in England.)

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR HOLIDAYS CONCESSION TICKETS.

DURING the ensuing Christmas and New Year Holidays Concession Tickets at a fare and one-third for the double journey will be issued for 1st and 2nd class passengers travelling for distances 100 miles and over from the 21st to 31st December, 1922, and will be available for the completion of the return journey up to the midnight of the 8th January 1923.
For journeys of 100 miles or less, fares as for 101 miles must be paid.
D. S. BURN,
Chief Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 22nd November 1922. C.14933.

PRIZE VESSELS.

THE UNDERSIGNED VESSELS will be sold as they lie (without docking) and delivery taken at the port named.
Particulars and conditions of sale may be had on application to:—
MACKINNON MACKENZIE & Co., Calcutta, Bombay, Karachi and Colombo.
BULLOCH, BROS., & Co., Ld., Rangoon.
BINNY and Co. (Madras) Ld., Madras.

Name	TONNAGE Gross	TONNAGE Nett	Built	Position
KARA DENIZ (Formerly "Darmstadt")	5012	3359	1890	Bombay.
WARTURM	9654	2127	1908	London from 26th Nov. till 2nd Dec. thereafter Southampton

C14921

PUBLIC NOTICES.

RESIDENTIAL FLATS TO BE LET

In Amrut Building Dougall Road, Ballard Estate two flats of four bed rooms with attached bath and lavatories, and drawing rooms also kitchen, store and servants bath. Two flats of one bed room and drawing room kitchen and Bath room.
For rents and particulars please apply to the owner on the premises between 12-30 and 1-30 p.m. or between 5 and 6 p.m. or in writing to
AMRATLAL AMARCHAND,
36, Kazi Sayad St. Mandvi,
Bombay No. 3.

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

FOR SALE.

TWO direct acting duplex pumps having two steam cylinders each 8" diameter, 12" stroke complete and in good condition but require overhauling before use.
One new and the other slightly used. Both priced Rs. 2,000 each F. O. R. Moghalpura Stores Depot where they are available for inspection.
Offers are invited by and may be made to the—
CONTROLLER OF STORES, N. W. RY.,
Moghalpura.
Office of the Controller of Stores,
N. W. Ry., Moghalpura,
Dated 22-11-22 C14956

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

FOR SALE.

TWO Intensifiers each consisting of:—
1 Accumulator.
4 sheets W. I. curved with angle iron.
1 Base C. I.
1 Guide shoe.
1 Ram.
Incomplete but in good condition.
One new and the other slightly used. Priced Rs. 500 and 200 each respectively—F. O. R. Moghalpura Stores Depot, where they are available for inspection.
Offers are invited by and may be made to the—
CONTROLLER OF STORES,
N. W. Railway,
Moghalpura.
Office of the Controller of Stores,
N. W. Railway, Moghalpura,
Dated 22-11-22. C14957

NOTICE.

FOR SALE—"BROOKS AND DOXEY'S OLD RING WEFT FRAMES of 1892 each of 352 Spindles can be seen in Working order. For particulars etc please apply the MANAGER—The JAM MANUFACTURING CO., LTD., Lal Baugh, Parel. R.5678.

THE DWARKA "TEMPLE" BRAND PORTLAND CEMENT

GUARANTEED.
British standard tests and specifications.
Used by
GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS
and
Leading Firms in
REINFORCED Concrete Work.
For particulars apply to:—
PURSHOTAM VITHALDAS & CO.,
No. 2, Rampart Row, Fort, BOMBAY.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

DURING the RED CROSS WEEK in Bombay 1st and 2nd class return tickets will be issued to Bombay at 1 1/3 fares. The tickets will be issued between the 8th and the 20th December 1922 both days inclusive and will be available for completion of return journey up to 8-1-23.
This concession is allowed only provided accommodation permits.
E. TREVOR ROBINSON,
Ag General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 27th November, 1922. C14976

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

IN PURSUANCE of a requisition received under Section 36 (d) of the Municipal Act for calling a Special Meeting of the Corporation to consider a proposition for requesting the Commissioner to desist from giving effect to the Resolution of the Corporation sanctioning the revision of the Schedule of establishments of the Engineering Department pending receipt by the Corporation of their Retrenchment Committee's report on that Resolution which has been referred for consideration and report to that Committee, a meeting of the Corporation will be held in the Municipal Office on Thursday the 14th December 1922, at 4 p.m., (Bombay Time).
By order of the President,
A. A. MOULVI,
Municipal Secretary.
Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 5th December, 1923. C15064

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

A course of training Indian Midwives in the Municipal Maternity Homes at the Bellasis Road, Parel and Imamwada will be opened twice a year—on the first day of January and July every year. It will be of six months duration at the end of which, candidates will be required to pass an examination and on satisfying the examiners will receive a Diploma. Three candidates will be admitted at a time at each of the three Homes. Stipends of Ss. 10 per month will be paid to each candidate. Those desirous of joining the course in the first session should apply to the undersigned on or before the 15th December 1922.
S. E. SANDILANDS,
Executive Health Officer.
Public Health Department,
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 2nd December, 1922. C15048

TENDERS.

BOMBAY BARODA & CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY COMPANY.

(Incorporated in England by Special Act of Parliament.)

LOADING CONTRACT.

TENDERS ARE INVITED and will be received by the Undersigned upto 10.30 a.m. on FRIDAY, 15th December, 1922, for the work of Loading and Unloading Stores and materials, from and into Railway Wagons, at the Company's Depots, at Mahalaxmi and Colaba Wharf. Conditions and Forms of tender may be obtained on application to the Undersigned.
G. E. R. SLADE,
Controller of Stores.
B. B. and C. I. Ry. Mahalaxmi, Bombay. C15063

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.
HIGH COURT.
O. O. C. J.
Suit No. 4555 of 1922.

DHARAMDAS NAGARDAS ..... Plaintiff.
vs.
MOTILAL DAYARAM ..... Defendant.

To,
MOTILAL DAYARAM, Esquire,
Sir,

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the hearing of this suit is adjourned to TUESDAY next, the 12th day of December, 1922.
Yours truly,
PURUSHOTTAMRAI & CO.,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
Bombay, 5th December, 1922. C15060

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MOHANLAL PARMANANDDAS has contracted to sell to our clients the undermentioned property:—
All persons having any claim or interest thereto or therein or in or any part thereof either by way of gift, inheritance, mortgage, charge, lease, lien, trust or otherwise howsoever are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at The Shilotri Bank Building, 38 Tamarind Land, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof failing which the said sale will be completed without reference to any such claim or interest and the same, if any, will be be waived as.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or oart of Khoti land with messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, with partial use of the well, situate, lying and being at Ville Parle, in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra and registered in the Books of Collector of Land Revenue under Survey No. 72, Phalni No. 13 part of containing 800 square yards and bounded on or towards the North by the land bearing Survey No. 72, Phalni No. 13, on or towards the South by the land bearing Survey No. 74 and on or towards the East by the public road and on or towards the West by the land belonging to the Vendor.
Dated this 5th day of December, 1922.
PATHARE & CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys.
C15062

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
Suit No. 3015 of 1921.

SORAB PESTONJI SHROFF .....Plaintiff.
vs.
HAJI UMAR MANECK.....Defendant.

PURSUANT to the Decree Absolute for sale made in the above suit and bearing date the 15th day of June, 1922, the following immoveable properties will be sold in three lots by public Auction under the directions of the Commissioner of this Honourable Court on the premises described as Lot No I on MONDAY the 15th day of January, 1923, at the hour of half past 3 o'clock in the afternoon (Standard Time).

PARTICULARS.

LOT NO. I.

All that piece or parcel of land bearing non-agricultural Survey No. 26, situate at Bandra in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra in Taluka Salsette District Thana, Bombay Suburban District, admeasuring about one thousand three hundred and eighty-one square yards or thereabouts for which building Lease, dated the 5th day of May, 1910 has been granted by Government for fifty years from the 1st day of August, 1897 upon payment of a lump sum of Rs. 775 (seven hundred and seventy-five) together with a chawl of 15 blocks standing thereon bearing No. 166 Hill Road occupied by Parsies and grain dealers shop bearing No. 164 Hill Road.

LOT NO. II.

All those pieces or parcels of land, situate at Palli Suja Danda North of Turner Road, Bandra, in the District of Thana, registration sub-District of Bandra, Taluka Salsette, Bombay Suburban District and bearing the following Nos.

Entry No.	Survey No.	Pot No.	Measurement Ac.	Gunthas	Assessment Rs.	As.	Ps.
1599	169	1	12		2	8	0
1599	169	2	5½		1	0	0
1599	169	4	3½		0	12	0
1599	169	6	9		2	0	0
1599	169	7	3½		0	12	0
1599	169	9	7		1	8	0
1599	169	11	9½		2	0	0
1602	176	8	3½		0	12	0
1602	170	10	1		0	4	0
1617	173	8	3½		0	12	0

LOT NO. III.

All that piece or parcel of land together with the messuage tenements or buildings thereon, situate at Bandra, in the Registration Sub-District, of Bandra, Taluka Salsette, Bombay Suburban District, containing by admeasurement nine and half gunthas or thereabouts and bearing entry No. 48, Survey No. 42, Old Pot No. 4 and New Pot No. 3 and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by Road and beyond it by the land of Raka Perreira on the West and on the North by land of the widow of Ghella Ayab Phelis Deg Prel and on or towards the South by Ladi Wall of Hormusji Nowroji Limbowalla.
For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. Mansukhlal Hiralal Mehta and Co., Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed at No. 79, Medows Street, Fort ,Bombay.
Dated this 14th day of November, 1922.
(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Ag. Commissioner.
C.15029.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
SUIT NO. 2383 OF 1922.
SHORT CAUSE.

Plaint presented and filed on 12th day of June, 1922.
Summons to answer Plaint under Section 27, O V rr 1, 5, 7 and 8 and O VIII, r 9 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

RAMNARAYAN KANAYALAL, of Bombay Marwadi Hindu Inhabitant, a Merchant, residing at Kalbadevi Road, outside the Fort. ..... Plaintiff.
Versus
BRIJRATAN HARKISON BINANI of Bombay Marwadi Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Kalbadevi Road, outside the Fort. ..... Defendant.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions, beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, Greeting: WHEREAS the abovenamed Plaintiff has filed a plaint in this Court against you the abovenamed Defendant whereof the following is a concise statement, viz.

The plaintiff claims from the defendant the sum of Rs. 13,383-13-0 together with interest thereon at the rate of 10 annas from the 1st of Kartak Sud S. Y. 1976 i.e. 24th day of October, 1919, till judgment, costs of the suit and interest on judgment till payment.

You are hereby summoned to appear in this Court on the 9th day of January 1923, at quarter past eleven o'clock (Standard Time) in the forenoon in person or by an Advocate duly instructed by an Attorney of this Court and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some other person able to answer all such questions to answer the abovenamed Plaintiff and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit, you must produce all your witnesses on that day, and you are hereby required to take notice that in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence; and you will bring with you (or send by your Attorney) any document in your possession or power containing evidence relating to the merits of the Plaintiff's case or upon which you intend to rely in support of your case.

Witness Sir LALLUBHAI ASHARAM SHAH, Knight, Ag. Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid this 30th day of June, 1922.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD.
for Prothonotary.
(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD,

The 30th day of June, 1922.
Messrs. MADHAVJI & CO.,
C15058 Plaintiff's Attorneys.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
SUIT NO. 4174 OF 1922.
SHORT CAUSE.

Plaint filed the day 12th of September, 1922.
Summons to answer Plaint under Section 27 O V rr 1, 5, 7 and 8 and O VIII, r 9 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

SHAVAKSHAH BOMANJI RUMWALLA, of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant, a Merchant, residing at Ghatkoptr ..Plaintiff.
Versus
(1) MANGESH RAMCHANDRA HEBLE and (2) BALWANTRAO RAMBHAJI MAGHE, both of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants, Merchants, the former residing at Tardeo, Irani Building, near Nanashanker Temple, outside the Fort of Bombay and the latter's place of residence is at present unknown. ..... Defendants.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, Greeting: WHEREAS the abovenamed plaintiff has filed a plaint in this Court against you the abovenamed Defendants whereof the following is a concise statement, viz:—

The plaintiff prays that the defendants be ordered and decreed to pay to the plaintiff the sum of Rs. 5,000 with interest thereon at 18 per cent per mensem or at any other rate which this Hon. Court may deem fit from 5th December 1921 till judgment less Rs. 75, that unless the said amount be paid within a time fixed by this Hon. Court the said business mentioned in the plaint herein with its goodwill and outstandings and the defendants interest in the contracts be sold by and under the directions of this Hon. Court and the net sale proceeds be paid to the plaintiff, that for the purposes aforesaid all necessary directions be given and inquiries made, that pending the hearing and final disposal of this suit a Receiver be appointed to take charge of the said business with power to carry on the said business and to collect its outstandings, that pending the hearing and final disposal of this suit the defendants be restrained by an order and injunction of this Hon'ble Court from carrying on the said business or from recovering its outstandings, and for the costs of this suit and interest on judgment at 6 per cent. per annum till payment.

You are hereby summoned to appear in this Court on the 19th day of December, 1922, at quarter past eleven o'clock Standard Time in the forenoon, in person or by an Advocate duly instructed by an Attorney of this Court and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some other person able to answer all such questions to answer the abovenamed Plaintiff and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit you must produce all your witnesses on that day, and you are hereby required to take notice that in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence; and you will bring with you (or send by your Attorney) any document in your possession or power containing evidence relating to the merits of the Plaintiff's case or upon which you intend to rely in support of your case.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid this 19th day of September, 1922.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD.
for Prothonotary.
(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD.

The 19th day of September, 1922.
Messrs. PURNANAND CLUBWALLA; and JASUBHAI.
C15061 Plaintiff's Attorneys.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

ESTATE OF LALLUBHAI NATHUCHAND OF BOMBAY DASHA SHRIMALI JAIN HINDU INHABITANT, A TEA MERCHANT, DECEASED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons claiming debts or liabilities affecting the estate of the abovenamed Lallubhai Nathuchand deceased, who died at Bombay on or about the 9th day of February 1920, and the Probate of whose Will having effect throughout British India was granted on the 2nd day of November, 1922 to Bai Diwalibai, widow of the deceased abovenamed and Rattonchand Tallockchand and Lakshmidas Raoji Tairsee all of Bombay Hindu inhabitants, three of the executrix and executors mentioned in the last Will and Testament of the deceased abovenamed the remaining executor Mr. J. P. Dastur having renounced his right to Probate thereof are hereby required to send in their claims to the said executors at the office of their Attorneys Messrs. DASTUR & Co., at Ismail Building, Hornby Road, within one calendar month from the date hereof, at the expiration of which time the executors will hand over the assets to the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice.

Dated this 5th day of December 1922.

DASTUR AND CO.,
Attorneys for the Executors.
C15067

NOTICE.

NOTIFICATION UNDER ORDER 5 RULE 20 CIVIL PROCEDURE CODE.
IN THE COURT OF H. B. ANDERSON, ESQUIRE, P.C.S., SENIOR SUB-JUDGE GURDASPUR.

ISHAR DAS, major, SHAM LAL, minor sons of Ram Kishan, minor through his real Brother Ishar Das, caste Agarwal, residents of Batala District Gurdaspur, ... Plaintiffs.

Versus

(1) DAULAT RAM, major, (2) SEWA RAM, minor through his mother Mst: Sohna Wanti, sons of Sham Das Khetri, residents of Batala, (3) MST. SOHNA WANTI, widow of Sham Das Khetri of Batala in the District of Gurdaspur, (4) RAM NARAIN, major, (5) WAZIR, minor through his next friend Clerk of Court, sons of Amarnath Casli Khetri of Batala in the District of Gurdaspur at present employed in the Cotton Factory of Rai Bahadur Harji Mal, Bombay. ..... Defendants.

SUIT FOR RS. 1,658 PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST.)
(on account of Bahi:)

WHEREAS it appears to the Court that Defendants, 4 and 5 named above are evading service, it is hereby notified under Order 5 Rule 20, Civil Procedure Code that 11-12-22 has now been fixed for the hearing of the case in this Court, and the case will be disposed of exparte against them in default of their putting in an appearance on the said date.

(Sd.) .....
For Senior Sub-Judge.
C15056

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
Suit No. 2535 of 1922.

Haroon Sulleman and Company a firm, carrying on business as Hosiery Merchants at Jekaria Musjid, outside the Fort of Bombay..... Plaintiffs

vs.

M. Esmail Jusab and Company, a firm, carrying on business as Hosiery Merchants at Jekaria Musjid outside the Fort of Bombay..... Defendants.

WHEREAS by a decree made in the above suit on the 21st day of July, 1922, it was ordered inter alia that the defendants do pay to the plaintiffs the sum of Rupees Five thousand for debt and the sum Rupees Two hundred for costs which said debt and costs amount together the sum of Rupees Five thousan and two hundred and simple interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum upon the sum last above named from the date of decree till payment.

And whereas by a Warrant of attachment moveable property, dated the 29th day of July 1922, the following moveable propert was attachtd, viz., 1 Iron Safe, Cash Rs. 67 4 Mehta boxes. 2 wooden chairs, 1 clock, shop containing Hosiery, Furniture and Stock-in-trade.

Now it is hereby proclaimed and notified that the Sheriff of Bombay will under and by virtue of the Warrant of sale of moveable property dated the 12th day of September 1922, put up for sale by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 18th day of December, 1922, at 3-30 o'clock p.m., (S.T.) in the shop at 241-243 English Bazar, near Jackeria Musjid without the Fort, the aforesaid moveable property or so much of it as shall be necessary for the satisfaction of the said decree, interest, costs, costs of previous and of this execution together with the Sheriff's poundage.

Each lot to be paid for at the time of sale.

For further information, application should be made at the office of the Sheriff of Bombay

Dated this 11th November, 1922.

MAHOMEDBHOY CURRIMBHOY
Sheriff of Bombay.
Messrs. PATELL & EZEKIEL,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
C15057.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act, 1913,
and
In the matter of F. F. Gordon Limited (In Liquidation.)

D. PUDUMJEE AND CO. .....Petitioners.

THE CREDITORS of the abovenamed Company are required on or before the 31st day of January 1923 to send their names and addresses and the particulars of their debts or claims, and the names and addresses of their Attorneys (if any) to N. H. Moos, Esqr., of Bombay the Official Liquidator of the said Company and if so required by notice in writing from the Official Liquidator, or in person or by their Attorneys to come in and prove their said debts or claims at such time as shall be specified in such notice, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved.

The 19th day of February, 1923, at 12-30 o'clock in the noon at the said Office of Mr. N. H. Moos the Official Liquidator is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the debts and claims.

Dated this 27th day of November, 1922.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

R. B. PATEL.
Prothonotary.
(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD.

The 27th day of November, 1922.
Messrs. KANGA & SAYANI,
Attorneys for the Petitioners.
C15016

FINANCE AND ECONOMICS.

EXCISE ADMINISTRATION IN BOMBAY.

The Report of the Excise Administration for 1921-22 of this Presidency provides most interesting reading. Though both the consumption of liquor, and the revenue to the Government show an appreciable—or even substantial decline as compared with the previous year, the administrative authorities seem averse to ascribing credit where it is really due. As the following table shows, with the single exception of commercial spirits every class of intoxicant shows a remarkable reduction in consumpton as compared to the prvious year in spite of a good season.

	Consumption. 1920-21	1921-22.
Country Spirits ...	2,592,174	2,085,774
Country Liquors ...	12,562,751	9,949,879
Malt Liquors	1,144,332	1,077,234
Wines	103,943	93,43
Spirits	561,142	454.06
Commercial Spirits.	248,975	289,606
Hemp drugs	57,259	56,451
Opium	42,648	30,908

This decline was almost wholly due to the beneficent results of moral persuation by the Non-cooperators; and yet the official apologist of the Bombay Excise Administration has hardly a word of praise for this most directly beneficient of all their activities. Not only did the picketing movement succeed in substantially reducing the consumption of intoxicating drinks or drugs,—and incidentally the Government revenue from this most undesirable traffic;—but their efforts must be credited largely with the remarkable reduction in convictions for drunkenness—which, we are told, fell from 6,552 to 4,482 or a reduction of over 30 per cent. And yet Mr. Baker, the Excise Commissioner, has in his report nothing kinder to say about this great movement than the observation:—"As the picketing movement, which was the chief feature of the year under report, seriously interfered with the normal course of the liquor trade, it is not possible to say to what extent the decreases noticed are the result of the measures taken by Government steadily to check the consumption of liquor, or of the other causes unconnected with picketing, such as adverse economic conditions." Mr. Baker apparently forgets that adverse economic conditions could not possibly be pleaded in 1921-22, when the workers in cities, for example, had secured rise in wages, and when the rains in the rural districts were all that could be desired. And as for the measures taken by Government steadily to check the consumption of liquor, one cannot, like the Excise Commissioner, ignore the fact that there wa nothing extraordinarily new in the Govern ment measures for restricting consumption. The proportion of decline that could possibly be ascribed to such action is in no way greater than that in the previous years. One must, therefore, refuse to accept Mr. Baker's conclusion that:—"The movement eventually died down. It was noticed that as soon as it stopped at any place, the liquor trade at once resumed its previous activity, a clear indication of the unsoundness of picketing as a temperance measure." It is only the officers of a Government, which, alarmed at the disastrous results to its revenue from his most nefarious traffic, would arrest and imprison picketing volunteers to prevent their rendering a great service to the country, who could regard this action of the Non-cooperators as a failure from the temperance point of view. For, the truth is, Government were alarme at the rapid strides the Temperance movement was making under the active measures adopted by the Non-cooperators, and to secure and safeguard the revenue derived from the vice and misery of the people adopted indefensible measures. The Excise Commissioner observes:—"There was a decrease of over 84½ lakhs in the receipts from fees for the right of retail vend of country spirit at shops. . . . . The decrease is due to the same reason which caused an increase of over 50½ lakhs in the previous year, viz., the advance collection in 1920-21 of the fee for *the full* year under report in the case of town shops, wherein the year under report only the *instalment for the first quarter* from April to June 1922 was recovered in advance." Because the Government realised the earnest sincerity of the new Temperance Reformers; and because the Government are not prepared to sacrifice the tainted income from such an objectionable source, they demeaned themselves to demand, against precedent, advance collections for the whole year and gave up this measure of doubtful legality when they saw that the opponents of intoxicating drugs had releaxed their efforts, at least for the time being. The only moral we can deduce from a survey of such petti-fogging tactics, is that the achievement of this great ideal of Temperance Reform is impossible under the present system of Government, which is so largely interested in and dependant upon this source of income from the miseries of the people, and which will not hesitate at adopting any means to circumvent and out manoeuvre Temperance Reformers when the latter achieve something far more substantial than merely contenting to remain figure-heads on the Advisory Committees.

BANKING NEEDS OF INDIA.

I beg to lay before the Indian public the following scheme for their careful consideration and active support:—

"Next to education" says a high authority in India, "the greatest need of the country is Banking." Banking may be commercial, agricultural or industrial. India being a vast country with ample natural resources to develop, she requires bank ing facilities in all the three directions. Commercial banking has made some headway during the last one generation and as people are coming to realize the advantages derived therefrom it is not idle to hope that commercial banking would develop rapidly in the next few years. Agriculture, the prime industry of the country, requires to be properly financed for increasing its yield but this we hope would be accomplished by co-operative credit societies which have done splendid work during the last one decade.

NEED FOR AN INDUSTRIAL BANK.

Lastly I come to the financing of Industries both large and small. If we examine the banking policies of the prominent countries in the world, we would find that Germany and Japan are the only countries which have evolved a definite system of industrial banking and it is largely due to the special financial facilities afforded by these banks that the development of German and Japanese industries has been so rapidly made. It is, therefore high time for Indian to evolve some definite scheme for financing her nascent industries. Some attempts have been made to fulfil this great need of the country, prominent among them being the Tata Industrial Bank, but the main purpose for which this Bank was started has not been realised and thus India stands to-day where it stood before the inauguration of this institution.

There is no change of success for a purely Industrial Bank so long as Government do not come forward to give sufficient facilities and concessions for the safe and proper working of the Bank. Moreover, capital required for such a purpose should be unusually large so as to afford a part of it to be locked up in industrial concerns. And this is not possible so long as the Indian capital is not adventurous or so long as the Government do not contribute to the Share-Capital.

SCHEME FOR A NEW BANK.

The plan is to start a Bank which would be semi-commercial and semi-industrial. Advances to sound industrial concerns would be extended up to one-third of the total subscribed capital. Particularly those industries would be preferred which are working on a smaller scale and are genuine in their wants, congenial to the Indian soil and able to stand on their own legs in the near future. On the commercial side the Bank may undertake, as all other Banks do, to receive current, fixed and savings bank deposit, discount bills and hundis and advance loans and grant cash credits against approved securities. The Bank also may undertake to finance exports and imports but may reserve the right of discriminating in the nature of the export and import from the National point of view. For instance, the import of cotton-piece goods and the export of food-stuff should not be financed as this trade is destructive to the higher interests of the country. This distinction, I hope, will indirectly support the National cause.

DIRECTORATE.

The success of all joint stock companies depend upon the wise board they procure and the efficient management they employ. I should be glad to see the names of those Directors on the Bt, who are highly reputed in business circles and who possess deep knowledge of Banking affairs and general knowledge of all business. The Board should be purely Indian both in personnel as well as in sentiment. Well-known patriots of the country are specially requested to come forward on the list, whereby Indian interests woud not in the least be subordinated to out-side interests. There are some Indian Banks to-day which have an Indian personnel on their Boards but their attitude is not seldom more Europeanised than Indian when there arises a conflict between Indian and foreign interests they are more often than not, led towards the latter. One great weakness that is often marked among such Directors is that they lack in self-confidence. As they have no confidence in themselves, they put no confidence in Indians who are working under them and, therefore, whenever some difficulty arises they go in mad search of Europeans who happily forgetting their position of being servants actually become masters and some times even though the Indian Directors feel their awkward position they cannot get rid of the self-imposed foreign yoke.

MANAGEMENT.

There are energetic Indians with a considerable long experience efficient, honest and of proved capacity in the banking line. It has been often alleged that Indians have not sufficient training to work such an intricate and delicate a machinery as of a Bank. This argument is only selfish and should, therefore, be treated as such. The Banking line in India is not a new one; it is as old as the light of the day. Only the difference lies in the system of its working. Even in its modern form many an Indian has shown his ability to work at it successfully, but they are denied opportunities, some-time by their own country-men who are enamoured of foreigners. Such a Bank, therefore, if receives a conscientious support of the public, is expected to give fullest opportunities to Indians to train themselves up and show to the world that India which is progressing in politics, is not lacking in financial ability to look after its own affiars.

One great evil arising to Banks employing foreign services is the enormous rise in their general expenditure, which required to judicious and strict control. There should be also a similar control o preliminary expenses which in some cases become difficult to wipe off even after a long period of the Bank's working.

RATILAL MOTILAL.
47, C. P. Tank Road, Girgaum.

WEEKLY REVIEW.

"BY "KRISTODAS."

Mr. Thomas W. Lamont of Messrs. Morgan & Co. was Chairman of the Reception Committee at the annual Convention of the American Bankers' Association held in New York in the first week of October. The profession of banking is intimately allied with the modern problem of Capital versus Labour and Mr. Lamont did well, therefore, to take advantage of the opportunity given to him to dilate on these relations in his speech. He puts his finger on the right spot when he observed that the problem of capital and of labour would never be wholly worked out. People talk, he said, as if it were an example in arithmetic, capable of a final solution. "It is no such thing. It is a problem of human beings; therefore of emotions, gropings and longings and ambitions. We can meet it only little by little and only then if we put ourselves in the other fellow's shoes and get his viewpoint. Do you and I want to change our jobs of long hours, evening conferences, heavy and continuing responsibility, for the job of the man who has the chance in his daily work to relieve his brains with the work of his hands? Some days no doubt we all like it; but whether we would make exchange or would not, it is our responsibility to study more fully than we do to-day the conditions of Labour and to be sure that, by and by, every competent worker (be he in the office or in the field) has an interval in the drudgery of work for that enjoyment of life that will make him a more contended and better citizen. In this matter you and I have a responsibility that we cannot dodge." These words go to the root of the matter and the problem of Capital versus Labour will only be nearer solution when it is approacaed in the spirit underlying these words.

AMERICAN TARIFFS.

Mr. Lamont in his comprehensive speech referred also to the question of American tariffs. His remarks have a particular significance for us in this country as we are on our way, whether we like it or not, to a system of high tariffs in so popular favour in the United States. Just as nations cannot leave off their armaments and cannot make any retrenchment in the huge bloated budgets for these, they cannot also leave aside their tariff walls which are meant somehow or other to act not only for the protection of the national trade and industries but also to act aggressively against the development of trade and industries of other countries.

"The tariff measure is of a somewhat different order. We shall be fortunate indeed if we do not find that in practice it protects a lot of industries that do not require protection, and cuts off from our farmers and manufacturers a lot of foreign markets that are ready to buy our commodities. Many of our people still fail to realise that the world "trade" means, in the final analysis, an exchange of goods or services. Many of us still cling to the idea that international trade, as the term applies to America, means that we can sell freely to all the markets of the world and in turn need buy from them little or nothing. This theory, which seems to be the basis of much of our tariff legislation will, if pursued, surely wreck a big part of our foreign trade. If there is any one motto which American producers and legislators should learn by heart, it is that oft-repeated one of the British merchants, who, over a century ago, declared that "He who will not buy, neither shall he sell."

FOR THE RETRENCHMENT COMMITTEE.

Nothing can be truer and more timely than the two sentences which closed the courageous and admirable message of President Hardinge when he exercised his veto on the Soldier Bonus Bill. These sentences which are given below, should serve as a useful guide to the Retrenchment Committee and to our Legislators at the time of the next Budgot:—

"Those ex-soldiers who served so gallantly in war and are to be so conspicuous in the progress of the republic in the half century before us, must know that nations can survive only where taxation is restrained from the limits of oppression, where the public treasury is locked against class legislation, but ever open to public necessity and prepared to meet all essential obligations. Such a policy makes a better country for which to fight, or to have fought, and affords a surer abiding place in which to live and attain."

CHAMBER OF CONSUMERS.

We are fairly familiar with Chambers of Commerce in this country, though even these are few and far between and the total number of both the English and the Indian Chambers of Commerce is extremely insignificant when one looks to the vastness of this country and the immensity of interests involved. In the West there are Chambers of Agriculture, Chambers of Industries, and there is now a proposal by Mr. Louis Bertrand, Socialist Deputy, for establishing a Chamber of Consumers in each provincial town in Belgium. In the introductory statement Mr. Bertrand points out that all the more important interests have their defensive organisaions, both agricultural producers, manufacturers and traders, whilst consumers are left to themselves. The Chambers of Consumers would be official and permanent bodies, which would investigate the most practical and effective means of returning, if possible, to normal conditions of prices and living. Mr. Bertrand considers that the questions how to educate consumers, how to define their interests and fight abuses of which they are victims can be solved by the creation of Chambers of Consumers where their interests would be discussed and measures drafted, and examined with a view to establishing more equitable relations between producers and consumers. organisations of this character already exist in other countries, including Germany and France, and the need for them is also felt in Belgium. With a possible introduction of a protectionist tariff for this country the establishment of Consumers Chambers will no doubt be of considerable importance in this country also where at present a large mass of consumers is practically without a voice either in the public or in the Legislatures.

EXPLOITATION BY CAPITALISM.

Mr. Saklatvala referred in his maiden speech to the loss of trade of Dundee which he ascribed to the capitalist system which exploits Labour in the jute mills of Bengal. I am surprised that Mr. Baptista finds this reference objectionable and observes that it is difficult to differentiate Mr. Saklatvala's voice from the voice of the Manchester magnates concerning wages and conditions of Labour in India. It is true that several of our capitalists and even some of our publicists are opposed to measures of reform calculated to alleviate the lot of our Labour on the ground that any such steps would be calculated to favour Manchester at the expense of the indigenous industries. There is also the suspicion even in quarters which should be well informed that all legislative measures intended to protect Indian Labour have behind them the hidden-hand of Manchister. The fundamental question, however, in matters of this sort, should be not whether the Indian textile industry will be in a position to meet the competition of foreigners if labour conditions are improved and labour gets more wages than it does now. It is a question of humanity and justice and no extraneous considerations of profit and loss or of the development or otherwise of an indigenous industry should mislead our judgment. The only question which should be considered is whether the conditions of Indian labour are such as can be considered to be good and healthy or whether they require any improvement. If the latter is the case, Indian industrialists and capitalists must be prepared to face the situation squarely and boldly and to provide for Labour all what Labour in other countries has got. It is but a truism to say that electricity and steam and the like scientific inventions have removed practically all the differences as between one country and the other in the world the dimensions of which have visibly shrunk. If this applies, and we see the argument being used always, to politics and social matters there is no reason why it should not apply to Labour problems. Those who have money are at liberty to import for themselves all the costly luxuries of the West and nobody questions if these luxuries are suitable to this country or not. When it concerns Labour, however, people are found to argue that it is no use introducing for the working classes conditions to which they are not accustomed in this country. The main consideration, however, should be what Labour wants and what constitutes or should constitute the standard of comforts for civilised men and women in modern times. We cannot preach renunciation only to Labour. Mr. Saklatvala obviously means that jute industrialists, and most of them are British, have no right to pocket huge profits taking advantage of the under-paid Indian Labour. He would evidently wish, as Sir Thomas Holland did, that the whole of the Indian Jute mill industry should rather perish than that poor workers be tyrannised over and be literally starved to fill the pockets of British shareholders

PURCHASE OF FOREIGN TIMBER.

Some interpellations were put in the Indian Legislative Assembly with regard to the purchase of sleepers from Canada. The reply of the Government was that information would be called for. The November number of the "Indian Forester" the journal of the Indian Forest Service, has the following paragraph: "It is estimated that more than 4,000,000 new sleepers per annum will be laid by the Indian railways during the next few years. Canadian sleepers were not known in India until 1920, but in the fiscal year 1921 over £200,000 worth were imported from the Dominion, as compared with about £150,000 for imports from the Pacific coast of the United States. Several large Indian orders have been secured by Canadian exporters recently." It is strange that Col. Waghorn, who replied on behalf of the Government that information was being called for, was not in possession of these facts which are now published in the "Indian Forester." It is still more strange that while efforts are being made to introduce Indian timber in England, we are going to Canada and the Pacific coast of the United States for our requirements of timber.

STATE MANAGEMENT OF RAILWAYS.

Mr. B. M. Dadachanji has written a powerful and forcible article in the "Hindustan Review" which is very timely in view of the fact that the Indian Legislature may shortly be called upon to give an opinion regarding the same. Mr. Dadachanji has been a student of this question for years, and has made it his special hobby. Like all zealots for particular causes, he sometimes overstates his case but on the whole throughout the long period I have known him his writings bear every trace of study, minuteness of details, and adherence to facts. He rightly calls this question of State Management of Railways a purely Indian question, as it affects the intellectual, social, economic and industrial and political interests of over three hundred millions Indians, European residents of India being only a hand-full. Outside the United States over half of the total mileage of the world is under State Management. Mr. Dadachanji summarises the advantages from such a management as under:

(1) Unity of management resulting in vast economies.
(2) Improvements and new inventions are much more promptly inaugurated;
(3) Bold experiments are made without fear or hesitation;
(4) The people are given better and safer service;
(5) Goods rates and passenger fares are reduced and rates are also simplified and stabilised;
(6) Equal treatment to all;
(7) Labour is better treated and made more content and efficient;
(8) Pressure of population in bigger towns is relieved by wise and far-sighted concessions and facilities which encourage a healtaful distribution of the people in suburbs;
(9) Profits are turned into the service of

Continued on page 9.

AMUSEMENTS.

BENNETT & CO.

129, Apollo Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF MAURITIUS SUGAR.

Under instructions from Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co., Ltd, Messrs BENNETT AND Co., will on FRIDAY, the 8th instant, sell by Public Auction at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Khand Bazaar, at the shop of Mr. Velji Damji.

on account and risk of Seth Devidas Persotam.

2425 Bags Mauritius Sugar ex. s.s. "Acera."

The above bags are lying at the B.P.T. Bonded Warehouses.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

IMPORTANT TO SHIPCHANDLERS AND MILL OWNERS.

AUCTION SALE OF MILL STORES

Under instructions from Messrs. W. H. Brady & Co., Ltd., Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will on MONDAY, the 18th Inst. at 3 P.M. (S.T.) sell by public auction at Messrs Brady & Co's godowns at Lamington Road, near (Lal Chimney) a large lot of mill stores, such as shutters, reeds, leather belting, drop box pickers, picking sticks, rubber-sheets, hair belting, loom sundries, ram-rings, bobbins, pipe pieces, wooden tubes, wooden planks etc. etc.

The above is on view.

Deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

On SATURDAY, the 9th December at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.). Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction at their rooms a quantity of grey and coloured piecegoods etc. etc.

AT 2-30 P.M.

1 secondhand rubber-tyred office shigram.
1 secondhand rubber-tyred canoe victoria.
1 secondhand rubber-tyred dogcart.
1 secondhand rubber-tyred English Brougham.
1 Waler horse going in harness.
1 Arab horse going in saddle and harness.
1 Austin motor car (English) 4 cylinder 20-20 H.P. 5 seater in good running order.
1 Victoria by Press.
1 Daimler motor car Torpedo Body 4 cylinder 16 H.P. 4 seater in good running order
1 Close body Calcott Motor car with C.A.V. Dynamo, Electric, lights with 4 new tyres etc. in perfect running order and excellent condition.
1 Citron four seater touring car electric lights, self starter, stepney wheel etc. in perfect running order.
1 Two seater "De Dion" with new tyres lamps and accessories in good running order.
1 English rubber tyred Canoe shape Victoria in excellent condition.

BENNETT & CO.
Bombay, 6th Dec. 1922.

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTIONEERS
52 Meadows Street, Fort.
Telephone No. 4027.

NOTICE.

Auction sale of Immoveable property situate at Dadar advertised for sale on 4th December, 1922 will now be held on SUNDAY the 10th Dec. 1922.

AUCTION SALE OF A GERMAN ELECTRIC PRINTING PRESS.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO. Auctioneers will by order of owner sell by public auction at their Auction Rooms at 52, Meadows St., Fort, on FRIDAY, the 8th December, 1922, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.).

One newly Imported Excellent German Electric Printing Press 20x28 packed in 7 cases.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

GANDHI & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 6th Dec. 1922.

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SPORTING NEWS.

N CHALLENGE CUP.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 4.

The final of the London Challenge Cup played at Millwall Charlton beat Crystal Palace by two goals to one. In the Cup re-play Halifax beat Accrington by one goal to nil. In the Third Division, (Northern), Rochdale drew with Tranmere, neither side scoring. In a friendly match Oxford University beat Corinthians by three goals to two. In the Rugby match at Cambridge, Newport beat Cambridge University by eleven points to six:

CRICKET AT KIMBERLEY.

LONDON, Dec. 4.

Kimberley.—In a match between Marylebone and Griqualand West Marylebone completed their first innings for 353, Mead contributing 68 and Sandham 68. Griqualand in the second innings made 196 and Marylebone going in again made 42 for two wickets, thus winning by eight wickets.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE.

AN OUTSTANDING ACHIEVEMENT.

The special engagement of D. W. Griffith's wonder spectacle "Way Down East" attracted large audiences to the Excelsior Theatre on Monday. Being a new art form, combining drama, motion picture and music into a combination of stirring appeal, it passes through the four seasons in New England and brings back those quaint and delightful people who made stage history when Lottie B Parker and Jos. R. Grismer introduced this familiar drama. We see Anna, a pure simple country girl brought up amid the beautiful country-side of New England, visiting her rich relations, the Tremonts, in town. She meets Lennox Saunderson, the idle worthless son of a very rich man, who lures her into a mock, marriage which is kept a secret. Anna returns to her country homestead and her mother, while Lennox continues his life of dissipation in the city. Death claims Anna's mother and also the young baby which is born a little later. Anna, friendless and penniless, searches for work which she eventually secures at the farm of Squire Bartlett. The farmer's son, young David falls in love with her and urges her to marry him, but, haunted by the memory of her past, she persistently refuses. The truth reaches the ears of the Squire, a stern and uncompromising man, who immediately turns her out of the house despite the fact that a blizzard is raging. Then comes the part which provides the chief spectacular effects making this film the most notable of the year. We see Anna wandering aimlessly about in the raging snow-storm. She reaches the river and gets on to the ice-pack which begins to break up. She is seen clinging in desperation to an ice floe which is being whirled rapidly down stream and finally there is the thrilling rescue by David, just on the brink of the huge falls over which the raging torrent threatens to hurl the young lovers to destruction. The beautiful rustic scenery and the old-world pictures of the peaceful pomp life contrast greatly with the splendour pomp of the Tremont's ball, while the break up of the ice pack is a most magnificent and awe-inspiring sight.

The pathetic figure of Anna is admirably portrayed by Miss Lilian Gish. "Way Down East" is a picture which no icnema-goer can afford to miss.

MUSIC CONFERENCE.

The Fifth Music Conference organized by the Gandharva Maha Vidyalaya will be opened on (Wednesday, the 6th Dec.), at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) when speeches will be delivered by Mrs. Avantikabai Gokhale, Chairman of the Reception Committee and Mr. K. P. KhKadilkar, President of the Conference.

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CONTENTS.

Racing Fixtures.
List of Principal Races.
Class & Pedigrees of English Horses & Ponies
Class of Arab Horses and Ponies
Calcutta Races 1921-1922.
Length of Courses of W.I.T.C. and R.C.T.C.
Bombay Races 1921 to 1922
Gwalior Spring Meeting,
Peshawar " "
Rawalpindi " "
Karachi " "
Ootacamand " "
Quetta " "
Mysore
Bangalore
Poona 1922.
Prize Winner Owners' Poona.
Winning Horses Trainers Poona.
Jockeys Winning Mounts Statistics Poona.
Newly Imported English Horses Performances.
Mysore Autumn Meeting.
Quetta " "
Mysore Dasara "
Gwalior Autumn "
Meerut "
Lucknow "
Karachi "
Entries of The Western India Champion Stakes Bombay 1923.
Entries of the C.B. Derby Poona 1923.
Entries of the C.B. St Ledger Poona.

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HIGH COURT.

CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

SECRETING A POSTAL ARTICLE.

ACCUSED CONVICTED.

Emperor.
versus
Sundersingh Nilkanth.

(Before Mr. Justice Shah and a Common Jury)

The accused in this case a clerk in Grant Road Post office was charged under sec 52 of the Post Office Act for secreting a postal article to wit a registered letter containing Rs. 21.

On 23rd August, 1922 one Ayah named Sequeira went to the Grant Road Post Office and handed over to the accused a registered letter and asked him if it was necessary to seal that letter as it contained Rs. 21. On the accused replying in the negative she went away, after handing over the letter to him. Just before that the accused had received two other registered letters with the 10-30 a.m. stamp and sent them on to be forwarded to the General Post Office. Later on he received 20 V. P. P. registered articles which were lying on his table. The Post Master seeing these 20 articles lying on the table of the accused for some time went to him and asked him as to why he had not sent on those 20 articles although he had received them for a long time. The Postmaster then opened the drawer of the accused's table and found the registered letter handed over to the accused by the Ayah at 10-30 a.m. That letter bore two stamps one of 10-30 a.m. and another of 12-30 p.m. It was alleged by Prosecution that accused deliberately put the latter stamp as he had not sent away the Ayah's letter which he had received at 10-30 a.m. and which he had already stamped. Meanwhile the Postmaster received a note from another clerk stating that accused was inquiring of him as to how the letter could be opened. Next day the Postmaster commenced to make inquiries when accused absconded to Madras. He was arrested at Madras and brought to Bombay.

Mr. K. M. Talyarkhan appeared for the Prosecution; and Mr. Avasia defended the accused.

After hearing the evidence and arguments, the jury returned verdict of guilty against the accused by 8 to 1. His Lordship accepted the verdict of the majority and taking the youth of the accused into consideration sentenced him to one day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 300. In default of payment of fine accused was sentenced to 3 months' rigorous imprisonment.

CAUSE LIST.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

WEDNESDAY, 6TH DECEMBER, 1922.

BEFORE THE HON. THE CHIEF JUSTICE AND THE HON. MR. JUSTICE CRUMP.

In the Division Court No. 52.
Appeals for hearing and final disposal.
After the Appellate Side Criminal work is over.

63-21—3372-19—Payne and Co, Haji Gulam Mahomed Azam, Alibhai Gulam Husein and Sons, Fereira and V.

BEFORE THE HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE SHAH.

In the Division Court No. 40.
TO BE MENTIONED.

280-23—Edgelow G W and Co, N H Moos Bindiram Balchand, Tyabji D and Co.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL.
LONG CAUSES.

645-19—Captain and V, Oomedram Bhagwandas v Ramdas Devji, Raghavaya N. and Co.

SHORT CAUSE.

3126-22—Matubhai J and M, Venilal Vijbhukhandas v Surajmal Saligram and others, Dabholker and Co., M V Gokhale.

LONG CAUSES.

961-21—Matubhai J and M, Champaklal Gopalbhai and others v The British India Steam Navigation Co. Ltd., Craigie B and C, Payne and Co.

3062-19—Tyabji D and Co., Nandram Mulchand v Wamanrao Ramkrisson Divrekar and another, Dikshat M and Co.

2958-19—Mulla and M. Rustomji Ardeshir Cooper v Haridas Korji and others, Raghvaya N and Co.

1440-21—Payne and Co, Namrojally Hirji, Khalid Samsudin Anmari and anr., Rustomji and G.

1260-21—Dubash and Co, Ebrahim Haji Moti-Chimanlal Chhotalal and anr, Malvi H R and Co.

3152-20—Jamshetji R and D, Chhotalal Hotichand Shah Karsondas Kalidas Ghia, N C Dalal and Co.

1131/14902-20—Mehta L and Co, Dayal Tohan and anr. Manckchand Jaychand and and anr. M B Chothia.

3269-20—Khunderao L and M. Jerup Jethaji and Co, Vithaldas Damoder, Dabholker and Co.

3415-20—Payne and Co, Pritamdas Tricumdas v Gulam Husein Nansey Cassum, Thakoredas and D.

3398-20—Andrade and Co, Aleixo Sentana Lobo, L G Bedford, Manilal and K.

3429-20—Tyabji D and C, Radhakison Ramchandra, Chunilal Kamnath, Sabnis and G

3128-20—Madhowji and Co, Jamnadas Narsey, Ginning and Printing Co. Ltd. Markandayan Sobharam and others Jehangir M and S.

3386-20—Merwanji K and Co, Laxminarayan Kissongopal, Bansidhar Sobharam and others, Purshotamrai and C, Dabholker and C.

3391-20—Merwanji K and, Rai Bahadur Kaliannal Trilokchand, Abdul Latiff Haji Ahmed and anr, Payne and Co, Mantri and Co.

1611/20777-20—Tyabji D and Co, Rai Bahadur Jivandas Raja Goculdas and anr. Koovrbhai Umersey, Dubash and co.

3448-20—Bhimji and Co., Nanee N Bharucha and anr, Deoji Umersey, Little and Co

3184-20—Kanga and S. Shankerlal Girdharlal, Shankerlingam Chetty and others, Amin and D.

3157-20—Unwalla P and P, Jamshetji Framji Acharya and anr. Maneckji Merwanji, Engineer and others, Ardeshir H D and Co.

3499-20—Jehangir and S, Mahomedally Abdullalli Rajkotwalla, Mahomedally Abdul Husein Gogiawalla, Chitnis K and M.

3532-20—Khandwalla and Co—Narandas Anandlal, Jesingbhai Manilal, Edgelow G W and Co.

3569-20—Edgelam G W and Co, Sale Mahomed Umar Dossal, Shaw Wallace and Co. Little and Co.

3570-20—N C Dalal and Co, Ramchandra Sakharam Sawant. Ramchandra Narsingrao Kadam and anr, Shamrao M & H

3721-20—Shamrao M and H, Atmaram Tanaji. Ramchandra Sakharam Sawant, N C Dalal and Co.

3571-20—Mulla and M, E K Palia, Messrs Skippers and Co., Ltd, Crawford B and Co.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE MARTEN.

(In Division Court No. 40.)
SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL.
LONG CAUSES.

1693-22—Ramanlal and Co, Albert Cabral v Pascoal Rodrigues and anr, Mansukhlal H M and Co.

613-12—Mantri and Co, Bai Ratanbai widow v Valli Mahomed Abdulla and anr, Judah and S.

1485-12—Edgelow G W and Co, Eastern United Assurance Co Ltd v Jetha Dewji Nagdu and anr, Mulji Th and Co, Mehta L and Co.

3685-22—Payne and Co, Shivdas Mulchand v Nanalal Parbhuram, Mulji Th and Co.

2382-20—Daphtary F. and D, Charles Perrett v. Gerard Wilson, Payne and Co.

2297-22—Purnanand and C, Vithalji Jethabhai v Sukhlal Monji, Shah and C.

1936-22—N C Dalal and Co, The Mercantile Bank of India Ltd v Fazalbhai Jumabhoy and Co, Wadia G and Co.

1380-22—N C Dalal and Co, The International Banking Corporation v Fazalbhai Jumabhoy and Co, Wadia G and Co.

1396-22—N C Dalal and Co, The Eastern Bank Ltd v Ibrahimbhoy Fazalbhai and others.

1916-20—Madhavji and Co, K N Choksey and Co. v Bhimji Khimji, Mehta L and Co

2194-20—M B Chothia, Dayashanker Lakhminarayan v. M. Esoofali and Sons, Payne and Co.

2459-20—Wadia G and Co, Gangaram Assaram, Ganpat Karnaji and others, Mehta L and Co.

1588-22—Craigie B and Co, Millers Timber and Trading Co., Ltd., Haji Bachor Varaya and Sons, Payne and Co.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE PRATT.

(In Division Court No. 53.)
SHORT CAUSES (RENT SUITS.)
FOR JUDGMENT.

2721-22—Amin and D, Manmohandas Kahandas v Jestaram Mukundji Pandit, Manubhai and Co.

3131-22—Shroff and Lam, Feroze Faredoon Daboo and anr v Cawasji Khursetji and ors.

2307-22—Merwanji K and Co, Jethabhai Kallianji and anr v Muccadum Thakoo and ors, Rustomji and Ginwalla.

1034-22—Payne and Co, Mathuradas Goculdas Kalidas Lowji and others, Smetham B and L Mulla and M.

SHORT CAUSE.

3778-22—Patell and E., Shiwjiram Ramnath, Surajmal Vyats, Dubash and Co.
ADJOURNED MOTION.

3226-20—M B Chothia and Co, Chowe Kahum Keloli Tarmat, Ahmed Ismail and others, Dharamsey and Co.

SHORT CAUSE (RENT SUITS)

3133-22—Captain and V, Ardeshir Bomanji Dubash v M K Hiramaneck.

3163-22—Purnanand and Clubwalla, Kakalbhoy Bhuderbhai Vakil v Shivlal Totaram. Raghavaya N and Co.

3174-22—Mulla and M, Mathuradas Mangaldas, M G Jayakar.

3178-22—Ardeshir H D and C, Chhotalal Mulchand and anr. Lanseca Kas Mendonca Gomes, Mansukhlal H M and Co.

2799-22—Crawford B and Co, Bhawandas Goverdhandas, Hormusji Nusserwanji Sxeervaj and anr, Merwanji K and Co, Mulla and M.

2801-22—Mulla and M, Cassum Mahomed Mitha Bhagwandas Ramdayal anr, Pandia and Co.

2803-22—Shamrao M and H, Shamsoodin Mahomedali, Nazaralli Cumrudin, Vachha and Co.

3098-22—Merwanji K and Co. Bai Ratanbai Cursetji N Wadia, Coutts and Co, Smetham B and L.

3213-22—Wadia G and Co, Kedarmal Bhussamal, Balaram Anandram, Dharamsi D and Co.

3249-22—Amarchand and M Haji Ismail Tyab Chhapra, Shamsuddin bin Ebrahim Penker, Captain and V.

3281-22—Mulla and M, Bhagavandas Dayabhai, Bai Sakerbai Ranchoddas.

3286-22—Merwanji K and Co—N H Moos— H W Jeanse—Andrade and C.

3328-22—Ardeshir H D and Co. Munshi Mahomedalli Doongeker and others. Shiaveese D Davar Vachha and Co.

3348-22—Payne and Co, Dwarkadas Jekisondas, Naranji Boodilal and Co, Malvi M R and Co, Craigie B and C.

3349-22—Jamshetji R and D Kursetji Framji Dala S J Abbott Craigie B and C.

3356-22—Nanu H and Co. Krishnarao Raghoba Balakrishna Harischandra Jookes and others Mansukhlal H M and Co.

3404-22—Manchersham and N Gulamali G. Abherchand and another Hussain Miya and others.

3093-22—Matubhai J and M Abdula Miya Haji Miya Ahmed Khandavai Vithaldas Cursondas Tyabji D and Co.

1121-22—Bhaishanker K and G Sukhanraj Lalothers.

1270-22—Dastur and Co John Santon Dias and chand and others Meghji Khoda and other Behramji Dossabhai Pochaji and others Payne and Co. Jamshetji and D.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE KAJIJI.

(In Division Court No. 63.)
CHAMBSR MATTER FOR DISPOSAL
(IN CHAMBERS).

3860-21—Little and Co, R Sanghavi, J F Karaka and Co, Wadia G and Co.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL.
LONG CAUSES.

5107-21—Mansukhlal H M and Co, Shrikrishna Dinanath Dandekar v Jerup Teja and ors, Dhabholkar and Co.

REFERENCE.

L A Reference—8-22—J C G Bowen, In Re Government, Balaram Ganpatrao and others, Jehangir and S, Thakoredas and D, Payne and Co.

SHORT CAUSES.

2495-22—Jehangir and S, Gulamalli Noorbhai, Nichaldas and Co and anr. Dikshit M and Co.

4352-22—Purshotanrai and Co, Dharamdas Nagardas, S R Shirgaoker and anr. Madhowji and Co, Thakoredas and Co

3495-22—Little and Co, Shaw Wallace and Co, Simon & Motilal, Judah and S.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE FAWCETT.

(In Division Court No. 49.)
Suits for hearing and final disposal.
FOR DISMISSAL.

1564-20Malvi M R and Co, Moolraj Daulatram, Manraj Rambhagat, Mulla and M.

LONG CAUSES.

3389-20—Captain and V Gordhandas Tribhowandas Mangaldas Kissondas Tribhowandas Mangaldas Payne and Co.

663-22—Captain and V Gordhandas Trivhowan das Mangaldas Kissondas Tribhoman das Mangaldas Payne and Co.

2017-21—Payne and Co Kissondas Tribhomandas Mangaldas Gordhandas Tribhowandas Mangaldas Captain and V.

4647-12—Purushotamrai and Co Girdharkishore and another Jinabhai Chaganlal Dallal Dallas and and Co.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE MULLA.

in the Division Court No. 37.
FOR CONSENT DECREE.

949-20—Mansukhlal H M and Co, The Advocate General of Bombay, Lhanji Mulji and others, Mansukhlal H M and Co.

4712-22—Payne and Co, Abdulla Allarakhia and Co, Ahmed Alladin Hussain, Mansukhlal H M and Co.

FOR TRIAL OF PRELIMINARY ISSUE.

369-21—Dikshit M and Co, Ardeshir Rustimji Subedar, The Perfect Pottery Co, Ltd, Tyabji D and Co.

LONG CAUSES.

4503-22—Little and Co, Olive Compas and anr. W Cameron, Craigie B and Co.

1977-22—Soonderdas and Co, Elisha Hayward Elias, Ardeshir Khodalal Hakim, Mirza and M.

3653-22—Soonderdas and Co, Elisha Hayward Elias, Ardshir Khdadad Hakim, Mirza and M.

1230-20—Tyabji D and Co, Lumba Hakmaji and anr. Vardhman Jetsy and Co and others, Payne and Co, N C Dalal and Co.

1513-22—Malvi M K and Co, Bai Sunderbai widow, Kamji Jugjiwan and others. Mulji Th and Co.

3312-22—Mansukhlal H M and Co. Manganlal Parbhudas, Ramchhoddas Harivalabh and Co. Jamshetji E and D.

4088-22—Khambatta and Co, Vanechand Lalchand and others, Mulji Keshowram and others, Mulji Th and Co., Khambhatta and Co.

2143-20—Dallas and Co, Kanji Premji, Krishnaji Keshrimal Payne and Co.

2149-20—Dallas and Co, Kanji Premji, Krishnaji Keshrimal, Payne and Co.

2646-19—Amarchand and M. Gordhandas Nathalal, Jugmohandas Hunsraj, Payne and Co.

777-18—Shamrao M and H, Dulsidas Juglivandas, Mahomd Essak Haji Abdulla Nurani, Matubhai J and M

2699-19—Unwalla P and P. Liladhar Jiwandas, Jamnabaimidam and others, Fereira and V.

1118-19—Amin and D, Bhogilal Amratlal, Husseinabhai widow and others, Jehangir M and S.

2623-20—Wadia G and Co, E D Sassoon and Co, Shah Fulchand Premaji, Mulla and M.

4021-22—Craigieu B and C, Arthur and Co. (Export) Ltd, Noormahomed Abba, Ardeshir H D and Co.

3554-22—Dabholker and Co, Doongersey Nathu, Khuverji Khaisey, and anr. Captain and V, Shamrao M and H.

3236-20—N C Dalal and Co, Manilal Rattanchand, Hiralal P Pomwalla, Kaghwaya N and C.

2997-19—Amin and D. Nathalal Chhaganlal and Co, Vallabhdas Hirji, Bhaishanker K and G.

3278-20—Merwanji K and Co, Vallimahomed Peermahomed, Papulal Iswardas.

2551-51-49—Merwanji K and Co, Sewanhilal Bhogilal, Gosdhandas Ishwardas, Hiralal T and Co.

3705-20—Edgelow G W and Co. Jusub Peermahomed and Co, Salemahomed Hassam.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF RAILWAY COMPANIES.

SCATHING INDICTMENT OF M. & S. M. RY

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
MADRAS, Dec. 5.

At the High Court to-day, Justice Coutts Trotter delivered judgment in a suit brought by Mr. E. E. Mack, I.C.S., Sub-Collector, against the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway claiming Rs. 3,005 as damages for the personal injury sustained by him on the Nellore railway platform on the night of 29th August 1921 owing to his falling in an unprotected and unlighted pit on the railway station platform. His Lordship awarded the full amount of damages claimed together with the cost and Rs. 150 being the amount payable to Col. T. H. Simons who was called in as an expert witness to speak on injuries of Mr. Mack. His lordship in the course the judgment entirely discredited the two witnesses of the railway company and held that the platform was almost unlighted. Referring to the following statement in a letter of the Company's solicitor "You complain that the platform was in darkness but the company is under no obligation to illuminate it till the reception of the train. Those of the public who elect to wander about the platforms do so at their own risk and it would seem in the present case that the accident could have been averted by the exercise of ordinary care." His Lordship observed: "The writer of the letter seems to have overlooked the fact that the train was running two hours late, a matter which was within the knowledge of the railway servants but not of the plaintiff. I think that the history of the whole case discloses a lamentable failure on the part of the company to realise the nature and extent of their responsibilities and obligations to the public and while a small sum of money is at stake. I trust, the result of the case would tend to bring home to the railway officials some realisation of those obligations."

CHARGED WITH CULPABLE HOMICIDE

At the Esplanade police court, on Tuesday, before Rao Bahadur C. H. Setalvad, Acting Chief Presidency Magistrate, one Joseph Velogee a native Christian was charged with culpable homicide not amounting to murder of one Prema Budha.

Mr. Finan conducted the prosecution, while the accused was undefended.

Mr. Adrian Gore, said on the morning of 30th November he remembered seeing the accused in the passage leading from th kitchen to his room in the Colaba chambers He was crying and was somewhat nervous He had a stick in his hand. When witness first entered the passage, he saw the accused coming towards him. On seeing him (witness), he stopped. Witness asked him what was the matter. The deceased said Mr. Watt's boy had been bitting him. Witness told him to go back to the servants' quarttrs. He, then, heard the deceased was taken to the hospital in the evening. He, later on, saw tht dead body of the deceased at the morgne.

Witness Charles Watt, next corroborated the previous witness.

Morie Rodriges, Ayah, said the deceased and the accused had a quarrel over taking of tea to their masters. First the accused abused the deceased Prema and the latter gave a slap to the accused with the resul that he (the accused) fell down. The accused got up, took a stick from the kitchen and hit Prema with it on the head. The accused, then, struck the deceased with stick on the right side of his head. The deceased fell down. After about half an hour he (the deceased) got up and lay himself up on his bed. He (the deceased) bled from his head. The deceased got up from the floor washed up his head at the tap and went to lay down on his bed. The diceased, Prema was lying down on his bed the whole day. In the evening the deceased was removed to the J. J. Hospital where an inquest was held on the deceased. Hamal Kalayan was also present when the deceased was struck by the accused.

Hamal Kalyan, next, corroborated the previous witness.

case was, then, adjourned till Thureday, at 1 P.M. when the medical evidence will be recorded and charges framed against the accused.

CORONER'S COURT

DEATH FROM GUN SHOT.

Tht inquiry regarding the circumstances touching the death of Budhia Gosaya, a Hindu boy, aged about ten years, who received gun-shot wounds in the stomach while at the tank in his village at Khutadi in Panvel Taluka, on the 12th ultimo and died in the J. J. Hospital the next day, under the circumstances already reported, was concluded by Mr. King, the Coroner, at the Coroner's Court on Tuesday.

Sub-Inspector P. A. Samant of the Panvel Police said he received information of the occurrance in question on the 14th November, from the Bombay Police. He got no information before that date from the Police Patel or anyone else. Witness made enquiries but was not able to trace the man who had fired the gun. Witness made enquiries about the motor car, the number of which was given as 679 by one of the witnesses. That was not one of the numbers at the toll. No. 679 car was not in use.

The jury returned a verdict that the death was due to gun-shot wounds inflicted by a shot fired with a gun by a person who had not been traced and that there was no evidence to show whether the deceased was shot accidentally or by a rash act.

KNOCKED DOWN BY TRAMCAR.

Naorung Judhan, a labourer aged about 30 was pulling a hand-cart along Parel Road on the 17th ultimo when the axle-pin broke and the wheel came off. He was putting it on again when, as, alleged, he was struck by a tram-car driven by one Futteh Budhan and was injured. He was removed to the J. J. Hospital where he died on the night of the 4th instant.

An inquest was held touching the death of Judhan yesterday morning by the Coroner at the Coroner's Court.

Magan Malhur, a cooly said he was helping the deceased in putting on the wheel when he saw a tram-car coming from the opposite direction and the shouted to the driver to stop but the car did not stop and it struck the deceased on the leg. The deceased fell on the ground. The tram-car did not stop but went over the bridge. The foot-board had struck the deceased.

After some further evidence had been recorded, the inquest was adjourned.

BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

An ordinary meeting of the Trustees of the Improvement of the City of Bombay was held yesterday afternoon in the Office of the Trust, Mr. E. G. Turner presiding.

Sanction was given to the proposed construction of one-storied new workmen's cotfagts for the staff of the Trust at King's Circle, near Matunga Station (G.I.P. Rly.) Arrangements will be made for two rooms and three rooms tenements having the rents of Rs. 33 and Rs. 60 respectively. Certain concessions will be given to the employees of the Trust in accordance with their salaries Each of the tenements has been provided with a washing-place and a privi.

CORPORATION STANDING COMMITTEE.

A special metting of the Standing Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held on Tuesday evening to consider the Municipal Budget Estimates for 19-3-24. Dr. Moreshwar C. Javle presiding.

The committee sanctioned the following items on the "Expenditure Side." 1. Roads and Over-Bridges and foot paths Rs. 21,49,,127; 2. Street improvements Rs. 50,000; 3. Roads and Over-Bridges (total) Rs. 23,29,056; 4. Public Lighting Rs. 9,04,414; 5 Drainage and sewerage (including the Halalkhore Branch) Rs. 23,19,475; 6 Fire-brigade Rs. 4,83,695; Building Regulations and other measures for securing the public safety Rs. 5,9 03,53; Gardens and open spaces, Rs. 1,77,917; Markets and slaughter houses, Rs. 5,31,296; 10 New Works (each costing) Rs. 10,000; 11 Municipal Workshops Rs. 7,88,972.

The Committee, then, approved the following items on the "Income side." 1 General Tax, indirect taxation and miscellaneous Revenues Rs. 21,00,000; 2 Water works Rs 53.00,000; 3 Education (Primary.) Rs 8,63,000; 4 Education (Secondary) Rs 8,63,250; 5 Public Health Department Rs. 90,000; 6 Hospitals and Medical Relief Rs. 43,050; 7 Street cleaning and conservancy (including Road watering) Rs. 89,000; Roads and over-bridges Rs. 11 80,000; Drainage and Sewerage (including the Halalkhore Branch) Rs. 30,30,000; 10 Fire Brigade, Rs. 5,47,000; 11 Building Regulations and other measures for securing the public safety Rs. 2,37,400; 12 Gardens and Open spaces Rs. 10,400; 13 Markets and slaughter houses Rs. 11,00,000.

The meting was, then, dissolved.

CITY KHILAFAT COMMITTEE.

The following gentlemen were elected by the City Khilafat Committee of Bombay as members of the All-India Central Khilafat Committee for the year 1923:—

Seth Mia Mohomed Haji Jan Mohomed Chotani; Seth Ahmed Haji Siddik Khatri; Seth Abdul Rehman Haji Mohomed Abba; Seth Mia Ahmed Haji Jan Mohomed Chotani; Choudhri Abdul Ghani, Shakoor-ul-Hasan; Nizam-uddin Qureshi; Maulvie Abdul Alim Siddiqui; Syed Zakir Ali, Syed Ibrahim, Mohomed Zakaria Maniar Zakir; Qasim Khan; Sheikh Hussain Sheikh Yusuf; Maulana Nazir Ahmed Khujandi; Haji Fateh Mohomed Maniar; Maulvi Abdul Razzak; Haji Mohomed Hakim Haji Din Mohomed; Munshi Mohomed Ibrahim; Shamsuddin; Mohomed Usman; Abdul Rahman Sahile Yakoob; Hakim Abdul Aziz Navsariwala; Mohomed Hanif; Seth Mohomed Omar Abdul Rasool Bohrawala; Abdul Shakoor Saboonwala; Abbas Khan; Haji Syed Mohomed Husain, Bar-at-Law; Haji Syed Auzar-ul-Hasan; Maulvi Riazul Noor Siddique and Mohamed Hasan Qureshi.

C. J. HALL AND TEMPERANCE.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Bombay's biggest best furnished and cheapest public Hall is the Sir Cawasji Jehangir Hall, opposite the Museum Its one great drawback is, that its auditorium is somewhere defective. Most the speakers are not audible beyond the central rows of seats. Copper wires were put up some time ago; and sounds travelled quicker, clearer and better. We do not know, why these have been removed. Will not Sir Cawasji Jehangir look into this matter, and remedy the defect in this splendid Hall?

And by the way, is this Public Hall to be used for the sale of Liquor Licenses? Is no other place available for this undesirable traffic? A public Hall, where lectures are delivered slides are shown, and hymns are sung exhorting the young and old to avoid intoxicants, to cultivate social purity and to observe all round sobriety should be the last place for the sale of liquor licenses—Yours, etc.

BARJORJI FRAMJI BHARUCHA.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

Engagements.

TO-DAY.

Bombay Legislative Council, Town Hall.
Inauguration of the Worli Scheme by His Excellency the Governor, Worli, 4-15 p.m.
Native Stock and Shareholders' Association, Extraordinary general meeting, Stock Exchange Hall, 3 p.m.
Opening day of the 5th Music Conference, Shri Ram Chowk Pandal, G.M. Vidyalaya, Sandhurst Road, 5-30 p.m. Mr. K. P. Khadilkar to preside.
Municipal Standing Committee, 2-40 p. m.

THURSDAY Dec. 7.

Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.

SATURDAY, Dec. 8.

The s. s. "Narkunda" with the English mails leaves at 1 p.m.

SUNDAY, Dec. 10.

The Zoroastrian Physical Culture and Health League's Swimming Race Preliminary Heats at 4 p.m. near the Half gate, Marine Lines.
Bombay Provincial Co-operative Conference, Sir C. Jehangir Hall, 10-30 a.m.

RAILWAY TIMINGS.

G. I. P. (VICTORIA TERMINUS.)

	Arr. H. M.	Dep. H. M.
Punjab Mail	17 0	12 30
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpore)	13 15	21 0
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	7 0	10 30
Madras Mail	8 40	21 20
Poona Mail	11 40	14 40
Inter & Ord, Poona Express	12 15	14 10
Poona Express	19 50	7 55
Delhi & Lucknow Express	9 0	22 0
Madras Fast Passenger	21 40	8 11

B. B. & C. I. (COLABA.)

	Arr. H. M.	Dep. H. M.
Bombay-Peshawar Mail	13 35	16 0
Gujarat Mail	11 10	20 20
Delhi Express	6 30	20 55
Kathiawar Express	7 45	21 35
Express	21 40	7 5

Delhi Express Trains will stop at Grant Road in both directions and at Dadar in the Down direction.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION.

All Colombo wires are right.

BAND AT BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

The band of the 1st Bn. G. I. P. Rly., Regt. A. F. I. will play at the Bombay Gymkhana to-day (Wednesday) at 6-15 p.m.

BOMBAY SUBURBAN DIST. CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

The following are the delegates from the Bombay Suburban District to the Gaya Congress:—Messrs. Dulerai Vanechand Desai. (2) Ambalal Prabhudas Patel, (3) Vithaldas Purshottam Desai and (4) Dwarkadas Gokuldas Dalal.

NATIONALIST CANDIDATE FOR MUNICIPAL ELECTION.

Mr. P. G. Sahasrabudhe, has stood as one of the candidates for the ensuing Municipal Election from the "G" Ward, on behalf of the National Municipal Party.

NATIONALIST MUNICIPAL PARTY.

The offices of the Nationalist Municipal Party "C" Ward is located at the "C" Ward Congress Committee's office, Princess Street. All enquiries should be addressed to Mr. Ranchhoddas H. Gandhy, Hon. Secretary, at the above address.

BOMBAY PROV. CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

The last date of receiving nomination papers to the Bye-election of the All-India Congress Committee is to-day (Wednesday) upto 4 p.m.

Nomination papers will be available at the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee office at Krishna Building, Hornby Road, Fort.

DIAMOND MEDAL PRESENTED TO A MUSICIAN.

A diamond medal, worth about a thousand rupees was lately presented to Aftabi Sitar Professor Barkatulla Khan, Professor of Music, to H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore, at a concert held at the residence of Mr. Harkishandass Vandrawandass, Hughes Road, by Mr. N. H Belgaumwala, Proprietor of the "Bombay Samachar" as a token of his admiration and appreciation for his splendid performance on the Sitar. It bore the following inscription:—"Presented to A. S. Barkatulla Khan, by the Bombay audience."

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The B. I. steamer "Malda" which left Bombay on the 7th ultimo arrived Plymouth on Saturday, the 2nd instant.

The outward P. and O. Mail steamer "Khiva" with the Mails from London of 23rd ultimo is expected to arrive in Bombay at 4 p.m. on Saturday the 9th instant.

The homeward P. and O. Mail Steamer "Malwa" with the mails from Bombay of the 25th ultimo arrived at Port Said at 7 a.m. on Monday, the 4th instant and left there at 3 p.m. the same day.

The Clan Line steamer "Mackinnon" left Liverpool on the afternoon of 2nd instant.—(R. T.)

TO-DAY'S MEETING.

PARSI LEKHAK MANDAL.

Mr. Fram Cowasjee Batliwala, will deliver to-day (Wednesday) a lecture on "the teaching of language to children," at the K.R. Cama Institute Hornby Road, at 6 p.m.

FORTHCOMING MEETINGS.

PRESENTATION OF CAMPBELL MEMORIAL MEDAL.

A general meeting will be held in the rooms of the Bombay Branch Royal Asiatic Society tomorrow (Thursday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) when his Excellency Sir George Ambrose Lloyd will present the Special Campbell Memorial Medal to Rao Bahadur P.B. Joshi Ph. D., F.R.G.S. Members of the Bombay Natural History Society are also most cordially invited.

BOMBAY NATIONAL COLLEGE.

The seventh lecture of the higher education extension series of the College will be delivered by Prof L. G. Khare on the "Evolution of Kingship" tomorrow (Thursday) at 5-30 p.m. at the College.

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

Prof. P.L. Buck of the Nebraska University (U.S.A.) will deliver lectures on Friday, (the 8th instant) and Saturday, (the 9th instant) at 5-45 p.m. in the Convocation Hall of the Bombay University. The lectures are open to the public. The subjects of lectures will be announced hereafter.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Wednesday, December 6, 1922.

THE REALITIES.

The proceedings of the Lausanne Conference show that the British attitude towards the Near East questions has not changed substantially since the fall of Mr. Lloyd George. But while Lord Curzon refuses to learn anything and profit by the disastrous failure of the Lloyd-Georgian policy, there are distinct indications that the British public is at last beginning to take the right view of the problems which the Lausanne Conference has been summoned to solve. This realisation is reflected in the extraordinary change in the views of pronounced Turkophobe London papers such as the "Observer" and the "Sunday Times", to which our Paris correspondent drew attention in his message which we published yesterday.

Both these papers now emphasise that the wisest course will be to face the realities in the Near East and to do something for securing Turkish friendship for Britain. And what is the outstanding reality in the Near East to-day? It is this that the Allies are face to face with a new Turkey not only determined to be free but also able to assert her rights and, above all, a strong Turkey conscious of the fact that her cause is just and is supported by the public opinion of Islam and Asia, not to speak of Russia. The "New York Herald" utters the truth bluntly when it says that "fundamentally the trouble lies in the fact that the Allies are still proposing peace terms as if the Turks were a defeated nation, while Ismet Pasha came to establish their status in future as an absolutely sovereign nation, like the Western Powers." That is the crux of the problem. The Allied diplomacy seeks still to concede to Turkey the "liberty" which means freedom to them to exploit Turkey economically and dominate it strategically in their own interests, whereas the liberty which the Turks are determined to secure for themselves is the liberty which the Western Powers themselves enjoy. The success of the Lausanne Conference will depend entirely on the recognition of this fact by the Allied diplomats.

As the "Sunday Times" says: "What Europe has to do is to make up its mind whether a better chance of peace is to be procured by trusting the Turks or by keeping them in a perpetual state of political and economic subservience. Europe should think less of compulsions and restrictions, and more of quite workable arrangements that can be negotiated between equals." The time is past when Europe could keep the Turks in a perpetual state of political and economic subservience, but the futility and folly of the attempt could not be better described than it has been by the "Sunday Times". The journal pleads for a new orientation in the British policy towards Turkey for economic and financial reasons. But there is an all-prevailing reason why Britain should revert to the policy of friendship towards Turkey traditionally followed by her until it gave place to one of hostility under the influence of Czarist Russia. And it is this that only through friendship with Turkey can she hope for the restoration of her lost prestige with Islam and the East generally.

A VAIN HOPE.

Those Congressmen, who advocate entry into Councils for the purpose of wrecking them, set great store by the possibility of bringing about a deadlock in the Councils by withdrawing from them after election and establishing a perpetual absence of quorum. But this is a vain hope. The Councils will never suffer from want of quorum even if the entire body of elected members stay away from it. This can be conclusively demonstrated from the following table which a correspondent of the "Leader" has prepared, showing the strength of the various Councils and the number of elected members each contains.

Name of Body.	Total No. of Members.	Elected.	Nominated	Special Constituencies.
Council of State ...	60	33	27	3
The Assembly ...	140	100	40	19
The Madras Legislative Council ...	127	98	29	17
The Bombay Legislative Council ...	111	86	25	13
The Bengal Legislative Council ...	139	115	24	32
The U. P. Legislative Council ...	123	100	23	10
The Punjab Legislative Council ...	87	65	22	7
The Bihar and Orissa Legislative Council	103	76	27	10
The C. P. Legislative Council ...	70	37	33	5
The Assam Legislative Council ...	53	39	14	3

If we turn to the rules for the Council of State and the Legislative Assembly, we find that the presence of not more than 15 members in the case of the Council of State and of not more than 25 members in that of the Legislative Assembly, is required to constitute a meeting of the Council or of the Assembly for the exercise of its functions. The nominated official and pro-official members are more than sufficient to form a quorum in the Council of State and the Legislative Assembly. Similar will be found to be the case with the provincial Councils. Does not this prove that those who have been counting on reducing the Councils to quorumless bodies have been building their hopes on sand? If you cannot effectively prevent the work of the Councils, what alternative is there for those who seek Council elections but to co-operate with the Government in some matters and non-co-operate in other matters as it suits their fancy, as is done by the present day Co-operators? If then there is no escape from Cooperation—call it "responsive co-operation" or anything else you choose—within the Councils, is it not necessary that those leaders of the Congress, who talk of wrecking the Councils by getting elected and then withdrawing from them, should face the hard realities of the situation, instead of nourishing hopes which can never be realised?

MAHARASHTRA AND CONGRESS PROGRAMME.

Despite the dust raised by a few individuals here and there the loyalty of Maharashtra to the Congress programme remains as firm and unshaken as before. The letter which several leading Congressmen of Maharashtra have addressed to Mr. Hardayal Nag utters the bare truth when it says that Maharashtra as a province is whole-heartedly determined to carry out the Mahatma's programme. The elections in both Maharashtra proper and the Berars go to prove that the pro-Council party has but a small following in the province in spite of the noise it makes and that the rank and file of Congressmen, not to say anything of the mass of the population, are solidly for the present constructive programme of the Congress and against entry into Councils. It will be futile to disguise or circumvent this fact, the significance of which, we trust, will not be lost on the minority, who favour Council entry. They may try, if they so wish, to win over the people to their view by the dispassionate logic of their arguments, but let them not deceive themselves or seek to deceive the country into the belief that their views are shared by the majority of the people. Whether in Maharashtra or elsewhere, as recent events have conclusively shown, the vast majority of Congressmen and the people at large, have unshakeable faith in the efficacy of the programme chalked out by their great leader. The policy of a few "leaders" seemed to raise doubts about the loyalty of Maharashtra to the Congress programme, but those in close touch with Congressmen and especially with the mute but awakened masses in Maharashtra, had no doubt as to that loyalty and recent events have given ample proof of their faith in Maharashtra.

THE SWISS CAPITAL LEVY.

The failure of the referendum in Switzerland on the question of the Capital levy does not prove the unsoundness of the proposition, so much as the inherent difficulty of making a mass of small peasant proprietors visualise the far-sighted economy of such proposals. Considered only as a tactical move, the Swiss Socialists, perhaps, erred in fixing their levy limit low enough to frighten the peasant. It may also be that the financial exigency in Switzerland is by no means serious enough to demand heroic measures, though if the civilised States of the world decide upon a policy of mutual cancellation of their indebtedness, irrespective of the magnitude of the debts, Switzerland may quite possibly have to reconsider this decision. But in any case, the present failure only means that, as in Russia and even in France, the conservative might of the small property-owner is likely to be even more formidable than that of the great industrial magnates of England, Germany or the United States. The latter, by the mere force of their dazzling splendour, arrest attention and invite reprisals. The former, being originally created and maintained by a desire to keep up some sort of equipoise in the distribution of the national dividend, constitute ultimately the most unyielding bulwark of the abuses of private ownership of the means of production. The Socialist parties all the world over should revise their tactics in the light of the lessons of the last English elections and) the referendum in Switzerland.

Notes of the Day

Propaganda.

To most of us it is a puzzle to know why Reuter's correspondent at Lausanne should take the trouble of cabling the views and statements of an obscure and nameless "observer" at the Conference. The latest "gup" broadcasted is that M. Chicherin, the Russian delegate, is "out for trouble" and that Russia is engaged in "efforts to sow distrust" among the participants in the Conference. The "observer" of Lausanne has probably as much existence as the reputed "traveller from Bokhara" with whose blood-curdling tales of Bolshevik doings in Eastern Turkestan the Peshawar correspondent of the Associated Press used to regale the newspaper reading public of this country sometime ago. Even if the "observer" does really exist in flesh and blood, he should not hide his light under a bushel, but let us know who he is, so that we may know what weight to attach to his impressions. Until that is done the reading public may be excused if they look upon his lugubrious essays as propaganda pure and simple. As for the remark that Russia is trying to sow the seeds of distrust, would it not be more correct to say that she is spoiling the game of the Allies—which is to despoil Turkey—by coming in between the Allies and their victim?

"Development" of Bombay.

The Bombay Development Directorate was brought into being with a flourish of trumpets and hopes were raised that the housing problem was fairly on its way to solution. The City Improvement Trust was found to be incapable of coping with the task of providing houses for the labouring classes, its building programme not keeping pace with its operations of demolition, and naturally the Development Directorate, with its extensive building programme, specially in the suburbs, led people to expect a large number of tenements, sanitary and cheap, specially built for the poorer classes. But they had not to wait long to be disillusioned. The Back Bay Reclamation Scheme, which originated from the fertile brain of the ex-Satrap, now notorious for his anti-Indian proclivities, and which was held in abeyance soon after it was launched, was dug up from its temporary grave and galvanised into life by the Development Directorate as soon as the money was found. This scheme found a foremost place in the Directorate's programme and lakhs of rupees began to be poured into the sea whose thirst for the hard-earned money of the people is proving insatiable. This white elephant has already absorbed a large portion of the Directorate's finances and it was the first eye-opener to the public with regard to the hopes entertained by them about the solution of the housing problem. But for this scheme the Directorate would have been able to concentrate its energies on the programme of building houses for the working classes and to bring the housing problem much nearer solution in a much shorter period than it has been able to do.

Houses for Working Classes

The main object of the Directorate is to provide houses for the working and other poorer classes of people, and the tenements which have been already built by the Directorate at Worli, DeLisle Road and Naigaum and which are now ready for occupation, are meant for the working classes. But the rates of rent fixed by the Directorate for rooms in these chawls are beyond the means of the labouring classes. These rates of rent, unless we are incorrectly informed, range between Rs. 13 and Rs. 16 per month per each room. Each room is 10ft. by 10ft. and the space is just sufficient for a family, considering the present unsatisfactory standard of living of the labouring classes. A man can spend on rent one-fifth or at the most one-fourth of his income and if he has to pay more his other needs are sure to suffer. The rates of rent for rooms in the chawls occupied by the mill workers, most of which have now, thanks to the demolishing operations of the Improvement Trust, disappeared, range between three and five rupees. The article on "Working Class Rents" in the last number of the "Labour Gazette" bears testimony to this fact. It begins with the following statement: "The predominant rents paid in Bombay by the working classes are from Rs. 3-8-0 to Rs. 5-8-0 for a single room and Rs. 7 to Rs. 10 for double rooms." The Labour Office which conducts this magazine has collected hundreds of workmen's family budgets and we are sure, it would not have advised the Development Directorate to fix their rents very high had it been consulted in the matter. These rents are practically prohibitive because only workmen whose monthly income is above Rs. 50 can afford to pay them. The scarcity of houses is, however, so great that the tenements now ready for occupation may find a few tenants. Ultimately these high rents are sure to lead to overcrowding as most of the tenants will have to resort to subletting. Thus the evil of overcrowding, which is responsible for the ill-health and inefficiency of the workmen, is likely to be perpetuated, instead of being removed, by the Development Directorate.

An Undesirable Principle.

We have been also given to understand that the Directorate has decided to rent its tenements to mill-owners and other employers of Labour who may desire to rent them again to their employees. We seriously doubt whether the Directorate will receive any offers of this sort, at the present rate of rent. But the principle is undesirable and must be repudiated by the general public. The workmen can occupy chawls built or provided by their employers only at the cost of their independence. If the employers want to tempt their workmen to lose their independence in this way let them build the tenements themselves and provide them at concession rates. Up to this time they have done very little in this direction: otherwise there would have been much less scarcity of houses for the working classes. There is no reason why the Capitalist class should be allowed to take an unfair advantage of the work done by the Development Directorate and thus to avoid making investment of their own money in building houses for their operatives. Another instance of the failure to realise the needs and conditions of the labouring classes is provided by the fact that the rooms in the chawls at Worli and DeLisle Road have no *nhanis* in them. The absence of *nhanis* means throwing waste water about the chawls on the ground, an open encouragement to insanitary habits. It is said a number of people have signified their unwillingness to occupy these rooms owing to this inconvenience. But the matter is not yet beyond remedy and we hope the authorities concerned will attend to this complaint. His Excellency the Governor is to open to-day the first tenements at Worli erected by the Development Department. The public need to be assured on the questions mentioned above.

The Rent Act.

Though it may readily be acknowledged that the modifications introduced by the Select Committee into the Rent Act amending bill mitigate to some extent the hardships that would otherwise have entailed, the public will still regard the Act as now finally adopted as highly unsatisfactory. The extension of the operation of the Act to August 31st, 1924 in the case of business premises and to December 31st 1925 in the case of the dwelling houses will be but poor relief to small business concerns and the poor and middle class families suffering from house famine. The original intention of Government to secure the protection of these classes till the housing and development programme in hand was on the fair way to completion has been abandoned without so much as a plausible excuse and the tenant world of Bombay are to be handed over to the tender mercies of the landlords. The public appeals to Government and the legislature to extend the operation of the Act to a sufficient length of time and not to sanction increases in the standard rent have proved unavailing. Though for the time being the mischief has been done and the Legislature has betrayed the interests of the majority of Bombay's population, it is not, we hope, quite irreparable. The new Corporation when it comes into existence, ought to demand, in the vital interests of the city, that the standard rent should be revised and the time-limit be extended by means of fresh legislation prior to the expiry of the periods at present prescribed.

A Case for Enquiry.

The explanation offered by the Municipal Commissioner, at Monday's meeting of the Corporation, regarding the acquisition of the land belonging to the widow, Bai Bhimabai, will be considered hardly satisfactory. The allegations made in the lady's petition are of too grave a character to be disposed of in an off-hand fashion. The fact that the lady ultimately accepted the compensation offered and signed the deed of transfer is no satisfactory excuse to gloss over the preliminary procedure adopted in securing the lady's consent. The question is, why did the Commissioner, when it was perfectly within his power to take possession of the required land under Section 299, and when he was agreeable so far back as 31st October 1918 to pay for it at the rate of Rs. 6 per square yard, go out of his way to move the Standing Committee of the Corporation and the Government for powers to acquire the whole of the property and with the aid of these powers to intimidate the lady, as alleged, into agreeing to part with the set back land at Rs. 4 per square yard? The land which was required for the purpose of the road was an unbuilt one and there seemed to be no necessity at all to threaten the lady with the acquisition of the whole of her property in case she refused the compensation offered. The lady alleges that when the Municipal Commissioner was communicated with in November 1919 regarding the rate of compensation, the latter put her off by referring her to the Executive Engineer and that in the meanwhile he moved the Standing Committee and Government for the acquisition of the whole of her property. The public would like to know whether there is any truth in the allegation that armed with the power to acquire the whole of the property, the Executive Engineer intimidated the lady into agreeing to part with the set back land at first at the rate of Rs. 6 per square yard and ultimately at the rate of Rs. 4 per square yard, holding out the threat in case of her non-acceptance of the rate, of the acquisition of her entire property? We hope the Roads Committee, to which the subject has now been referred, and the Corporation will thoroughly sift the matter, regardless of the question of the personalities involved.

Untouchability.

How Indians abroad have to suffer for the sin of untouchability committed by their countrymen in this country was well brought out by Mr. Andrews in one of his lectures in South India the other day. Mr. Andrews said:—

"Well I shall just narrate an incident which took place some time back. I was in Johannesburg, on the railway station platform with Ramdas, son of Mahatmaji. As soon as the train arrived Ramdas went into the compartment to reserve for him a seat just a little behind me. In a moment he was necked out by a European and twice assaulted. (Shame, shame.) Do not cry shame till you hear the end of my story. Mr. Ramdas was assaulted because he dared to enter the European quarter. I shall now turn and narrate another incident which took place when I was once at Palghat. I met a promising boy on the road. We walked along. When we had gone some way in a moment however the youth left me. He could not be seen anywhere near. I asked myself whether I had offended him in any way. I was extremely sorry. On enquiry another of my companions told me why the youth left me. He could not walk along that particular road—he would be beaten to death by the Brahmans. Friends there is absolutely no difference between the treatment meted out to Ramdas in the European quarter, at Johannesburg, and the treatment meted out to this Thiyya boy in the Brahman quarters at Palghat. It is one and the same problem."

Indians must be prepared to grant the same rights to their countrymen as they claim for themselves. With untouchability rampant amidst them they cannot claim equality of treatment for their countrymen abroad with a clear conscience. Mahatma Gandhi unerringly put his finger on the weakest spot when he laid down that untouchability must be removed before much progress can be made in the direction of winning political freedom. The movement of purification has done much, but more still remains to be done.

ZIONISM IN PALESTINE.

IMPOSITION DETESTED BY ARABS

LORD ISLINGTON URGES MODIFICATION.

LONDON, Dec. 4.

In the House of Lords to-day Lord Islington made a strong attack on the system of government in Palestine and urged that the legislation be introduced by which "the present zionist system of administraion" in Palestine which, he asserted, was positively detesed by the Arabs forming an overwhelming proportion of the population should be replaced by a system more nearly approximating to the national form of government. He maintained that this modified policy would give financial relief both to the British and the Palestinians.

BRITAIN AND MESPOT.

PREMIER UNABLE TO ANNOUNCE CHANGE OF POLICY.

LONDON, Dec. 5.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Lambert asked if the Premier was able to announce a change of policy which would lead to an early termination of our commitments and the consequent expenditure in Mesopotamia.

Mr. Bonar Law replied that he was not yet able to make an announcement on the subject, and he did not think that it would be possible to make a statement until the next session.

IRISH CONSTITUTION APPROVED BY THE LORDS.

LONDON, Dec. 4.

The House of Lords to-day passed the third reading of the Irish Constitution Bill after a critical and pessimistic speech by Lord Lansdowne and a bitter speech by Lord Carson.

A feature of the debate on the Irish Bill in the House of Lords was Lord Lansdowne's speech. He expressed the opinion that no measure had ever filled him with greater anxiety for the future and denied that there was any analogy with the Canadian case. He declared that the North America Act was marriage while the Irish Bill was a judicial separation. Lord Lansdowne did not desire to place any obstruction at the beginning of a long and arduous road, but predicted that the end of the road would not be found in the Bill.

Lord Carson bitterly commented that Britain had handed over her friends and the points of vantage to the enemy.

The Duke of Devonshire in winding up the debate admitted the heavy responsibilities, but said that the Government intended to do their duty honestly and courageously, confident of the Irish Government's sincerity to deliver the goods.

USE OF AEROPLANE AGAINST IRREGULARS.

DECIDING FACTOR IN THE STRUGGLE.

LONDON, Dec. 5.

A sensational sequel followed an ambush of the Free State troops in West Cork yesterday when an aeroplane arrived and bombed the Irregulars, who fled into the woods. There they were raked by machine-gun fire and suffered very heavy casualties. This is the first use of an aeroplane against the Irregulars that has been so successful and the opinion is that it will become the deciding factor in the struggle.

THE GERMAN FINES.

WHY THEY WERE IMPOSED.

DELHI, Dec. 5.

Indignant German comments upon the fines imposed by the Allies in respect of the interference with the personnel of the Inter-Allied Military Control Commission are probably based upon imperfect knowledge of the violent and objectionable nature of the incidents. There were three of these to which the attention of the German Government was called with generally unsatisfactory results. The incident at Stettin occurred on July 17th when the German military not only forcibly prevented the Allied officers from investigating the hidden store of arms but expelled them with violence. Four months elapsed and two Allied demands were made before even incomplete apology was offered for this episode. In Passau and Golstadt serious attacks were made on the Control Commission officers by mobs and in both cases the German police refrained from intervening. The circumstances were such that the Allies were compelled to impose substantial fines.—B. O. W.

CURE FOR CANCER.

MONTREAL, Dec. 4.

Lord Athelston's offer of the prize of a hundred thousand dollars, announced in January last to a graduate or student of any recognised University discovering a cure for cancer, has brought 2,715 claims from 41 countries. They have all satisfied the preliminary conditions of the Royal College of Physicians that there should be sufficient scientific basis in the professed cures to justify experimental investigation.

LAUSANNE

LACK OF PROGRESS

TURKS ASSIGN CAUSE TO BRITISH MACHINATIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 4.

Constantinople.—A telegram from Angora says that the National Assembly held a discussion on General Ismet Pasha's telegrams from Lausanne. The speakers expressed the opinion that the lack of progress was due to the machinations of the British, and the necessity was emphasised of General Ismet Pasha maintaining a bold, unwavering front because the present was a unique opportunity of securing Turkey's complete independence. The opinion was expressed that in the event of a rupture, Turkey was ready for all eventualities and would repudiate the responsibility, which would devolve on the British.

LATER.

The interest in the Conference which has recently been waning, has been revived by the opening of the discussion of the freedom of the Straits by the territorial and military commission. Four Russia delegates, Chicherin, Rakovsky, Vorofsky and Dilani, a Georgian, are taking part. The Commission this afternoon heard three proposals, Bulgarian, Rumanian and Russian. The Turks supported Russia's proposals for excluding the warships from the Black Sea and for leaving the guardianship of the Straits to Turkey. The Turks were not ready fully to state their case for which Lord Curzon rebuked them. The Commission thereupon adjourned *sine, die* in order to examine the proposals and give the Turks time to formulate their reply.

QUESTION OF STRAITS.

TURKEY REFRAINS FROM EXPRESSING HER VIEW.

DELHI, Dec. 5.

The question of the Straits was discussed for the first time at Lausanne to-day. When Lord Curzon who presided over the Commission invited the views of the delegates, a statement was read by M. Chicherin, various other delegates also speaking. According to the report of the Exchange Telegraph correspondent, Ismet Pasha refused to make known the Turkish point of view. The Commission adjourned probably until to-morrow.

ALLIED UNITY.

In reviewing the proceedings of Lausanne so far as they have gone, newspapers agree very real progress has been made with several extremely intricate questions. Upon all the subjects dealt with a spirit of complete unity has been displayed by the Allies who are obviously intent upon maintaining satisfactory co-operation. Upon one question, that of Capitulation, not only were the Allies agreed but all the countries possessing Caputality Treaty with Turkey showed themselves in accord with the views expressed by the Allies.—B. O. W.

M. CHICHERIN'S NOTE.

LONDON, Dec. 4.

Lausanne.—M. Chicherin's Note was drawn up after a long interview with Ismet Pasha. In it he says that in order not to aggravate the inconvenience which the complete absence of Russia would inevitably entail the Russian delegation will participate in the work of the Straits Commission.

"CHICHERIN OUT FOR TROUBLE."

LONDON, Dec. 4.

Lausanne.—While an observer who was present at the Conference to-day declares that M. Chicherin is apparently out for trouble, inquiries among the delegates result in an impression that the proceedings of the Straits Commission have had no effect on the Allies' views on the situation. It is believed that in spite of Russia's efforts to sow distrust it is still possible to reach a satisfactory conclusion.

MR. BONAR LAW'S EXPLANATION.

DELHI, Dec. 5.

Mr. Bonar Law replying to questions in the House of Commons said it was as a result of Cabinet decision that instructions were sent to Mr. Lindley, British Minister at Athens to threaten the breaking of relations with Greece. The Premier added that no influence had been brought to bear upon Greece to prevent the establishment of a Republic or retain the present dynasty. Mr. Mcneill, Under Secretary for foreign affairs said the question of the withdrawal of the British Naval Mission from Greece was still under consideration.—B. O. W.

KINGOF GREECE.

LONDON, Dec. 4.

The Greek Legation in London declares that the report that the King of Greece desires to leave the country, but is kept prisoner in the Palace is absolutely without foundation.

GREEK DELEGATION GUARDED BY POLICE.

LONDON, Dec. 4.

Lausanne.—The Greek delegation was closely guarded by the police when it arrived to attend the opening discussion on the Straits. M. Venizelos looked nervous and uncomfortable. He has recently received many threatening letters and it is known that certain Macedonian suspects have arrived in Switzerland and may intend to attempt his life.

RELEASE OF THREE GREEK GENERALS.

LONDON, Dec. 5.

Athens.—Generals Pallis, Valletti and Exadactilos (last named being the Chief of the General Staff) were released to-day.

LET THE TURKS RUN TURKEY!

WHY THEY DON'T TRUST BRITISH PROMISES

CO-OPERATION, AND NOT DOMINATION WANTED.

Mr. G. Ward Price, the famous war correspondent in the Near East writes in the "Sunday Pictorial."

Settlement with Turkey is the most urgent problem which the new British Government has to face.

On its solution depend the peace of the world and the tranquillity of our Eastern Empire.

The present trouble in Constantinople amounts to just this: that the Turks are demanding to be masters in their own house.

To that demand the Allies, who after the war settled themselves in Constantinople (temporarily, as they always proclaimed), have replied: "Certainly, you shall come in—but not yet. We must first have a conference at Lausanne, and draw up a new Peace Treaty."

Now, the reason why the situation in Turkey has become so dangerous is simply that the Turks do not trust us when we say this.

They think we shall find a pretext to thwart them of the full sovereignty in their own dominions which they claim as theirs by right.

ERRORS OF THE COALITION.

You get the measure of the errors of our last Government's Near Eastern policy when you realise that Britain's word, which used to stand so high with Orientals, now finds no acceptance even with the Turks, whom in the Crimea, and again at the Treaty of San Stefano, her support twice saved.

But it is only our recent blunders that have wrought this change, and by wisdom and straightforward dealing now we can regain that moral authority which we used to have.

To do this we must be patient as well as firm. *We have practically destroyed the Turk's faith in us during these last four misspent years.*

As lately as the Armistice we were faced by a very different Turkey, chastened, penitent, ready to submit to due penalties and eager for British help and guidance. But the Allied statesmen were soon busy at the Peace Conference in Paris, and the mere mention of Turkey aroused so many jealousies that the most fatal policy of all was adopted.

"BALFOUR'S ILL-OMENED MESSAGE."

The Earl of Balfour summed it up in an ill-omened message as that of "letting Turkey stew in her own juice."

It is that stew which has boiled up into the witches' cauldron now seething in Constantinople.

How did this happen? How is it that while in November, 1918, Great Britain's prestige stood higher in Turkey than it had ever been before, in November, 1922, it has sunk to its lowest recorded ebb?

The answer lies written plain across the face of recent history.

By a system which the "Sunday Pictorial" has never ceased to denounce our Near Eastern policy became a pawn in the game of politics.

I write with knowledge when I say that from 1919 onwards every kind of advice offered to the Coalition Government, whether from military, naval, diplomatic or civilian sources, was emphatically against that fatal policy of sending the Greek Army to land at Smyrna and undertake its ill-starred invasion of Anatolia.

QUESTION OF "ATROCITIES."

That measure was the greatest mistake in the diplomatic history of this generation, and the Coalition Government paid for it with its life.

But if the unwisdom and injustice of this deliberate attempt at the conquest of wholly Turkish territory are thus plain to us, how natural it is that they should have destroyed the old trust in Britain of the Turk!

To deal wisely with the present crisis we must realise how it looks to the Turk, remembering that he has just had to reconquer Asia Minor from an enemy who laid the country waste as he retraced, and that he regards Great Britain as the virtual ally and instigator of that enemy.

It is vain to confuse the issue by using catch-words like "the unspeakable Turk" or by dwelling overmuch upon "atrocities."

In the Near East no one's hands are clean of blood. Turk and Greek, Bulgar and Armenian, Christian and Moslem—all have murdered and pillaged, raped and burnt with equal readiness when their chance came.

During the past twelve years I have spent more time in Turkey than in England, and I believe the Turk of to-day is not unlike the Englishman of 300 years ago. He is a sturdy peasant, rough and brutal upon occasion, but with many likeable, manly qualities.

He is at present infused with a new spirit of aggressive nationalism similar to our own in Elizabethan days. Where the likeness ends is that the Turk has absolutely no constructive ability.

HOW TO REGAIN BRITAIN'S LOST PRESTIGE.

The problem now before us is to regain the prestige we have momentarily lost.

The way to do it is not to engage in a costly and aimless war with the Turk, but to use that moral authority, based on firmness and fairness, which he used to respect in the past, and will, when his present fever of aggressive nationalism has died down, respect again.

The fear that a moderate policy towards Turkey will result in a loss of British prestige is I think, exaggerated; for every Turk in his heart knows and respects the might of the British Empire.

What we want in the Near East is a Peace of Prosperity, not a Peace of Desolation. If war started now one of the first consequences would be the destruction of Constantinople by incendiarism and bombardment.

That would mean to Great Britain a huge loss of capital and to the Turks the sacrifice of the last civilised city in their country.

Only two months ago I watched historic Smyrna, filled with forty million pounds' worth of merchandise, go up in flame and smoke amid scenes of helpless suffering and terror such as even the Great War never saw. *It would be a crime against humanity to let the same fate overwhelm Constantinople.*

COOPERATION AND NOT DOMINATION

The privilege of a great Empire like ours is to take long views, and we can afford to be patient with the Turks. Let us offer to them co-operation rather than domination.

For in co-operation lies the future welfare of both countries. Forty-six per cent. of the shipping trade of Constantinople is British; nearly the whole of the city's insurance business also; ten per cent. of the Turkish National Debt belongs to British bondholders; half the quays and docks of Constantinople are ours, and ninety per cent. of the remittances for the export trade of Turkey pass through London.

It may be possible to conserve these interests if we can come to an understanding with the new Turkish Government; but in a war they would perish irretrievably.

When sovereignty has been restored to him in Constantinople the Turk will quickly find that he is less able than almost any nation to live without foreign help. The capital, the trading enterprise, the engineering skill of Constantinople come almost wholly from abroad.

If the Turks grasp their own interests they will soon come to look to us once more for guidance, perhaps even for protection, for the time may yet come when Russia, that slowly-reviving Colossus, stretches out her hand once more to seize Constantinople.

STRENGTH OF REFUGEES FROM CONSTANTINOPLE.

LONDON, Dec. 5.

Constantinople.—Refugees recently departed are estimated to number 110,000 orthodox Greeks; 15,000 Armenians; 12,000 Russians; 7,000 Jews; 6,000 Turks; and 20,000 people of various other nationalities.

TURKEY.

GENERAL SITUATION.

The following is taken from a Leipsig journal:—

Constantinople is still occupied by the Entente, and the whole economic life of the country suffers severely under the extreme uncertainty of things. The fluctuations of the exchange form a great hindrance to trade, for people abstain from giving orders or making investments. The greatest depression was reached about the middle of March, but towards the end of this month a general improvement set in owing to the results of the Paris Conference. The crisis seemed to have come to an end at the beginning of April but trade and traffic are still far from pre-war conditions.

CUSTOMS DUTIES.

Angora still adheres to the specific tariff of March 10th 1916 the duties of which are multiplied by five. In Constantinople, Smyrna, Syria and Palestine the original ad valorem duty of 11 per cent, of the time before the war, has been introduced again.

In Syria all values are overtaxed in order to prevent German imports.

POST AND TELEGRAPH.

The Turkish authorities have abandoned every censorship but the Entente is still censoring letters. There is a postal service to Angora four times a week.

SHIP TRAFFIC IN CONSTANTINOPLE.

During the last few months the average arrivals were 33 British, 35 French, 31 Italian, 95 Greek, 7 American, 5 Bulgarian and 4 Dutch vessels. Palestine was visited by 2,000 tourists in March.

TRADE.

Trade continues in a state of stagnation, but is looking up slightly since the beginning of April. Foodstuffs were the chief item of imports. Textiles were rather quiet. Silk is in demand, Germany and Italy being the chief buyers. Carpets did little business up to the end of March there being large stocks in Constantinople, and America the only buyer. Mohair continues firm, wool is fluctuating. Grapes, figs and tobacco are in brisk demand and fetch good prices. Oranges are increasingly exported more especially to England and bring good profits.

ALL-INDIA ULEMA CONFERENCE.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

GAYA, Dec. 4.

The All-India Ulema Conference holds its sessions on 24th, 25th and 26th innstants. Intending Ulema Mushaikhs, members of the Jamiat and other visitors are requested to inform the Secretary Reception Committee about the date of arrival at Gaya by December 20. Resolution to be moved at the Conference should also be sent by 20th December.

IMPERIAL SERVICES.

IMPEDIMENTS TO RECRUITMENT

QUESTION OF REDUCTION UNDER CONSIDERATION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 4.

Replying to Sir Charles Yate in the House of Commons, Lord Winterton stated that Lord Peel had not considered whether he could advantageously publish the report of the India Office Committee, which was appointed to advise him privately and informally with regard to a reduction of the impediments to recruitment in the United Kingdom of the members of the Imperial services in India, in which connection he was now corresponding with the Government of India. He also stated that Lord Peel was communicating with the Government of India with regard to alleviating the burden imposed on Government officials in India by the present high cost of passages to and from India. He regretted the delay but a complex constitutional question was involved, and he hoped shortly to give definite information. Lord Winterton also stated that Sir John Salmond's report on the Air Force in India dealt with the defence questions and in view of the important strategic considerations involved, its publication would not be in the public interest.

Lord Winterton promised to ask the Government of India about the cost of compiling the statement on the moral and material progress of India in 1921 and how much of the cost was covered by the sale of the book in India. He stated that the sales in England hitherto amounted to £33/10.

WILD FLUCTUATION IN COTTON.

RESPONSIBLE FOR HIGH RETAIL PRICES.

LONDON, Dec. 4.

In an article in a New York journal of commerce, Sir Charles Macara attributes he high retail price of cotton goods largely wild fluctuations in cotton owing to gambling in raw materials. He urges that in the interest not only of the planter, spinner and manufacturer but of consumer something should be done to eliminate his bugbear of industry.

SAFEGUARDING OF INDUSTRIES ACT.

MOTION FOR REPEAL REJECTED.

LONDON, Dec. 5.

In the House of Commons yesterday an amendment to the address in reply to the speech from the Throne demanding the repeal of the safeguarding of Industries Act evoked an unusual interest as revealing the future action of the National Liberals. Mr. Lloyd Greame declared that it was extremely unwise to repeal the anti-dumping legislation when the United States had established an extreme prohibitive tariff. Mr. Mond declared that the administration of the Act had gone beyond the expectations of the authors anticipations. He suggested the appointment of a Committee to enquire into the matter. The amendment was rejected by 269 votes to 207, The Labourites and some National Liberals voted with the minority and a few National Liberals abstained. The figures were greeted with ironical cheers and cries of "Resign!"

U. S. BUDGET.

LONDON, Dec. 5.

Washington.—President Harding is transmitting the budget to the Congress and it shows that he probable Government expenditure for 1923-24 is 3,181 million dollars which is half a billion below the current fiscal year. The receipts are estimated to exceed the expenditure by 181 million compared with the estimated deficit of 274 million for the current year, which President Harding hoped to see greatly reduced during the remaining seven months.

BRITISH LOANS TO AUSTRIA AND SUDAN.

LONDON, Dec. 5.

In the House of Commons, yesterday Mr. Baldwin moved a financial resolution, authorizing the amending of the Trade Facilities Act by increasing to fifty millions the aggregate amount of the loans which could be guaranteed for guaranteeing the Austrian loan arranged by the League of Nations, and guaranteeing the Sudan Government an irrigation loan. The debate disclosed hostility to the Austrian loan of the Communist Mr. Newbold, who declared that it was the last minute effort to save Austria and was in the interests of the bondholding clique of unscrupulous rascals.

Mr. Pringle (Liberal) moved an amendment limiting the guarantees to the undertakings within the United Kingdom. This was eventually defeated by 195 to 106 votes after a debate full of discussion, which lasted six hours. The resolution was passed without division at 5 o'clock in the morning.

SEQUEL TO MCGRIGOR'S BANK FAILURE.

LONDON, Dec. 5.

A supplementary army estimate, for £340,000 has been issued for the compensation for army officers who are victims of the failure of McGrigor's Bank, representing a dividend of ten shillings in the pound.

"The Daily Express" states that Mr. Arthur Page K. C. has been appointed a Judge of the High Court of Calcutta.

BOMBAY COUNCIL

PORT TRUST ACT AMENDED

DEBATE ON ENTERTAINMENT TAX.

The Council resumed its sittings yesterday, Sir N. G. Chandaverkar presiding.

Two Bills (1) Bill No. XIX of 1922; a Bill further to amend the Port Trust Act, 1879, and (2) Bill No. XXII; a Bill further to amend the Opium Act, 1878, were passed through the Council unanimously. The first Bill provides 21 Trustees on the Board of the Port Trust instead of 17 as at present. It also allots more seats to Indian commercial communities than before. The second Bill modifies the Opium Act and empowers a Salt and Excise Inspector and a Preventive Officer to exercise the powers of a police officer in charge of a police station.

The third Bill, viz;—Bill No. XX of 1922, an Act to impose a duty in respect of admission to entertainments in the Presidency of Bombay as amended by the Select Committee however aroused heated discussion when it came for the second reading. This Bill imposed duty from one anna on a twelve anna ticket to rupee one on a five rupee ticket on places of entertainment. Even complimentary passes are not immuned from the impost. Some of the members put the case of cinema proprietors before the Council very lucidly and tersely when they said that they already paid import taxes on films, etc., and cinema industry being ingenuous and growing it should be protected and not strangulated. The Government members, of course, remained adamant and supported the Bill because the taxes realised were to be utilized for the purpose of primary education.

Rao Bahadur Chitale (Ahmednagar District) however did not feel that it would prove a burden to the poor as they could well afford to pay a little extra on luxury of going to cinema when they were spending so much on pan supari and bidi, etc.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL.

At first the first reading of the Bill further to amend the Bombay Port Trust Act, 1879, was taken up. The object of the Bill is to increase the number of the trustees of the Board from 17 to 21. Opportunity is being taken at the same time to make the seats allotted to Indians elective. It is proposed to allot five seats for election by the Indian Merchants' Chamber and Bureau, two seats for election by the Municipal Corporation and one seat for election by the Bombay Mill Owners' Association. The number of nominee trustees is reduced to seven and the provision requiring Government to nominate three Indians among the nominee trustees is done away with.

MORE ADEQUATE REPRESENTATION FOR THE MUNICIPALITY.

Mr. V. A. Dabholker congratulated the Government for bringing in the Bill but he thought that in view of the enlarged Municipal Corporation numbering 106 members, the Corporation should have been given more adequate representation. He, also, pleaded for the retention of the Municipal Commissioner on the Board.

Mr. A. G. Bullocke (Bombay Trades Association) said that for the past 20 years his constituency had been urging the Government, including the present Government, for appointing representatives of his association on the Board, but so far nothing had been done. His constituency was vitally interested in the administration of the Port Trust and he hoped that, as in Bengal and Madras, the Bombay Trading Community would be given adequate representation on the Port Trust.

"NO SEPARATE REPRESENTATION."

Mr. S. K. Bole (Bombay City North) regretted that so far the rights of the capitalists only had been recognised, and no provision was made to appoint a representative of labour on the Board. As labour contributed a great deal to the prosperity of the Port Trust he hoped that a representative of labour would be included on the Board.

"NO SEPERATE REPRESENTATION."

Sir Chimanlal Setalwad replying to the debate, expressed surprise that the Bombay Municipality wanted the Municipal Commissioner on the Board. As for Labour, the Hon. Member said that after great deal of agitation the labour community had secured a lower franchise, and if they went on asking for more and more concessions he failed to see where their demands might stop. As to the Trades Association representative's complaint, Sir Chimanlal said that as the Bombay Chamber of Commerce represented the European trading community, as a whole, he saw no necessity for giving the Trades' Association separate representation.

The Bill was then read for the first time and referred to a Select Committee.

OPIUM ACT.

The Hon. Mr. C. V. Mehta, Minister in charge of Excise and Forests, then introduced a Bill further to amend the Opium Act, 1878.

It is stated in the Statement of Objects and Reasons that:—

"The Bill is to empower Excise officers not below the rank of Inspector and Customs officers not below the rank of Preventive officer to grant bail to persons charged with offences under the Opium Act, 1878, and to conduct the various stages of the preliminary investigation of such cases. As the Act stands at present, Excise officers must take opium cases detected by them to the officer in charge of the nearest police station for investigation. Until recently, Excise officers in Bombay City making opium seizures were permitted by the Presidency Magistrates to commit and prosecute such cases without the intervention of the police. But this procedure has since been challenged, and strict compliance with the provisions of the Opium Act

Continued on next page.

BIJAPUR DISTRICT CONFERENCE.

EFFICACY OF CONSTRUCTIVE PROGRAMME.

(From our Correspondent.)

BIJAPUR, Dec. 4.

The District Conference reassembled yesterday at two. In all 13 resolutions were passed. Of these two are important.

The Conference expressed implicit faith in Mahatma Gandhi's non-violent non-co-operation which was the only method to attain Indians' goal and, therefore, adopted the non-co-operation resolution as passed at Ahmedabad and modified by the Delhi Bardoli resolution, fully believing in the efficacy of the constructive programme.

In view of the resolution passed at Calcutta and reaffirmed at Nagpur and Ahmedabad the Conference is definitely of opinion that contesting Council elections is a retrograde and undesirable step.

These two resolutions were fully discussed for four hours from all standpoints. Among the speakers who supported the above resolutions were Messrs. Mujli, Karnad, Sadashivrao Kadapa and Deo. Both the resolutions were unanimously carried.

After a few concluding remarks from the president the Conference concluded its sitting at 9 p.m. amidst great enthusiasm.

ALLAHABAD IN FAVOUR OF COUNCIL ENTRY.

(Associated Press.)

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 5.

The next meeting of the Working Committee of the All-India Congress Committee will be held in the President's Camp at Gaya on tht 22nd inst.

A general meeting of the members of the District Congres Committee was held at the Congress Office here yesterday to elect thirteen delegates to the Indian National Congress at Gaya. There was a large attendance. Thirty-three names were put up for the election, of which it is said, fourteen were Pro-Councilites and the rest were Anti-Councilites. Thirteen Pro-Councilites were returned by a large majority. Pandit Shamlal Nehru headed the poll with hundred and eighty-seven votes. The highest number of votes secured by Anti-Councilites was thirty-six and the lowest five. There was a great deal of excitement at the meeting.

EAST KHANDESH REPUDIATES PRO-COUNCIL PARTY.

(From a Correspondent.)

JALGAON, Dec. 4.

The East Khandesh District Congress Committee has wired to Pt. Motilal Nehru as follows:—The East Khandesh District Committee recognises the Maharashtra Prantik Committee with Mr. S. M. Paranjpye as President. The Committee has no doubt that the meeting held by Mr. Mehta at Virar at 6 p.m. was unconstitutional. The Committee's delegates to Gaya Congress are asked to recognise the Prantik Committee. A copy of the list is posted for your information.

AHMEDABAD RED CROSS FETE.

(Associated Press.)

AHMEDABAD, Dec. 4.

Large crowds of people are visiting daily the Fancy Fair Red Cross Fete. To-day Mrs. Dinbai Sorabji Lalcaca, eldest daughter of Sir Nowroji Pestonji, Vakil, C.I.E., performed the second day's opening ceremony. Khan Bahadur Kadri, Chairman of the Committee, announced that Sir Nowroji, Vakil, had made a donation of Rs. 500.

PICKETING IN AHMEDABAD.

(Associated Press.)

AHMEDABAD, Dec. 4.

Picketing of foreign cloth continues from 2 to 5 p.m. The picketing is peaceful and it seems the cloth merchants are not much affected.

MORE GURDWARAS SURRENDERED TO S. G. P. C.

(Associated Press.)

AMRITSAR, Dec. 4.

The Gurudwara Prabandak Committee state that Mahants Lachman Singh of Gurdwara Lehb Kalan and Sunder Singh of Gurdwara Lehb Kalan have handed over the management of their Gurdwaras to the Prabandhak Committee. The control and management of Gurdwara Tahira-Taheer at Hoshiarpur has also been formally transferred to the S.G.P. Committee by the local committee which has been managing its affairs for some years past.

It is stated that a big "Dewan" is to be held at Khadu Sahib, District Amritsar, on the 10th and 11th instant, under the auspices of the S.G.P.C. to discuss measures to reform the management of the Gurdwara of this place. It will be remembered that the Managers of Khadu Saheb Gurdwara have refused to hand over their Gurdwara to the S.G.P.C.

Mrs. Gandhi arrived at Hariana yesterday.

ELLORE CONGRESS WORKER ARRESTED.

(Associated Press.)

An Ellore message says that Mr. D. Narayanaraju, Secretary, the West Godavari District Congres Committee and member of the All-India Congress Commitee was arrested this morning in the Congres office on a warrant under Section 124-A for a speech delivered by him at Rajahmundry on Mr. Gandhi's birthday.

DR. VARADARAJULU'S PROPERTY.

TO BE ATTACHED BY INCOMETAX. AUTHORITIES.

(Associated Press.)

SALEM, Dec. 5.

It is strongly rumoured that the Income-tax authorities have issued warrants to attach the properties of Dr. Varadarajulu Naidu on his refusal to pay the income-tax. Sensation prevails in the city.

FRONTIER SITUATION.

(Associated Press.)

DELHI, Dec. 4.

Lord Rawlinson's despatch covering the operations in Waziristan for the period of 1st April to 31st December 1921, is published. It refers inter alia to the intermittent shelling of Makin and its neighbourhood and the action of Shahur Tangi all of which resulted in the submission of the tribesmen who accepted our terms. They had become alive to the fact that their raids were more dangerous to carry out and less productive in the shape of looted arms and supplies. Our continued occupation of their country had brought about a district improvement in the situation of Waziristan though certain irreconcilables were still implacable and had so far refused to accept our terms but the country was still far from settled and although the tribal leaders freely came in for conferences when summoned yet it was dangerous for individuals or troops in small parties to move beyond the limits of the protected posts or lines of communication.

PESHAWAR, Dec. 5.

In Swat the Mian Gul is endeavouring to extend his influence over Swat Kohistan—a policy which may again bring him in the conflict with the Nawab of Dir.

Several recent highway robberies in Peshawar district are attributed to a gang of local outlaws who have been systematically hunted for several months past by the Frontier Constabulary and police and are now desperate. Their capture is not likely to be long delayed.

The Manazais of the Kohat border have recently shown satisfactory desire for peaceful relations and have paid fines in three cases including Rs. 700 in each of the two cases of theft of Government rifles. Further south, the unsettled condition of Mahsuds still leads to some raiding but the intensive patrolling by constabulary who have been reinforced has succeeded in keeping it in check. In a recent case police and villagers intercepted a gang and effected the release of a Hindu and other captives. At the end of November several Khashadar posts recently established in the area between Gumal and Sarwakai had to be withdrawn owing to the threatening behaviour of the hostile Mahsud sections.

SITTINGS OF RETRENCHMENT COMMITTEE.

(Associated Press.)

DELHI, Dec. 4.

Lord Inchcape presided over the full day's meeting of the Retrenchment Committee which reassembled to-day after a short recess. It is understood that the standing Finance Committee has sanctioned at to-day' meeting a sum of £113000, which is the estimated cost of Indian buildings in th British Empire Exhibition with appurtenances.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 5.

The market to-day had been a difficult one to put business through in. A marked falling off in the number of Howrahs and Clives, which changed hands was noticeable. The general tone was quiet Howrahs at one time dropping to Rs. 45 and Clive to Rs. 34/8. Only a small business was reported in other jute shares. Cottons are still quiet, Dunbars being quoted Rs. 280 and Kesorams Rs. 10. A very small turn over took place in the coal shares and generally this section was quiet with prices easier towards the close. Bhalgoras were in demand. B. I. Corporation were enquired for. In the miscellaneous section Hume and Pipe improved to Rs. 1/6. Only three tea transactions were reported. Prices remained unchanged. Government securities were easier with sellers in evidence. Bank shares remained firm. The following were the closing quotations:—

Government securities:—3 1/2 per cent., Government paper 58/3; 6 per cent. bonds 1932 100/15 s. i. Bank conty 332 s. l.

Cotton:—Bengal Nagpore cotton 340, Dunbar 280, Kesoram 10.

Jute:—Birla pref. 70, Budge Budge 425/8, Clive 34/12, Dalhousie 337, Howrah 45/4, do pref. 97 s. l., Hukumchand 1/10, discount, Kanknarrah 450 s.o.l., Reliance 45/12, Union pref 99 x. dd.

Coal: Adjai 360, Bansra 11/8, Bhalgora 15/4, Bhulanbararee 41; Bilbera 6/12, Burra Dhemo 7-2; Century 2-12 Jainty Central 13/8, Nazira 8/4, Pench River 11/8, Pench Valley 38 c. d. Raneegunge 57/8 c. d., Satpukuria and Asansol 4/14, Seebpore 35/8, South Govindpur 3, Sowardih 7, Talcher 9.

Miscellaneous:—Eastern Paint 3/4, Dacca Electric Supply 11, Hume Pipes and Concrete construction 1/6, Indian Iron and Steel 50, Peaces Slipway 14, British India Corporation defd. 18//14, G. A. Achard 16, x.d. Indo Burma Tin 4/4, Rajshahi Tannery 3/14, Indian General Navigation ordy, 110, New Savan Sugar 4/12.

Tea:—Bishnauth 17/12, Bhatkhawa 50/8, Central Cachar 70.

Exchange:—Bank telegraphic transfer one shilling three and twenty-nine thirty-two and demand bills one shilling thre and fifteen sixteenth pence.

SRIMATI PARVATI DEVI.

SENTENCED TO 2 YEARS' R. I.

(Associated Press.)

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 5.

Srimati Parvati Devi has been found guilty, at Meerut under Sections 124A and 153 A I. P. C. and sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment for her two speeches.

ALL INDIA T. U. CONGRESS.

(Associated Press.)

LAHORE, Dec. 4.

Arrangements for the forthcoming session of the All-India Trade Union Congress are proceeding apace. It is understood that Mr. Joseph Baptista of Bombay will preside. Bengal workers are sending their full quota of delegates, and steel workers and coa miners will be strongly represented. Th most important topic for discussion will be the formation of a Political Labour Party working in closest touch with the executiv of the Trade Union Congress. This party, it is expected will contest the next elections to provincial legislatures irrespective of the verdict to be given by the Gaya Congres on the question of council entry.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, Dec. 5.

Weather has been dry. Information from ships is scanty and it is doubtful how far the storm in the Arabian Sea which was yesterday at sixty-four east eleven north has moved.

Forecast.—Dry weather.

BENGAL FLOOD RELIEF FUND.

We have received the following amounts:—

			Rs.
Mrs. Husain B. Tyebji	...	...	100
A Sympathiser	...	...	65
M. J.	...	...	10

BOMBAY DRAINAGE AND INTERCEPTING TRAP.

PLEA FOR ABOLITION OF THE TRAP.

The following is the summary of a paper on "the Advantages and Disadvantages of the Intercepting Trap in the Drainage System of Bombay", read at the annual meeting of the Bombay Association of the Institution of Engineers, India, by Mr. K. Burjorji. Dadyburjor B. A., L. C. E:—

The Intercepting trap has an important bearing not only on the working of the sewerage system, but on the health of the City of Bombay. The intercepting trap is the trap which prevents the foul gases of the street sewer from entering the house drain. Its essential feature is a water seal, which allows the foul liquids to pass through the traps, but does not allow any gases to flow backward through the trap.

The intercepting trap has two other special features one the raking arm, and the other the fresh air inlet. The raking arm is pipe provided above the trap, connecting the inspection chamber with the sewer connection beyond the trap, for the purpose of emptying the chamber in case of a block. The opening of this pipe into the chamber is closed with a stopper in order to prevent the access of sewer air into the drain. The fresh air inlet, is an opening with a mica flap near the ground level generally in front of the house on the house drain side of the trap.

The intercepting trap has been the basis of all house connections in all civilised countries uptil 1911, when it was condemned as insanitary by an expert Committee appointed by the Local Government Board, England. The Committee made an investigation lasting 4 years, examined 52 witnesses and submitted their report. As a result of their inquiry and report, the compulsory provision of intercepting traps is now abolished in England. The main disadvantages of the intercepting trap are (1) that it is an obstacle to the flow of sewage; (2) that the fresh air inlet often acts as foul air outlet; (3) that on account of the fact, that the stopper of the raking arm is usually misplaced, the foul gases of the sewer have often access to the house drain; and (4) that the trap on account of the accumulation of sewage is liable to be completely blocked.

The main advantage of the Intercepting trap, and which is the primary object for which it is put, is, that it prevents the passage of sewer air from the sewer into the house drain and thus it prevents the entry of sewer air into dwellings. There is no doubt that the intercepting trap usually answers its purpose as a barrier to the passage of sewer air into the house drain, provided that the stopper of the raking arm is in its place.

If we now turn our eyes outside Bombay, it is found that the intercepting trap is more and more discarded in other cities. In Calcutta, it is now not compulsory. In Madras, it is very little used. And in similar towns, it is not used, because fortunately, the people cannot afford to pay its cost, as the houses are of poor construction. In these towns the intercepting trap is replaced by the simple gully trap at the foot of the water-closet as at Ahmedabad, with most satisfactory results.

If the intercepting trap is abolished, the one good result will be that there will be a free flow of sewage from the water-closets to the sewer, and the nuisance from the accumulation of sewage in the trap will be done away with.

There has always been improvement of health after introduction of systematic drainage in European cities. The death rate has invariably fallen, in some cases from 25 per 1000 to 15 per 1000. But in Bombay, the death-rate instead of falling is increasing from year to year. It is a fallacy to attribute the whole of the insanitary condition of Bombay to congestion or overcrowding in the city, on account of which, the people get insufficient pure air to breathe. One of the chief causes of the insanitary condition of Bombay is the pollution of the fresh air by sewage gases, and the intercepting trap is the chief factor in such pollution.

One of the main reasons why the intercepting traps are not abolished in Bombay is the offensiveness of the street sewers. But to a great extent, the offensiveness of the sewers in Bombay is due to the intercepting traps. So long as we have intercepting traps, we will have offensive sewers, and so long as we have offensive sewers, we need the intercepting traps. We are thus in a vicious circle, and the only remedy to get out of this vicious circle is to do away with the traps, which will make the sewers also less offensive.

I am of opinion that the intercepting trap is more harmful in a tropical country, because the production of foul gases in the trap is more intense here than in a colder country. And on account of the intense overcrowding of the people in large premises in Bombay, the production of the foul gases is the greatest in the intercepting traps in Bombay.

If a proper inquiry is made in Bombay, it will bring to light the hidden evils of these traps and will probably result in their abolition, if not wholly to a great extent.

BOMBAY COUNCIL.

(Continued from previous page.)

is enforced. To obviate the delay and inconvenience entailed by this, it is proposed to amend the Act so as to place the investigation of opium offences in the hands of authorised officers of the Salt and Excise and Customs departments whenever possible."

The Bill passed through the first, second and third readings without discussion.

ENTERTAINMENT TAX.

The Hon. Mr. H. S. Lawrence then introduced Bill No. XX of 1922, an Act to impose a duty in respect of admission to entertainments in the Presidency of Bombay as amended by the Select Committee for seconded reading.

Rao Bahadur R. R. Kale (Satara District) moved an amendment that the Bill be recommitted to the Select Committee to make additional provisions in the Bill to tax payment made into the totalizator or to bookmakers licensed under the Bombay Race Course License Act 1912.

The amendment was disallowed.

PLEA TO EXEMPT COMPLIMENTARY PASSES.

Mr. G. B. Trivedi (Thana District) said he did not oppose taxation on race courses but he strongly objected to any measure to tax cinemas and theaters. Cinema was a new industry in India which required encouragement and any taxation on it would kill the industry. In Bengal in spite of the public protest the Government launched the measure of taxation with a view to realize Rs. 30 lakhs a year but in the past six months they have raised a revenue of Rs. 1 lakh only. The complimentary passes too were not exempted from the taxation which he averred was bad on principle. A cinema proprietor generally gave complimentary tickets to his relatives and the Press and to tax such tickets was not justifiable.

Mr. A. N. Surve (Bombay City North) suggested exemption of taxes on complimentary passes for the Press and artistes. He also appealed to the House to earmark the proceeds for the furtherance of primary education only.

Mr. C. M. Gandhi (Surat City) said he signed the Select Committee's report on the distinct understanding that Government exempt the lower classes of tickets and also that they should tax the race courses so that more income be accrued. He also suggested that the operations of the Bill be limited to only one year and that the proceeds thereof be utilized for the furtherance of primary education.

Mr. I. S. Haji (Bombay City) said Cinema was a new industry that required protection from the Government. It was an ingenuous and growing industry and because it was controlled by Indians and competing with foreign countries under such circumstance to tax it would mean to strangulate it in its infancy.

Rao Bahadur G. K. Chitale (Ahmednagar District) said primary education required more funds and a little taxation for this purpose would not be a burden. Poor people spent a good deal in pan supari and bidi, etc., and he did not think a small taxation on cinemas would kill that industry.

Mr. G. Findlay Shirras (Nominated) in supporting the second reading said primary education must be pushed forward with a view to attain higher standard of living, skilled labour and better production. This could not be done without money. The Bill was framed to raise money for primary education and he therefore supported it.

A closure was applied at this stage and the Bill was read a second time.

Amendments were then moved on the Bill and the Council adjourned till noon to-day when further consideration on the Bill will be resumed.

THE INDIAN LEGISLATURE.

(Associated Press.)

DELHI, Dec. 5.

Circular letters have been addressed to the members of he Council of State and the Legislative Assembly by the Secretary to the Legislative Department about the forthcoming session of the Legislature in Delhi.

As already announced the Council of State will sit on the 24th January and the Legislative Assembly on the 15th idem, that is, nine days earlier. There will be an adjournment of the Council of State for a week from February 5th during which period the Chamber of Princes will be occupying the Council Chamber. It was the intention of the President of the Council to fix the first meeting of the resumed session on the 17th January, but the date indicated has been finally settled on a representation from the Government that there will not be sufficient Government business available to justify the summoning of the members at an earlier date.

PRINCE RECOVERS FROM MISHAP.

LONDON, Dec. 4.

The Prince of Wales has quite recovered from his mishap on Saturday. He was received by the King at the opening of the Smithfield cattle show at Islington this afternoon as President of the Exhibition.

Official and Personal.

Rt. Hon. Srinivasa Sastri arrives at Poona on Sunday next. The same morning there will be a special meeting of the Deccan Sabha to offer him a hearty welcome. In the afternoon the Sabha will be "At Home" to meet him.

The Hon. Sir Frederick and Lady Whyte arrived at Government House on Tuesday.

Lord and Lady Willingdon left Calcutta for Madras on the 4th instant. Lord Lytton and the staff left for Bharatpur the same evening. His Excellency will return to Calcutta on the 9th instant.

ECONOMY OR PRODIGALITY!

EMPIRE EXHIBITION COSTS INDIA 17 LAKHS.

(From our Correspondent.)

DELHI, Dec. 5.

A rather incongruous scene was enacted at the Imperial Secretariat buildings yesterday more or less at the connivance of the Government of India while the Retrenchment Committee under the presidency of Lord Inchcape was deliberating at one end of the building as to how best to cut down the present heavy expenditure of the Government of India. The Standing Finance Committee freely sanctioned sixteen lakhs ninety-five thousand rupees or roughly seventeen lakhs towards the cost of building the Indian section of the British Empire Exhibition and other expenses connected therewith. Only four days ago I mentioned the waste of sixty thousand rupees over Mr. Sastri's Imperial Mission which was admittedly a failure and now the Finance Committee has granted without any compunction and I understand without protest from any member more than twenty times that amount on another grandiose scheme of the Imperial variety. That India has more to lose and practically very little to gain from participation in the British Empire Exhibition was sufficiently brought home to Government by some members of the Central Legislature when the subject was first discussed in the Assembly; but as it was a Government motion to support which there were a host of elected members besides, of course, the nominated group all attempts at rejection failed. The financial aspect of the matter was then carefully left in the background and the supporters of the resolution were quite unaware of the cost of participation in the Exhibition, but now that the demand for seventeen lakhs had been put and the Finance Committee got round to sanction the amount, doubts have been expressed in non-official circles of Delhi as to the propriety of this action.

It is difficult to understand the mentality of the Government of India who are blowing hot and cold in the same breath. On one side they profess to be very anxious for economy and retrenchment and on the other they lavishly spend lakhs and lakhs on objects of doubtful utility. The Finance Committee should not have agreed to sanction the amount asked for, but the upholders of Imperial interests invariably succeed with their pet arguments. Of the fourteen members five were absent and of the nine present Sir Montagu Webb was easily the ablest alongside Mr. T E. Moir, who presided. The Hussan Ally's and Cotelingam's were present only to nod and who will deny after this that they are the "Custodians of public Finance." The object of the appointment of the Standing Committee was to advise Government from the Indian tax-payers point of view on the necessary items of expenditure and not to say ditto to whatever is said on the side of Government. But the constitution of the Committee is such that no such advice could ever be given or if given could ever prevail. The Legislative Assembly has got to give its formal approval to the Standing Finance Committee's decision when the supplementary grants come to be voted upon. An attempt can still be made to avert the loss of seventeen lakhs of rupees for India. But will any one try this is the question on everybody's lips. What will the Democratic Party do? Will it be true to its name?

COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.

L. C. P. S. XAM. RESULTS.

Out of 157 candidates who appeared at the Final L. C. P. S. Examination held last month the following 72 have passed:—

Mohammed Sadique Abdul Latif, Cyril Bertram Alfred, Mohammad Jafar Attar, Thakurdas Khemchand Babur, Dahyabhai Vrajlal Bhagat, Utamchand Tarachand Bhagchandani, Achut Shrinivas Bhandarkar, Gulbai Cawas Bharda, Samuel Burfoot, Krishna Hanmant Chauthai, Balwantrao Gopalrao Chohan, Brijbhushalal Dargar, Anandibai Davarey, Mohanlal Purshotamdas Dave, Dharmabai Davids, Krishnalal Chunilal Desai, Ramnik Himatla Desai, Babu Sakharam Deshpande, Ajodhyasingh Pragsingh Dikshit, Gopal Hari Dongre, Chetanram Hotchand Gajria, Vernon Maxwell George, Valentine Joseph Gomes, Vishnu Rangnath Gosavi, Dhalumal Rewachand Hingorani, Kewalram Baniram, Israni, Shridhar Haripant Jambotkar, Pandurang Raghvendra Jangi, Dattatraya Gopal Kane, Vasudeo Shripad Kanitwar, Moreshwar Narhar Karmarkar, Ochiram Chatansing Keswani, Mayaram Shewaram Kewalramani, Kishinchand Hassaram Khubchandani, Vishambhar Dayal Kulshrista, James Mathew Linford, Gordhandas Ramchand Makhijani, Sachanand Ghanshamdas Makhijani, Krishnaji Laxman Malshet, Dhondu Vithal Mane, Girdharilal Vehomal Matai, Dhirubhai Vanmalidas Mehta, Naraindas Tikamlal Minocha, Mangharam Tarachand Mirchandani, Malatibai Annarao Mulay, Bhomrao Subarao Mysore, Chhotalal Laxmishakar Naik, Vishwanath Sitaram Nijasure, Narayan Krishna Panse, Dahyabhai Narsibhai Patel, Gordhanbhai Ambalal Patel, Gangadhar Chintaman Pendse, Keshav Abaji Pradhan, Shantaram Waman Pradhan, Naraindas Basarmal Ramrahani, Tuljaram Thanwardas Ratanchandani, Doulat Keshao Salve, Bhimrao Sadashiv Sathe, Shaikh Dawood Shaikh Ahmed, Sulochanabai Simons, Parbhudayal Damodardas Singhal, Haridas Shrivastava, Chuharmal Parsram Sujansingani, Raghavendra Ramrao Tavargeri, Ramchandra Gundo Reggi, Narayan Bhumaya Tote, Kesrinath Shrikrishna Trailokaya, Amritlal Dulabhji Trivedi, Girjashankar Kanji Trivedi, Somdutt Vaid, Bhaskar Narayan Wadekar, Narayan Govindrao Wakankar.

INDIAN NEWS IN BRIEF.

A Rangoon message of the 4th inst. says:—Members of the Mission of help arrived here and the majority will return to India at the end of December.

• • • •

A Gaya message says the session of the All-India Ulema Conference will be held here from December 24th to 26th.

• • • •

The appointment of Mr. E. M. Cook as temporary Member of the Governor-General's Council in the Finance Department has been gazetted.

• • • •

Sir M. Visveswarayya will preside over the next All-India Science Congress to be held in Lucknow during the second week of January.—(A. P.)

• • • •

The U. P. Government has decided that in future the presentation of *Nazars* at the Provincial Durbars should be voluntary.—(A. P.).

• • • •

An Ahmedabad message of the 5th inst. says:—It is strongly rumoured that picketing of foreign cloth will soon be stopped on certain conditions with the merchants.—(A. P.)

• • • •

A Delhi, message of the 5th inst says.—It is understood that the Government Bill dealing with racial distinctions as provided for in the Criminal Procedure Code is ready for introduction in the Central Legislature.—(A. P.).

• • • •

The District Traffic Superintendent, Pakala at Venkatagiri, wires that anent his wire regarding the breach between Venkatagiri, and Venod the line has been restored and through running resumed from fourteen hours to-day.

• • • •

An Ahmedabad message of December 5th says: H. H. Thakoresaheb Jaswat Singhji, Thakore of Sanand performed the opening ceremony of the Red Cross fete and gave a donation of Rs. 500. There was a large gathering of people to-day also.—(A. P.)

• • • •

A Delhi message of the 5th inst. says:—It is officially announced that when Mr. A. C. Chatterjee, I.C.S., takes his seat as a temporary member of the Governor-General's Council Mr. A. H. Ley, I.C.S., will become temporary Secretary in the Department of Industries.

The session of Bihar Orissa Legislative Council began on December 4. Khan Bahadur Khwaja Mohammad Nur who took his seat as President was welcomed by several members who expressed satisfaction at his appointment. Consideration of the Bihar Tenancy Bill was postponed to the next session.

Brigadier-General George Pereira who set out on a journey from Pekin to Calcutta by way of Lhassa arrived in Calcutta a few days ago. The journey was over seven thousand miles and Mr. Pereira traversed more than half of it on foot. The strain has been so severe that he is now in a nursing home in Calcutta.

• • • •

In connection with the election of ten delegates to the Gaya Congress by the Lucknow committee, reports were received of an attempt made to create unpleasantness at the meeting. It is stated that all delegates elected belong to the Council-entry Party, and allegations are made by the No-Change Party against the procedure adopted at the elections.—(A. P.).

• • • •

A sad shooting fatality occurred at Karachi. A young boy named Pereira was playing at soldiers with his sister who had borrowed a 22-bore gun from a boy who was with them and they were marching up and down. The gun was on the girl's shoulder and accidentally went off, the shot striking the brother who was immediately behind her in the neck. He died instantly.—(A.P.)

It is understood that the Select Committee of the Madras University Bill have decided to provide 52 seats in addition to those already provided in the Bill. This number is made up by setting apart two seats to each district in the Presidency one to be elected by the Municipal Councillors in the district from among themselves and the other by the members of the District Board in the district from among themselves.

On the occasion of Karthikai festival at Tiruvannamalai, Madras, Mr. A. Rangaswami Iyengar addressing the Congress men on the present political situation expounded the case for council-entry and the necessity of the Congress men choosing true and proper representatives as delegates to the Congress who will impartially judge the grave and momentous issue before the country, promote unity and secure a vigorous programe of national work at Gaya.

The Calcutta hackney carriage owners and drivers held a meeting on December 3rd to consider the situation created by the recent enforcement of certain bye-laws of the Calcutta Hackney Carriage Act. Several speakers explained their difficulties in obtaining the license and suggested a strike. Mr. K. C. Chowdhuri, Labour Member of the local Council who presided advised them to wait till he conferred with the officer in charge of the Hackney Carriage Department. The men agreed to wait one week when a fresh meeting would be convened.

In accordance with the assurance given by the Minister of Education on Mr. M. C. Raja's resolution at a meeting of the Madras Legislative Council on 21st January last Government are pleased to direct that deserving and 'bono-fide' poor depressed class students, viz., Paraya, Pallavand, Valluvan students in Tamil Districts, Mala and Madiga students in Telugu Districts, and Cherumma and Pulaya students in Malabar and South Kanara are exempted from payment of examination fees on production of certificates of poverty from the headmasters of the institutions in which they are studying.

COMMERCIAL.

Continued from page 4.

the whole people instead of pouring into the hands of a few irresponsible capitalists.

Mr. Dadachanji appeals to all the Indian legislators to support the cause of State Management when the question comes up before them, but I fear he overstates his case and spoils it when he observes that "the curses of the entire Indian nation will fall not only on the traitors but their children and on their children's children also." There may be and are people genuinely patriotic and yet convinced of the inability of having State Management of Railways in India. Surely, it is a crime to call such people traitors and call forth curses not only on these eminently good men but also their children and their children's children! This hysteria should be outside such an otherwise sane and sober article which is a credit to Mr. Dadachanji.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, Dec. 4th.

	Bales
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool	5,000
" Sales on Spec. & for Exp.	--
" Sales of East Indian	--
" Import	100

EGYPTIAN FUTURE PRICES :—

New York Market is Quiet.

Mid, Americans	--
Egyptian F. G. F. spot moderate business	14 64
New York, 11 a.m. Sakels	18 00
(As known in Liverpool at closing time.) Jan.	25·03
Mar.	25·07
May.	24·97
New Orleans 10 a.m. Jan.	24·68
Mar.	24·70

OLD CROP PRICES.

Liverpool, Dec. 4th.

Months	To-day's prices.
December	14·05
January	13·93
February	13·83
March	13.75
April	13.67
May	13.59
June	13.48
July	13·38
August	13·15
September	12·39
Oct.	12.66
Nov,	12·51

Tone :—Quiet but steady.

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool Dec. 4th.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES.

Months.	To-day's Price.
Dec.	--
Jan.	13·95
Feb.	--
Mar.	13·75
April	--
May	13·60
June	--
July	1388
Aug.	--
Sept.	--
Oct.	--
Nov.	--

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Dec. 4th.

M. G. Bengal	Good	7·80
" "	Fully Good	8·20
" "	Fine	8·80
Bhownagar No. 1 Oomra.	Good	10·25
" "	Fully Good	10·65
" "	Fine	11·05
F. G. Broach,	Good	12·10
" "	Fully Good	12·30
" "	Fine	13·00
M. G. Scinde	Good	7·70
" "	Fully Good	8·60
" "	Fine	8·50

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Dec 4th.

Months,	To-day's prices,
Dec.	17·18
Jan.	17.18
February	17·33
March	17·43
April	17·43
May	17·53
June	17·63
July	17·73

AMERICAN COTTON MARKET.

New York, Dec. 4th.
To-days Prices.

Cotton Del. M.U. G.C.C... Liverpool	Dec.	24 88—11
	Jan.	24 90—09
	Mar.	24 96—09
	May.	24 84—09
Futures at New York.	Liverpool, Dec, 4th	
	Jan.	14 03
	Mar.	13 83
	May	13 67
	July	13 46

London, Dec 4th

Telegraphic Transfers 1/4 dull.
Bar Gold. £ 4-11-1 quiet.
Bar Silver Spot 32 3/16 quiet.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

Dec. 5.

To-day Reuter reported a further drop of 9 points in New York futures. Not withstanding thefurther small decline reported from America this morning, the undertone of our market has been somewhat steadier and it seems as if there would be a slight recovery in prices in the near future. For the moment the depressed state of the yarn and piece goods markets is the dominating factor but any improvement in that respect is likely to make itself speedily felt in the cotton market.

The Marwari Bazar opened this morning for F.G. M.G. Broach April/May at Rs. 452 steady and advanced to Rs. 454 on buying by Marwari operators. From this level the prices eased to Rs. 451, and the rate at 4 p.m. ruled Rs. 451½ The bazar finally closed at Rs. 452½. At Colaba the market opened at Rs. 451 and advanced to Rs. 453½ on buying by Marwari operators closing at Rs. 453.

Fine M.G. Oomra Decr.5January opened at Rs. 410½. At the opening of the market Japanese Houses were free sellers causing the market to decline to Rs. 401 the same being the rate at 4 p.m. Whilst Oomra March opened at Rs. 402½ and fluctuated within a range of a rupee and a half, the rate ruling at 4 p.m. was Rs. 401. F.G. M.G. Bengal Decr./January wa sRs. 401½ F.G. M.G. Bengal Decr./January

Our market for ready cotton was closed yesterday.

COLABA CLOSING QUOTATIONS (6 P. M.)

Bombay, Dec. 5th.

			Rs.
F. G. Broach	Apl./May.		453
Fully Good Bengal	Dec.-Jan.		328
F. G. Bengal	March		334
Fine. Oomra	Dec.-Jan.		403
Fine Oomera	March.		403

B. I. C. A. QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Dec 5th.

		Rs.
F. G Broach	April-May	431
Fully Good Bengal	Dec.-Jan.	327
Fully " "	March	332
Fine Oomra	Dec.-Jan.	402
Five Oomra	March	402

SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Dec 5th.

Description.	Super-fine	F Good	Good	Fine
M. G. Bengal and Sind Punjab	375	360	340	325
M. G. Oomra's No. 4	435	420	405	--
M. G. Central P. No. 1.	470	455	440	--
M. G. Central P. No. 2.	455	440	425	--

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton produce etc., for the 48 hours ending 3 p.m. on 4th Dec 1922.

Cotton	16,419 Bales.
Wheat	4,098 Cwts
Linseed	1,282 "
Rape, etc.	127 "
Gingellyseed	2,257 "
Poppyseed	Nil. "
Groundnuts	1,474 "
Castorseed	1,528 "
Rice	4,38 "
Myrabolams	4,276 "
Cottonseed	26,450 "
Mowraseed	Nil. "
Gram	765 "
Juwar	3,481 "
Masur	Nil. "
Barley	170 "
Ajry	3,603 "
Coal	11,295 Tons.

COTTON STATISTICS.

	Bombay, Dec. 1st. Year. 1922-23. Bs.	Year. 1921-22. Bs.
Receipts for the bi-week from 1st Dec. to 4th Dec 1922	38,831	42,207
Receipts from 1st Sept. 1922 to 4th Dec 1922	2,54,487	5,34,029
Shipments for the bi-week from 1st Dec. to 4th Dec. 1922 Europe	15,976	6,148
China, Japan and Coast Ports	28,090	25,285
Total	44,066	31,433
Total shipments from 1st Sept. 1922 to 4th Dec. 1922 Europe	1,49,459	1,85,048
China, Japan and Coast Ports	2,65,466	8,18,969
Total	4,14,925	5,04,017
Afloat to Harbour Europe	20,029	1,115
China, Japan and Coast Ports	3,097	56,636

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET.

Bombay, Dec. 5.

Bars Gold ready Rs. 26-0-0.
Bars Gold forward Rs. 25-15-9.
Bars Gold 2nd settlement Rs. 25-15-9.
Bars Silver ready Rs. 83-10-0.
Bars Silver 1st settlement, Rs. 83-5-0.
Bars Silver 2nd settlement Rs. 83-3-0.

EXCHANGE.

B. C. Rate :—
Bank's selling T T 1/3 7/8.
Bank's selling D D 1/3 29/32.
On London :—
Bank's selling T T 1/3 29/32.
Bank's selling D D 1/3 15/16.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A 1/4 1/8.
Bank's buying T T 1/3 31/32.
Bank's buying D D 1/4.
Tone of Exchange :—Quiet—Steady.
On Paris :—
Bank's selling D D Frcs. 418.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A Frcs. 438.
Bank's buying D D Frcs. 428.
On Japan :—
Bank's selling T T Rs. 162.
Bank's buying 60 D/st D P Rs. 157¼.
On Hongkong :—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 179.
On Shanghai :—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 240.
On Singapore—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 177½.
On New York :—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 335.
London Gold ready—sh. 91-1.
London Silver ready—d. 32-3.
London Silver forward—d. 31-15.
Tone of silver—
Quiet—Small business.

CROSS RATES ON LONDON TO THE POUND SSTERLING.

French Exchange :—Frcs. 64.60.
American Exchange :—Dolls. 4.54.
Swiss Exchange :—Frcs. 23.90.
Belgium Exchange—Frcs. 69.80.
Italian Exchange :—Liras. 90.50.
German Exchange :—Mrks. 37600.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

3½ per cent. Paper Rs. 58/8.
5 per cent. War Loan Rs. 84/8.
4 per cent. Terminable Loan Rs. 98.
5½ per cent. War Bonds due 1923, Rs. 100/8.
4 per cent. Conversion Loan, Rs. 78.
5½ per cent. War Bonds due 1928, Rs. 101.
6 per cent. Government of India Bonds due 1926, Rs. 100/6.
6 per cent. Government of India Bonds due 1932, Rs. 100/10.
6½ per cent. Bombay Development Loan due 1935, Rs. 104/4.
4 per cent. Bombay Port Trust due 1974, Rs. 67.
6 per cent. Bombay Port Trust due 1930, Rs. 95.
4 per cent. Bombay Municipal due 1974, Rs. 67.
6 per cent. Bombay Municipal due 1929 to 49. Rs. 95.
4 per cent. Bombay Improvement Trust due 7974, Rs. 67.

SHARES.

Market closed string due to bears covering. The following are the closing rates of the Bombay Stock Exchange :—

BANKS.

Imperial 1340, India 97, Central 33/4, Tata Bank 15/4xd., and Eastern 75.

COTTON MILLS.

Ah. Advance 2350, Alliance 230, Apollo 48/12, Birla Mills 52/8, By. Cotton 840, By. Dyeing 1195, Bradbury 950, Century 590 Cent. India 3370, Colaba Land 1740, Coorla 155xd., Crescent 397/8, Edw. Sassoon 370, Elphinstone 96/4, Fazulbhoy 1155, Gokak 265, Ind. Bleaching 205, Ind. Malwa 552/8, Jamshed Mfg. 290, Kastoorchand 625, Khatao 390, Kilachand Mills 14/8xd., Kohinoor 1720, Luxmi Cotton 4400n, Madhavrao Scd. 160n, Mathuradas 600, M. Petit 3750, Meyer Sassoon 217/8, Morarji 5025, New Great 555, New City 502/8, Pabani 620, Pearls 850, Pheenix 730, Premier 115 Planet 172/8 Shapurji 198/12; Simplex 490, Standard 2000, Swan 920, Swadeshi 3210, Tata Mill 835 and Vishnu Cotton 1850.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 365, B. Burma 435, B. Burma N. I. 125pr, Bt. Burma Pet 7/4, B. Tramway 103/12, B. Four 1450, B. Steam 150, Bundi Cement 29xd., Ind. Cement 205, Katni Ord. 210, Katni Defd. 1050, New India 16, Shivrajpur 29, Tata Iron Ord. 37/8, Tata Iron Defd. 97/8, Tata Hydro 745, Tata Oil 25 and Scindia Steam 6/10.

CALCUTTA, Dec. 5.

Exchange.—Closing telegraphic transfer one shilling three and twenty-nine thirty-second pence, and demand bills one shilling three and fifteen sixteenths pence.

SHARE BAZAR.

December 5.

GENERAL TONE OF THE MARKET.

Before the Market opened this morning, it was reported that several local Mills had effected fair sales of cloth. This created a healthy tone in the market, which remained firm.

The principal shares which are attracting most attention are, Kohinoor, Bombay Dyeing and Simplex. There is not much change in the other scrips. General tone is steady.

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Dec 5th.

Market Rates.

Bank Telegraphic	1-3-29/32
Bank Demand	1-3-29/33
Due. Acceptance 3 m /s	1-4-1/8
Fce. Demand	415
American Dollars	335
Honkong Dollars	179
Shanghai	240
Japan	162
Singapore	177-1/2
Market steady	

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Bombay, Dec 5th.

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Bombay Grain Merchants' Association :—

	Bazar Terms Ready Rs. a. p.	Bell Delivery Rs. a. p.
Wheat White Delhi 70-80	49 0 0	9 10 0
Wheat, White Cawnpore 70-30	47 0 0	9 8 0
Wheat, Karachi Bangla	49 0 0	7 8 0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	10 0 0	10 8 0
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore	10 0 0	10 8 0
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore	11 0 0	11 8 0
Linseed, Brown Bold	12 14 0	13 6 0
Linseed Brown Thin	12 10 0	13 2 0
Teelseed, White 85-15	71 0 0	14 0 0
Teelseed, Gajar 75-25	68 0 0	
Teelseed, Gajar 50-50	64 0 0	
Teelseed Black	60 0 0	
Poppyseed, White	13 0 0	13 12 0
Groundnuts	6 0 0	
Mowraseed	6 8 0	6 12 0
Barley	36 0 0	
Castorseed	52 0 0	
Cotton Seeds-Redy Delivery.	36 0 0	52 0 0

OILS.

To-days market rates :—
Cocoanut Oils, Cochin Rs. 7/10.
Cocoanut oils, Bombay Rs. 7/10
Castor oils Gujarat, Rs. 6/7.
Castor oils, Bombay, Rs 6/7.
Groundnut, Bombay Rs. 7/3.
Kardi Rs. 7/5.
Linseed boiled, Rs. 9/8.
Cocoanut cake 160/65.
Grocoanut 110/15.
Linseed cake 130/35.
Castorseed cake 72/75.

COLOUR.

Dec. 5.

The keen competition has reduced the rates of Alizarine further by Rs. 5 per cwt in I.P. quality. All other important Dyes are easy and the market remains in favour of genuine buyers. Congo-Red reports very limited business and the rates have no fluctuations. Benzo Purpurine and Delta Pupurine have no demand in the course of this week. Fast Red had some business at Rs. 5 per lb. There are no fluctuations in the rates of most of the Dyes and the rates are as under.

Indenthrine Blue R. S.	Rs. 4-8-0	per lb
Indenthrine Blue G.C.D.	3-8-0.	"
Indenthrine Violet R. R.	12-0-0	"
Congo-Red Rs. 1-12-0 to	2-0-0	"
Methyl Violet	6-7-0	"
Benzo-Pudpudine	3-0-0	"
Delta-Pudpurine	4-0-0	"
Victoria-Blue	6-0-0	"
Fast-Red (Madras)	5-8-0	"
Sulpher-Black G.S.K.	1-0-0	"
Auramine	5-4-0	"
Direct Black Rs. 3-0-0 to	4-8-0	"
Parnet-green Y.	4-8-0	"

MILL STORES.

December 5.

The closing quotations are as under :—

	Rs.
Egyptian Cotton Heads	2-0-0
Steel Reeds.	0-5-3
Warper Bobbins English	90-0-0
Slubbing " Japan	30-0-0
Roving " "	29-0-0
Conical pirn 5" "	5-12-0
Ring Rabbeth 5" "	13-0-0
Ring Rabbeth 6" "	11-12-0
Weft pirn 6" Varnished Japan	7-12-0
Roller cloth 16oz Kenion	9-0-0
" " 18 oz. "	10-4-0
Clearer cloth 22 " "	5-12-0
Sizing flannel 72 " "	5-2-0
" " 66 " "	4-12-0
Elastic Healds	32-0-0
Bandings Oldham	1-2-0

CHEMICALS.

QUOTATIONS.

Salt Aniline	Rs. 0-7-6
" Antimony	0-13-6
" Epsom	4-2-0
" Glauber	5-0-0
Soda Sulphide	23-0-0
" Hydrosulphide	1-7-0
" Caustic	32-8-0
" Silicate	10-0-0
" Bichromate	45-0-0
" Washing	8-0-0
" Hyposulphide	21-0-0
Chloride Zinc	22-0-0
" Magnesium	4-0-0
Potash Bichromate	56-0-0
" Chlorate	0-3-9
" Prussiate yellow	1-8-0
Bleaching powder	18-0-0
Brown sugar lead	30-0-0
White sugar lead	44-0-0

A Madras message states :—

A public meeting convened under the auspices of the International Order of Good Templars, Women's Christian Temperance Union, Grand Lodge of the Hindu Temperance Associations and Madras Temperance League was held on December 4th at the Victoria Public Hall with Rao Bahadur T. Rangachari M.L.A., in the chair when a resolution strongly protesting against the efforts now being made to induce the Corporation of Madras to reverse its decision regarding the sale of intoxicating liquors during the forthcoming Park Fair was passed unanimously.

SHARE REPORTS.

BANKS.

Dec. 5.

NAME.	Paid up amount. Rs.	Face Value. Rs.	Div. paid.	Last Div. Rs.	Quotations. to buy Rs.
Allahabad Bank	100	100	Feb-Aug.	9%	288
Alliance	100	100	Jan-Aug.	7%	134
Baroda	80	100	Jan-July	7%	71
Imperial	800	800	Jan-July	10%	1344
" Contributary	122	"		10	342/8
India	80	100	Jan-July	7%	97
Central	28	80	Feb-Oct.	7%	33/4
Tata Bank	22 1/2	75	"	as. 8	15/4xd
Chartered Bank	£ 6.6.6		Apr-Oct.	13/7	£ 186/2
Eastern	£ 6.6	£ 10	"		75
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	$ 125	$ 125	"	£ 3	£ 118
Mercantile Bank of India	A $ 12 1/2	"	"	16%	£ 27/12

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad Prantij	500	500	Feb.-Oct.	11 1/2%	640xd
Amritsar Patty	100	100	"	8 1/4%	112
Central Provinces	100	100	"	6%	91
Chapparmukh Silghat	100	100	"	4 1/2%	52/12
Dond-Baramate	100	100	Feb-Aug.	2 1/2%	88
Khulna. Bagirhat.	100	100		4%	100
Larkhana	100	100	"	4%	74
Mandhra Bhoe	90	100	Feb-Aug.	4 7/8%	63xd
Pachora Jamner	100	100	Feb-Aug.	5	per cent. 88
Sara Sirajgunj	130	100	Mar-Sept.	1 1/4%	65
Sialkote Narowal	100	100	Apr-Oct.	5%	78xd
Sindh Light	100	100	Jul-Jan.	8 1/2%	115
Tapti Valley	500	500	Mar-Sept.	"	590
Upper Sindh Light	100	100	Feb-Aug.	"	65

CEMENT AND MANGANESE COMPANIES.

Bundi Portland	10	10	July		1/8	29xd
Bamanima	5	--	--		--	4
Central Mining	10	--	--	33	8%	34
Indian Cement	25	250	--		20	265
Katni Cement ord.	100	100	"		20	210
" Defd	40	40	"	184	10	1050
Shivrajpur	10	10	"		4-2-4	29

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
Ah. Advances	500	500	Apr-Oct.	250	2350
Alliance. Cotton	100	100	"	40	230
Apollo	50	50	Feb.-Jan.	8	48/12
Birla Mills	100	100	Apl.-Sept.	8	52/8
By. Cotton	500	500	Sept.-Dec.	100	840
By. Dyeing	250	250	Mar-Apl.	72/8	1195
Bradbury	250	250	June.-Nov.	80	950
Bombay Industrial	100	100	"	18	76
Century	100	100	Apl.-Sept.	40	590
Cent. India	500	500	May-Nov.	200	3370
Colaba Land	700	700	March	90	1740
Coorla	100	100	June-Dec.	10	155xd
Crescent	100	100	Mar-Sep.	30	397/8
Currimbhoy	250	250	"	50	--
David	250	250	Apl.Sep.	45	--
Dawa	250	250	Mar-Apl.	80	998
E. D. Sassoon United	11/2	10	Sept.	as.8	3/14
Edward Sassoon,	200	500	Mar-Aug.	25	370
Elphinston	100	100	June	25	96/4
Fazulbhoy	250	250	"	100	1155
Framji Petit	1000	1000	Mar,Sept.	125	1900
Globe	100	100	"	30	152/8
Gokak	100	100	"	15	205
Indian Bleaching	100	100	May	10	205
Indore Malwa	100	100	Aug-Feb.	40	552/8
Jamshed Mfg.	250	250	May-Oct.	15	290
Kastoorchand	500	500	July-Dec.	50	625
Khatao	100	100	Apl.-Nov.	25	390
Kilachand Mill's	25	25	Aug.-Jan.	as. 12	14/8xd
Kohinoor	500	500	Mar.-Aug.	72/8	1720
Laxmi Cotton	1000	1000	Apl.Oct.	250	4400xd
Madhavrao Scindia	100	100	"	28	160
Madhowji	100	100	July-Dec.	30	330
Mathuradas	500	500	May.-Nov.	35	600
Manockji Petit	1000	1000	Mar-Sep.	250	3750
Meyer Sassoon	100	100	Mar.-Aug.	15	217/8
Morarji	1000	1000	Apr.-Nov.	500	5025
New Great	200	200	Mar.-Sep.	35	555
New City	102	100	"	35	502/2
Pabani	250	250	"	50	620
Pearls	250	250	July-Dec.	70	850
Phoenix	100	100	Mar-Aug.	65	730
Premier	100	100	May		115
Pianet	100	100	Dec.-Aug.	16	172/5
Presidency Mills	125	125	Aug.-Jan.	25	165
Sassoon Cotton	100	100	Apr.-Aug.	15	--
Shapurji	102	101	Aug.-Sept.	20	19812
Sholapur	2000	1000	Apr-Oct.	1800	14,000n.
Simplex	250	250	Jan.-Dec.	15	490
Standard	500	500	Apr.-Sept.	150	2000
Swan	250	250	Mar.-Aug.	70	920
Swadeshi	500	500	Apr-Oct.	200	3210
Tata Mill	500	500	May.-Oct.	80	834
Vishnu Cotton	500	500	Apr.-Oct.	100	1850n

ELECTRIC COMPANIES.

Ahd. Electicy	100	100	"	8%	80
Andhra Valey	1200	1000	"	"	680
Bombay Electric Supply Tramway	52	52	"	5	103/12
Tata Hydro	1022	1022	Jan.	38	144

MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.

Alcock	102	125	"	20	365
B. Burma T. Corp	125	125	"	10	435
B. Burma N.I.	80	125	"	4	125 pr.
By. Flour	500	500	Jan-Aug.	15%	1450
Bt. Burma Pet	8	£.	Mar-Oct.	as 3.	7/4
By. Steam	250	250	Oct. Rs.	41/2%	150
Kemp & Co.	200		July.	20	148
Marsha	200		July	28	62
New India Insur.	25	250	"	"	16
Oriental Gov. Life	50	200	April	30%	350
Phillips	48		July	10%	43
Port Canning	1000		Sept.	8 p/c.	510
Scindia Steam	20	20	"	"	6/10
Tata Iron & Steel-Ord.	75	75	Sept.	4%	37/8
Defd	20	20	Sept.	20%	67/8
M. Ord.	75	75	"	"	--
M. Def	400	400	"	"	--
Wadia Bld.	100	100	100	"	25

CONSTIPATION IS A CRIME.

Every man, woman and child pays a heavy penalty for neglected Constipation. Elimination of waste-matter is one of the most important factors in the maintenance of Health.

A noted Physician once said :—

"We lavish money on our houses to secure perfect drainage for them, but we fail to secure it for ourselves. If the main drainage system of our dwelling house leaks, saturating the subsoil with sewerage matter, we soon put ourselves in communication with Sanitary authorities.

"Yet we permit the main excretory system of our bodies to harbour foul, stinking and putrifying substances which overflow into all our tissues, flooding them with living disease-producing-germs, and are surprised and often aggrieved because we are stricken down with illness."

Continued Constipation will weaken the strongest constitution. Why continue to let Poison seep into your system and break down your Health ?

USE CHEBULINE

and get rid of your Constipation. Chebuline is not a laxative nor a cathartic. It is a pure extract of vegetables which makes up the deficiency of the right amount of vegetable that is required in your daily food to correct the action of your bowels.

A tablespoonful of CHEBULINE, plain in water or soda, before or after meals, is what you require.

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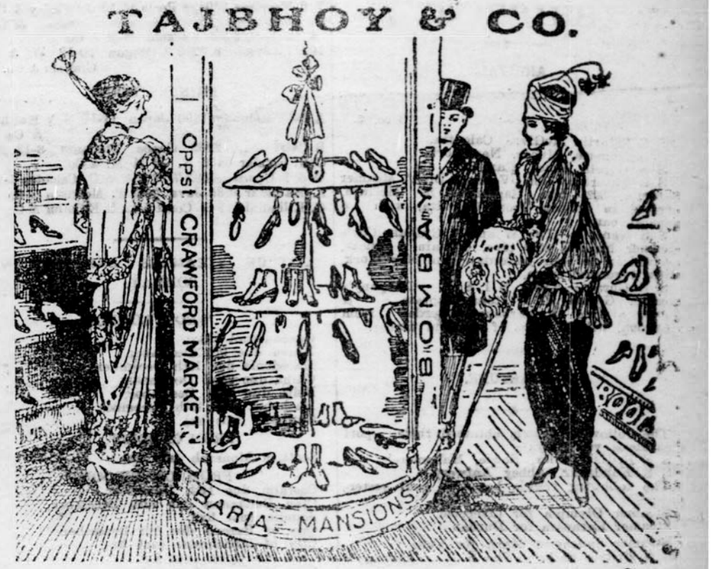

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SHIPPING.

ARRIVAL.

Dec. 5.

S S Satartia McGivre, Calcutta.
S S Nanerie, Mucar, New York.
S S Gorala, Jones, Rangoon.

S S Satartia:—The Volkart Bros.' steamer Satartia, 3021 tons, Captain J R McGure, arrived in harbour from Calcutta, with a general cargo.

S S Naneric:—The W and A Graham Coy's steamer Nanerie 3269 tons, Captain A Mucar, arrived in harbour yesterday from New York, with a general cargo.

S S Gorala:—The B I S N Company's steamer Gorala, 3154 tons, Captain C H Jones, arrived in harbour yesterday from Rangoon, with a cargo of rice and timber.

DEPARTURE.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday:—
S S British Sailor, Bowie, Mahomerah.
S S Kandahar, Abbey Antwerp.

The following vessels began to load yesterday:—
Steamer Olympia for Liverpool.
Steamer Karapara for Durban.
Steamer Shushema Maru for Kobe.

S S British Sailor:—The S N Company's steamer British Sailor, 3444 tons, Captain R Bowie, will said to-day from harbour for Mahomerah, with a general cargo.

S S Kandahar:—The J F Company's steamer Kandahar, 4153 tons, Captain H J Abbey, will sail to-day from harbour for Antwerp with a cargo of manganese ore.

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

Tuesday December 5th 1922.

Shed	Steamers Tons.	Destinations.	Date Agent.
1	Satartia 3513	N. F. Valkaat Bros.	
2	Caledomian 3430	London	15-12, M.M. & Co.
6	Cityof Adelaide 4177	Karachi	12-12 K.N, & Co.
7	C Mackinlay 3984	Madras	7-12 J. Finlay & Co.
9	Willcasino 3351	N. F, J Finlay & Co.	
10	Karagaru 3722	F. and S. Africa	13-12 M. M. & Co,
11	Brocktown 4708	Karachi	15-12 W & AG & Co.
12	Sirsa 3387	RangoonN. F.M, M. & Co	5/12
13	Umzinto 3008	Antwerp	8-12 Graham & Co.
14	Kidderpore 3263	Antwerp	7-12 M M & Co.
15	Kandahar 4155	Boarst Ports	6-12 Finlay & Co
16	Atlantic 2113	Dutch Hardles N, F. W, & A.	Graham & Co
17	Dorsetshire 45-45	Rangoon	5-12-22 W & AG & Co.
	Jethy End	Colaba 3899	N. F. N F M. M. & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1	Sumatra Maru 4272	Kobe	13-12 O. S. K.
2	Othello 3277	Huli	2-12 J. Finlay & Co.
3	Bamora 1878	Basrah	7-12 M M & Co.
4	Varela 1923	Busreh,	8-12 M. M. & Co.
4	Aequica 4201	Trieste	1-12 L. Trestino.
5	Hejaz 2483	Reod Sea Ports	9-12 & Co.
7/6	Morrison 3898/6	Ports	13-12 J. Finlay & Co.
8	Gleneden 3623	Genoa	8-12 Graham & Co.
9	Garbeta 3214	Karachi	M M & Co.
10/11	Olympion 3266	Glasgow	20-12 W & A Graham & Co.

PRINCES DOCK.

A	P-D. Mojimam 1490	Japan	11-12 N Y Kaisha. & Co.
B	Catri 2952	Genoa	Ttalianer 8-12 M
C/R.	Sofalar 3436	N. F M. M. & Co.	
D & E	Upada 3382	7-12 M.M.& Co.	Calcutta 7-12
F.	Havildar 1086	Java	6-12 T. Morrisen & Co.
G.	Kilindini 129	M Coast	5-12 R E Collin & Co.

LIST OF STEAMERS EXPECTED IN BOMBAY.

FROM LONDON.

Gazana (not fix).
Khiva due 9th December.
Macedonia due 15th December.
China due 22nd December.
Delta due 30th December.
Mashobra due 10th December.
Gamaria (not fix).

FROM CARDIFF.

Scottish Monarch (not fix).

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Castalia due 14th December.
Clan Buchanan due 18th December.
Scindia (not fix).
City of Baroda due 9th December.
City of Manchester (not fix).
Clan Mackinon (not fix).
City of Rangoon (not fix).

FROM WELLS.

Mandalay.

FROM HULL.

Hindoo due 15th December.

FROM ANTWERP, ETC.

Okenfels due 6th December.
Wartenfels due 20th December.
Tana due 10th December.
Trantonfels due 5th January.
Trelevan (not fix).
Trecarell (not fix).

FROM CHRISTANIA.

Yeddo due 6th January.

FROM TRIESTE.

Pilsna due 20th December.

FROM NEW YORK.

Algie (not fix).

FROM ROTTERDAM.

Bovenkerk due 9th December.
Andyk due 29th December.
Mterkerk due 20th January.

FROM KOBE.

Java Maru due 27th December.
Wakasa Maru due 14th December.
Kamakura Maru due 27th December.
Tsushima Maru due 9th December.
Honolulu Maru due 12th December.
Burma Maru due 11th January.
Indus Maru due 15th January.
Nagato Maru due 29th December.
Takaoka Maru due 3rd January.

FROM CHINA.

Soudan due 14th December.
Karmala due 22nd December.
Sicilia due 9th January.
Kashgar due 12th January.

FROM AUSTRALIA.

Narkunda due 8th December.
Moldavia due 5th January.

FROM AFRICAN PORTS.

Karoa due 17th December.
Asora (not fix).
Taroba due 31st December.

EXPORTS.

Dec. 5.

S S Caledonia for London:—21 bales Ind. woollen carpets, Bonter and Co.; 500 cwt. khismiss, E Virji and Co. 200 cwt khismis, M Jeetha and Sons, 250 cwt. khismiss L Abercrombie and Co. 8000 cwt. Ind. linseed, Rally Bros.

S S Olympia Liverpool:—44 bales wool raw, C Ramsway, 40 bales wool raw, Oomersay, 15 bales wool raw, D Kundumal, 26 bales wool rak, M Balia; 29 bales wool raw, G Gummal; 400 cwt. khismis, L. Abercrombie and Co.

S S Olympia for Glasgow:—100 bdles shooks. C. Palmer and Co.; 17 bdles hoops C Palmer and Co.

S S Umzinto for Barcelona:—1150 bales Ind cotton, Rally Bros.

S S Umzinto for Antwerp:—25 bales cty. cotton fly, 56 bales Ind cotton, 1320 cwt Ind. cotton fly, Indo Japan Cotton Mfg. and Co.; 56 bales Ind. cotton, Rally Bros.; 1320 cwt. Ind. mowra seed, Rally Bros.

S S Kidderpore for Hamburg:—7 bales Ind. Pigs Bastles, Grindlay and Co.

S S Glenden for Genoa:—1000 cwt Ind. castor seed, C. Jivanlal and Co.

S S Glenden for Hull:—300 cwt. Ind. linseed, Rally Bros.

S S Capri for Genoa:—168 bales Ind. cotton, Rally Bros.; 100 bales cotton Omra, E. Spinner and Co.

S S Othello for Dunkirk:—2000 cwt Ind. poppy seed, Rally Bros.

S S Othello for Middlesbro Dock:—2750 manganese ore, James Finlay and Co.

S S Brock Towh for Copenhagen:—55 bales Ind. cotton, K Devchand and Co.

S S Brock Town for Hamburg:—1300 cwt. Ind. mowra seed, Strauss and Co. Ltd.

S S Satartia for New York:—9 bales woolen carpets, King King and Co.; 90 bales cl. cott. waste, Lakhmidas and Co. 250 bales cl. cott. waste, G Verji and Co.; 875 cwt. gum, N Mulji and Co., 204 cwt. cummin seed, E Verji Mulji and Co.; 204 cwt. gum, E Verji and Co.; 120 cwt. cummin seed, D Mawjee and Co.; 520 cwt cummin seed, N Mulji and Co.; 430 cwt corinanda seed, E Verji and Co., 502 cwt. myrabolams, B Danjee and Co.

S S Moji Maru for Hongkong:—500 bales Ind. G. cotton yarn, T M Kaisha Ltd.

S S Moji Maru for Kobe:—200 bales Ind. raw cotton, T M Kaisha Ltd.

S S Sumatra Maru for Kobe:—800 bales Ind. raw cotton, T M Kaisha Ltd. 49 bales Ind. cotton, N Futchally.

S S Sumatra Maru for Osaka:—800 bales Ind. raw cotton, T M Kaisha Ltd.

IMPORTS.

Dec. 5.

S S Sumatra Maru from Osaka. Agents O S Kaisha:—

From Osaka.—796 bales cotton yarn, 26 bales L. C. yarn, 10 cases striped C. Drill, 29 cases red shirting, 331 bales G C shirting, 150 bales G C Drill, 169 bales G C yarn, 50 pkgs. destrine, 150 cases sulphur matches, 150 pkgs. red lead, 30 bales sangoc, yarn, 680 bales C shirting, 580 bales C. Sheeting.

From Kobe:—180 cases spun silk yarn, 300 bales cott sheeting, 50 cases sul matches, 250 bales G C sheeting, 486 bales L C yarn, 100 bales cotton thread, 100 cases enamelled ware, 50 cases porcelain ware.

From Moji:—50 bales cott sheeting, 45 bales cotton shirting.

From Hongkong:—2900 bales refined sugar, 500 cases wet preserves, 500 bales cassia.

From Canton:—450 bales cassia lignea, 355 bales cassia, 135 bales sugar candy.

From Singapur:—100 bdles sandal wood, 2320 bags betel nut, 729 bales sago flour, 279 bales gum benjamin, 155 bags nut megs, 133 bags paper, 122 bags pearl sago.

From Colomo:—201 bags arecanut, 52 bags cardamons, 100 bags plundage.

S S Bamora from Basrah. Agents.—B I S N Company' Ltd:—

From Basrah:—49 bags wheat 626 bags dry date.

From Karachi:—87 bags rice.

From Mahamenal:—23 bdles wool.

From Bunder Abas:—35 bales cotton

From Dirbai:—3 tins Pearls.

From Bushire:—44 bags currant, 73 bags gum insoluble.

From Mahommarah:—310 bag. gum, 20 almonds, 20 bag Al. kernals, 102 bdles attari, 18 bdles skins, 440 box w. dates.

From Jash:—259 bag mathootas.

From Bunder Abbas:—146 bags raisins, 197 jott. Assoffottida, 70 bags Al. seed, 25 bags pistas, 42 bags figs.

From Muscat:—188 crate poonag sanates, 439 bags D. dates, 5 bdles specie, 8 bdles S Fish.

From Charbar:—182 bdls Giffee mats.

S S Garbeta from Calcutta via Coast Ports. Agents M M and Co.:—6242 bags rice 2140 gunnies, 445 bdles gunnies 390 bales jite twine 275 bales Hussain cloth, 430 Bales B, twills, 143 cases biscuits 3775 bags betal nuts, 5787 chests Bl. Tea. 5837 Hd. chest Bl. Tea, 87 bales twine, 550 heavy yarn cloth plain.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 5th December 1922, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are lightly clouded and humidity is nearly normal. Temperature was nearly normal.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear and humidity is nearly normal. Temperature was nearly normal.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are moderately clouded at Karachi and lightly clouded in north Rajputana. Humidity is in excess at Karachi and night temperature was above normal at Jacobabad.

Gujart, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are lightly clouded in Cutch and Kathiawar and are clear elsewhere. Humidity is in excess at Dwarka and in defect at Bhavnagar Para. Day temperature was below normal on the west Kathiawar coast. Night temperature was below the average at Bhavnagar Para.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear and at Khandwa humidity is in excess. Temperature was nearly normal.

The Konkan.—Skits are clear or lightly clouded and at Ratnagiri humidity is in defect. Temperature was nearly normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are lightly clouded in the southern districts and at Poona, Bijapur and Belgaum humidity is in excess. Temperature was nearly normal.

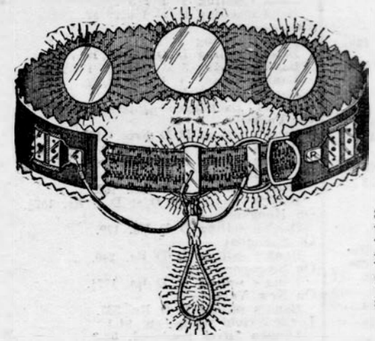
General Remarks.—No rain is reported. Skies are moderately clouded over the southrn half of the Peninsula and light to moderate cloud is also present over Kathiawar, Sind, north Rajputana and the Punjab. Temperature was nearly normal over the reporting area. The sea is moderate at Colombo.

Forecast.—A few falls of rain are likely in the extreme south.

India Telegraphic Summary for the 4th December 1922.

Ships' observations show that the storm in the Arabian Sea is about longitude sixty-four degrees east, latitude eleven degrees north moving westnorthwest. There have been only a few light falls of rain in Assam and south Madras.

ELECTRIC BELTS



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MAHARASHTRA PROVINCIAL COMMITTEE.

PRO-CHANGE PARTY'S OFFICE-BEARERS.

Mr. P. V. Mahajan, Poona City, writes under date 4th December:—

In the annual general meeting of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee held at Virar on the 29th November in the bungalow of Mr. G. D. Vartak, a local landlord, the following office-bearers for the new year were elected:—

President.—Jamnadas M. Mehta, M. A., LL.B., Bar.-at-Law.

Vice-Presidents.—R. P. Karandikar, B. R. Nanal, B. A., LL.B., J. K. Mehta, M.A., Dr. G. S. Palsule.

Secretaries.—R. N. Mandlik, B. A., N. D. Deodhekar, B.A., LL.B., B. H. Phansalkar, B.A., LL.B., and P. V. Mahajan.

Auditor.—G. S. Marathey, M.A., A. I. A.

Treasurers.—G. D. Vartak, B.A.; D. V. Divekar, B.A. (Hons.)

In the same meeting scrutinisers were appointed who, after proper scrutiny of the voting papers for the A. I. C. C., declared the following members to be duly elected, Mr. N. C. Kelkar securing the highest number of votes,—

Mr. N. C. Kalkar, Jamnadas Mehta, V. J. Patel, J. S. Karandikar, D. V. Gokhale, Dr. Velkar, K. L Ogale, L. B. Bhopatkar, R. G. Soman, C. M. Saptarshi, V. V. Dastane, B. R. Nanal, Hakim I. N., Mir Shukrulla, M. E. Khudabaksha, Mrs. Abhyankar.

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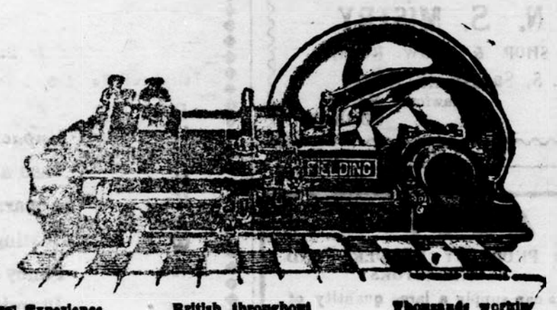

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U. P. RESIGNATIONS.

BASED ON PERSONAL GROUNDS.

Pandit Gaurishankar Misra wires from Gorakhpur, under date December 4:—

The Associated Press telegram dated 30th November concerning the United Provinces Provincial and All India Congress Committee elections is at once misleading and mischievous. The statement that, excepting Mr. Zahur Ahmad, all those elected to the All-India Committee were against Council entry is incorrect. The Anti-Council Members, though present in overwhelming majority, elected as many as 21 gentlemen holding pro-council views and two gentlemen whose views are unknown and only 24 of those elected were clearly opposed to Council Entry. A second assertion of the A. P. that the Nehru family suffered significant defeat is highly mischievous and not borne out by facts. Pandit Motilal, Mohanlal, and Jawaharlal and Mrs. Uma Nehru were elected to the Provincial Congress Committee and its executive Committee. But the first three to the regret of many resigned from the Executive Committee. The public should not therefore allow themselves to be led into the belief that the Anti-Council party were unreasonable. On the contrary, their attitude had all along been conciliatory and the only reason for Pandit Motilal's resignation is that before the election of the executive commenced, the Pandit informed the meeting that if they wanted him to work on the executive he could do so, only if the secretaries and the council were of his liking. He suggested three names for the secretaryship, all of whom were pro-council and left the remaining names to be suggested by the three, to whom he said he had told everything. This created a great stir at the meeting. However, with the approval of the Pandit a Committee of six gentleman was formed to effect a compromise. The Committee came almost to a unanimous agreement. In the Council Panditji had almost the majority on his side and it was thought that the trouble had ended. The compromise was taken to the Pandit for approval but to the utter surprise of all the Pandit rejected it. The meeting then proceeded with the election of the Executive. The resignations of the pro-Council members are based only on one reason, namely, the alleged want of confidence in or the disagreeableness of one colleague or another of the Executive Committee.

NATIONAL EXPENDITURE.

PUBLIC LECTURES AT AHMEDABAD.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

AHMEDABAD, Dec. 4.

A series of three lectures in Gujerati on National Expenditure by Prof. K. T. Shah was arranged to be delivered under the auspices of the Gujerat Vidyapith last week end. But the lecturer was obliged, for private reasons, to reduce the series to two lectures only, the first, under the Chairmanship of Mr. Ramanbhoy, discussing the general characteristics of national expenditure, and the second dealing with the prominent features of our Indian public expenditure. If the ideal of democratic Government is to be the ideal of democratic Government is to be realised in this country, it is indispensable that the future rulers of the country should be properly educated. That education, in matters intimately affecting India's national development, cannot be accomplished without adopting the vernacular for the medium of instruction. It is but fitting that the University, started directly by the Mahatma, should make a beginning in this direction, and arrange its courses wherever possible through the medium of the Gujerati language. Mr. Shah's study of our national finances could not but make him a most acceptable exponent of the general principles and their application to Indian conditions. The lectures have aroused an interest which had its first fruits in the declaration, at the conclusion of the series, by the Vice-Chancellor of the Vidyapith to the effect that, in view of the reprehensible mismanagement of Indian finance by the authorities in recent years, the Indian people should simply notify through their Congress that they do not consider themselves bound to repay all that portion of the recent debt, incurred without the consent of the people of India, and utilised for purposes not at all beneficent to this country.

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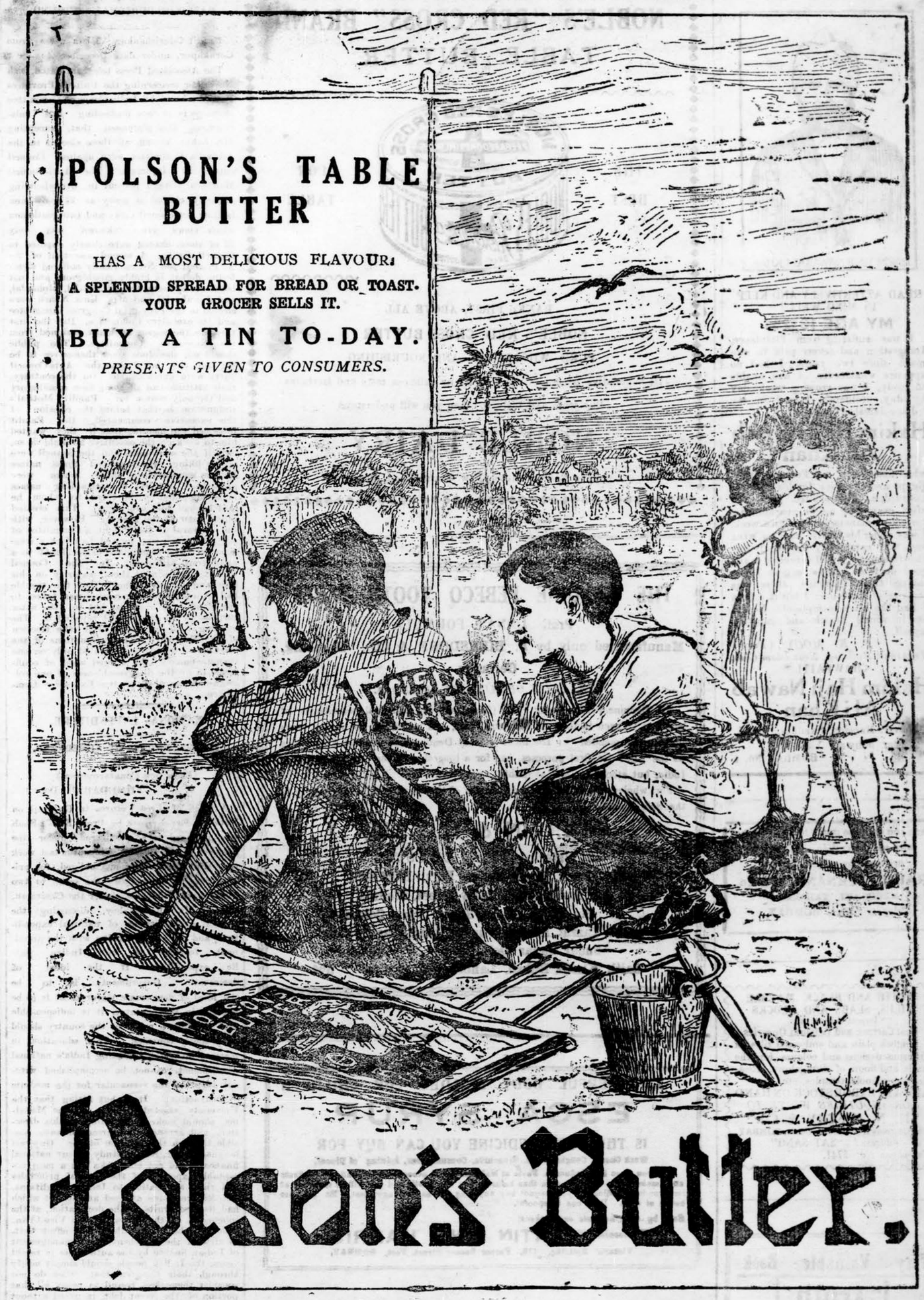
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